



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PAT L. MCCRORY
GOVERNOR

ANTHONY J. TATA
SECRETARY

July 18, 2013

Ms. Amy Euliss
N.C. Dept. of Environment and Natural Resources
Division of Water Quality
585 Waughtontown Street
Winston-Salem, NC, 27107

Mr. Andy Williams
US Army Corps of Engineers
Regulatory Field Office
6508 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 120
Raleigh, NC 27615

Dear Ma'm/Sir:

Subject: Additional Information in Response to the N.C. Division of Water Quality's and USACE's Email Questions for the proposed new location facility from SR 2011 (Edgefield Road) to the Haw River at US 220 in Greensboro, Guilford County; Division 7; TIP No. R-2413 A & B; WBS Element No. 34429.1.1

Reference: 1) Application for Section 404 Individual Permit, Section 401 Individual Water Quality Certification, and Randleman Lake Buffer Authorization, May 14, 2013.
2) NCDWQ/USACE Emails, dated June 4, 11, and 13, 2013.

NCDOT received several emails regarding questions concerning project construction as well as onsite mitigation. Original questions from your emails (in italics) as well as our responses are provided below for those questions relating to the permit application.

R-2413B

1) Permit site 8 (mitigation site 5) shows 2 ditches on the upstream portion that are not in the mitigation plans. Please update the plans, so they are the same. If the mitigation

MAILING ADDRESS:
NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS UNIT
1598 MAIL SERVICE CENTER
RALEIGH NC 27699-1598

TELEPHONE: 919-707-6000
FAX: 919-212-5785
WEBSITE: NCDOT.GOV

LOCATION:
CENTURY CENTER, BUILDING B
1020 BIRCH RIDGE DRIVE
RALEIGH NC 27610

site plans need to have the ditches added, include a statement that the mitigation design accounts for the stormwater input.

Mitigation plans have been updated to reflect the same information.

R-2413A

- 2) *The stormwater plan needs to include a list of grassed swales that are providing treatment, as you have done in the stormwater management plan for R2413B.*

There is one grass swale on R-2413 B section that was used. There are no grass swales used on R-2413 A. The project is not subject to the buffer rules. Therefore grass swales were not designed for project. Ditches were designed with non-erosive velocities.

- 3) *Permit site 3: There location survey lines showing a stream and a pond at permit site 3. The stream line has impacts. Have these features been deemed non-jurisdictional?*

The area below Site 3 you are referring to is not within the right-of-way (ROW) for NCDOT. The stream impacts for Site 3 ends near the cut/fill line and inside the NCDOT ROW. There are JS lines depicted outside the ROW, but they are just depicting top of bank. Also, the flow line at the bottom of Permit Drawing 10 of 81 is not a jurisdictional stream.

- 4) *Permit site 4: There are mechanized clearing impacts listed at site 4. There are no mechanized clearing impacts shown on the plans. Also the 4C meeting minutes state that there are no mechanized clearing impacts at site 4. Please update.*

There is mechanized clearing at Site 4 (Permit Sheet 74). The comment made during the 4C meeting must have been made while looking at the Site 4 impacts on Permit Sheet 13. Site 4 is depicted on two permit sheets.

- 5) *Permit site 8: Adjacent to permit site 8, an energy dissipater pad is shown discharging into a channel. Is this jurisdictional channel? Can it handle the additional flow?*

The channel is not jurisdictional. The existing channel will be able to handle the flow after it is dissipated.

- 6) *Permit site 9: How will the pond bed be stabilized once it is drained?*

Standard BMPs for Sediment and Erosion Control Methods will be used. Erosion Control Matting maybe utilized, as well as seeding/planting with riparian seed mix and bare root seedling trees. However, plans will be finalized at the Preconstruction conference. See attached Pond Drainage Plan for more details.

- 7) *Permit site 13: The permit drawings show the relocated stream in both a lateral base ditch and a restored stream. Please remove the lateral base ditch, if its function is to carry the relocated stream.*

The lateral ditch has to remain to drain the cut ditch for the roadway.

- 8) *Permit site 19: The channel change is coming into the existing channel at 90 degrees. Can it be shifted? If not, will the bank need to be armored at the tie in?*

The channel change is actually tying into the existing channel at about 30 degrees and not 90.

- 9) *Permit site 20. Please explain why the impacts don't continue to the tie in of the 36" pipe. Also the plans should show the dissipater tying into the existing stream.*

The impacts do not continue because the stream does not continue out of the wetland. The dissipater is not a pad, but a box. Flow exits the box via a ditch that connects to the stream. See Detail M on Roadway Plans.

- 10) *Roadway plans sheet 33: At approximately sta no. 17+ 46, there is a PDE that's tied to a jurisdictional stream. Are there stream impacts associated with the PDE? If so, this should be a permit site.*

There are no direct impacts to the stream since the stream starts below the end of ditch and just above PDE line. There maybe temporary impacts with the construction in this area. A new site, Site 23, has been added to reflect these temporary impacts.

Mitigation Questions

Mitigation site 3

- 11) *On the upstream side where the two channels are being relocated because of the road project, these are mitigable impacts and should be considered impacts from the project not the stream mitigation. Your justification of slope stake lines doesn't make sense, because the channels have to be moved for the road and pipe alignment. Further, the purpose of the mitigation on the upstream site appears to be for the primary purpose of dropping grade, not based on a reference reach. Finally on the downstream side, the mitigation is for 26 feet, and not providing any real uplift to the system. Please be advised that in order to be in compliance with the permit, the downstream end will need to be stable, and if a cross vein is necessary for stability, then it will be required regardless of the stream restoration. Since that leaves very little linear footage for on-site mitigation, I don't believe this site is an appropriate candidate.*

NCDOT and DWQ could not come to an agreement with Mitigation Site 3. Mitigation Site 3 was removed. Any additional impacts that occur at this site has been accounted for on the permit impact summary sheet at Site 14A and 14B.

Mitigation site 5

12) In my comments on the mitigation plan following the 4C meeting, I stated that the upstream impacts should be treated as restoration, while the downstream impacts should be treated as relocation. This is not how its presented in the permit application. Based on the pipe alignment, the entire downstream portion needs to be relocated, and, therefore, the impacts are mitigable impacts that should be listed as impacts from the road fill and the pipe.

The permit stream impacts for Mitigation Site 5 have been adjusted to reflect additional stream impacts at Site 8g and 8d. Site 8g now has permanent impacts, whereas previously it did not. DWQ and USACE did not agree with NCDOT's account of where mitigation impacts started and where project impacts started.

In addition to the above information, 44 feet of temporary impacts have been added to Site 18 (R-2413 A) to incorporate a crossing necessary to construct bent three. Impacts have been added to Table 1 and to permit summary sheet.

Revised permit drawing sheets 13-16 and 31 for R-2413 B and 44-46, 53-55, 66A-66C (new site), and 80 - 81 for R-2413 A are included with this letter. A document entitled "R-2413 A & B Update Information" is attached. This document updates the Surface Waters and Compensatory Mitigation Sections and Tables 1, 2, 5, and 6 of the Permit Application. Changed information in the tables is reflected by a strike through and /or italics. Also attached are the Pond Drainage Plan and the EEP Request Form. The EEP acceptance letter will be submitted under separate cover.

We believe that all of DWQ's and USACE concerns have been addressed and request that both agencies continue to process our application. If you have any further questions or need additional information, please contact Deanna Riffey at 919-707-6151 or driffey@ncdot.gov.

Sincerely,

E.J. Lusk
fcr
Gregory J. Thorpe, Ph.D., Manager
Project Development and Environmental Analysis Unit

cc:

Colin Mellor, NES, NCDOT
Steve Morgan, Hydraulics Unit, NCDOT
Randy Henegar, Hydraulics, NCDOT

R-2413 A & B Application Update Information (7/10/13)

Correction Notes: New impact numbers are listed beside of old impact numbers. Old numbers have a strikethrough the number. Sites that changed are in italics.

Surface Waters

R-2413A

Surface water impacts for R-2413A are ~~8,917~~ 9,093 linear feet of permanent stream impacts and ~~866~~ 942 linear feet of temporary stream impacts. There are also 0.60 acres of surface water impacts for the installation of a corrugated steel pipe (CSP) in pond 4 (P4) ~~along with 0.29 acres of temporary surface water impacts for installation of pipes, a culvert, and bents of the bridge at Reedy Fork Creek.~~ The jurisdictional stream impacts are summarized below in Table 1.

R-2413B

Surface water impacts for R-2413B are ~~3,441~~ 3,819 linear feet of permanent stream impacts and 197 linear feet of temporary stream impacts. ~~There are also 0.03 acres of temporary surface water impacts for three UTs to Reedy Fork and five UTs to the Haw River.~~ The jurisdictional stream impacts are summarized below in Table 2.

Table 1. R-2413A Surface Water Impacts (Revised 7/10/13)

Site	Stream JD ID	Classification	Impact Type	Permanent Impacts (ft.)	Impacts Requiring USACE Mitigation (ft.)	USACE Proposed Mitigation Ratio	Impacts Requiring NCDWQ Mitigation (ft.)	Temporary Impacts (ft.)
1	S73A	Perennial	Fill	699	699	2:1	699	22
			BS ²	20	0	0 ¹	20	
2A	S68	Perennial	Fill	60	60	2:1	0	18
2B	S70	Perennial	Fill	44	44	2:1	0	7
2C	S67	Perennial	Fill	366	366	2:1	366	22
			BS ²	20	0	0 ¹	20	
3	S65	Perennial	Fill	212	212	2:1	212	36
			BS ²	32	0	0 ¹	32	
4	S63	Perennial	Fill	523	523	2:1	523	42
			BS ²	30	0	0 ¹	30	
5	S56	Perennial	Fill	408	408	2:1	408	33
			BS ²	20	0	0 ¹	20	
6	S53	Perennial	Fill	409	409	2:1	409	21
			BS ²	23	0	0 ¹	23	
7A	S51	Perennial	Fill	379	379	2:1	379	21
			BS ²	45	0	0 ¹	45	
Impacts Subtotal:				3,290	3,100		3,186	222

¹ Mitigation for bank stabilization not required by USACE.² BS = Bank Stabilization

Table 1. R-2413A Surface Water Impacts (continued) (Revised 7/10/13)

Site	Stream ID	Classification	Impact Type	Permanent Impacts (ft.)	Impacts Requiring USACE Mitigation (ft.)	USACE Proposed Mitigation Ratio	Impacts Requiring NCDWQ Mitigation (ft.)	Temporary Impacts (ft.)
7B	S50	Perennial	Fill	26	26	2:1	0	10
7C	S49	Perennial	Fill	31	31	2:1	0	
8A	S46	Perennial	Fill	654	654	2:1	654	50
8B	S47	Perennial	BS ²	21	0	0 ¹	21	
8C	S45	Perennial	Fill	50	50	2:1	0	
10A	S40	Perennial	Fill	34	34	2:1	0	
10B	S42	Perennial	BS ²	426	426	2:1	426	41
10C	S41	Perennial	Fill	20	0	0 ¹	20	
11	S39A	Perennial	Fill	49	49	2:1	0	
12A	S37A	Perennial	Fill	116	116	2:1	0	
12B	S37C	Perennial	Fill	47	47	2:1	0	17
13A	S35	Perennial	Fill	299	299	2:1	299	
13B	S36	Perennial	Fill	131	131	1:1	0	
Impacts Subtotal:				2,535	2,494		1,945	128

¹ Mitigation for bank stabilization not required by USACE.² BS = Bank Stabilization

Table 1. R-2413A Surface Water Impacts (continued) (Revised 7/16/13)

Site	Stream JD ID	Classification	Impact Type	Permanent Impacts(ft.)	Impacts Requiring USACE Mitigation (ft.)	USACE Proposed Mitigation Ratio	Impacts Requiring NCDWQ Mitigation (ft.)	Temporary Impacts (ft.)
14A	S31	Perennial	Fill	486 551	486 551	2:1	486 551	20
14B	S32	Perennial	Fill	472 258	472 258	2:1	472 258	10
15A	S29A	Perennial	Fill	513	513	2:1	513	41
15B	S30	Perennial	BS ²	20	0	0 ¹	20	
16A	S27	Perennial	Fill	46	46	2:1	0	
16B	S28	Perennial	Fill	342	342	2:1	342	29
18	S25	Perennial	Fill	20	0	0 ¹	20	
19	S23B	Perennial	Fill	33	33	2:1	0	
20	S34	Perennial	Fill	33	33	2:1	0	
21A	S22A/B 22B	Perennial	Fill	507	507	2:1	507	34
21B	S22.5	Perennial	Fill	240	240	2:1	240	
22	S62	Perennial	BS ²	288	288	2:1	288	262
23	S23A	Perennial	Fill	149	149	2:1	0	
	Impacts Subtotal:			256	256	2:1	256	22
				20	0	0 ¹	20	
				0	0		0	12
				3,092 3,268	3,032 3,183		2,864 3,040	516 592
			Fill	8,626 8,777	8,626 8,777		7,704 7,855	866 942
			BS ²	291 316	0		291 316	
	Total Impacts:		Total	8,917 9,093	8,626 8,777		7,995 8,171	866 942

¹ Mitigation for bank stabilization not required by USACE. ²BS = Bank Stabilization

Table 2. R-2413B Surface Water Impacts (7/10/13)

Site	Stream ID	Classification	Impact Type	Permanent Impacts (ft.)	Impacts Requiring USACE Mitigation (ft.)	USACE Proposed Mitigation Ratio	Impacts Requiring NCDWQ Mitigation (ft.)	Temporary Impacts (ft.)		
1	S22	Perennial	Fill	260	260	2:1	260	45		
			BS ²	24	0	0 ¹	24			
2	S17	Perennial	Fill	235	235	2:1	235	15		
			BS ²	11	0	0 ¹	11			
3	S13	Perennial	Fill	726	726	2:1	726	30		
4	S12	Intermittent	Fill	39	39	2:1	0	15		
			BS ²	11	0	0 ¹	0			
5	S10	Perennial	Fill	554	554	2:1	554	24		
			BS ²	11	0	0 ¹	11			
5A	S11	Perennial	Fill	146	146	2:1	0	17		
					0	0	0			
6	S9B	Perennial	Fill		0		0	21		
7	S6A	Perennial	Fill	411	411	2:1	411	30		
8	S3A	Perennial	Fill	645	645	2:1	645			
8d	S3A	Perennial	Fill	339 464	339 464	1:1	339 464			
8e	S5	Perennial	Fill	29	29	2:1	0			
8g	S3A	Perennial	Fill	253	253	1:1	253			
Total Impacts:			Fill	3,384 3,762	3,384 3,762		3,159 3,537	197		
			BS²	57	0		57			
			Total	3,441 3,819	3,384 3,762		3,216 3,594	197		

¹ Mitigation for bank stabilization not required by USACE.² BS = Bank Stabilization

Compensatory Mitigation (Revised 7/10/13)

R-2413A

Compensatory mitigation requirements for R-2413A are summarized below in Table 5. Section A will permanently impact ~~8,917~~ 9,093 feet of warm water streams. Of these ~~8,917~~ 9,093 feet, there are ~~294~~ 316 feet of bank stabilization that do not require mitigation by the USACE, resulting in ~~8,626~~ 8,777 feet of stream impacts requiring USACE mitigation.

The USACE is requiring 2:1 mitigation for ~~8,495~~ 8,646 feet and requiring 1:1 mitigation for 131 feet of stream impacts. NCDWQ is requiring mitigation for ~~7,995~~ 8,171 feet at 1:1. Therefore, the total USACE mitigation requirement exceeds the NCDWQ requirement. NCDOT is providing onsite mitigation of ~~2,732~~ 2,390 feet of warm water stream by enhancing, relocating, or restoring streams at ~~four~~ three sites. See Table 1 of the attached On-site Mitigation Plan Document for further information. The remaining mitigation requirements for ~~5,894~~ 6,387 feet of permanent warm water stream impacts will be provided by the NCEEP for R-2413A (Table 5).

NCEEP will also provide mitigation for the 3.32 acres (2:1 ratio) of permanent riparian wetland impacts resulting from roadway fill, excavation, and mechanized clearing.

Table 5. R-2413A Required Compensatory Mitigation Summary

	Stream Impacts in Length (ft.)	Riparian Wetland Impacts (ac.)
Impacts Requiring Mitigation	8,626 8,777*	3.32
Onsite Mitigation Credits	2,732 2,390	
Total Mitigable Impacts Less Onsite Mitigation	5,894 6,387	3.32
Required EEP Mitigation	5,763 6,256@ 2:1	3.32 @ 2:1
	131 @ 1:1	
Total EEP Mitigation	11,657 12,643	6.64

*Does not include the 316 feet of bank stabilization.

R-2413B

Compensatory mitigation requirements for R-2413B are summarized below in Table 6. Section B will permanently impact ~~3,441~~ 3,819 feet of warm water streams. Of these ~~3,441~~ 3,819 feet, there are 57 feet of bank stabilization that do not require mitigation by the USACE, resulting in ~~3,384~~ 3,762 feet of stream impacts requiring USACE mitigation.

The USACE is requiring 2:1 mitigation for 3,045 feet and requiring 1:1 mitigation for ~~339~~ 717 feet of stream impacts. NCDWQ is requiring mitigation for ~~3,216~~ 3,594 feet at 1:1. Therefore, the total USACE mitigation requirement exceeds the NCDWQ requirement. NCDOT is providing onsite mitigation of 765 feet of warm water stream by relocating and restoring one stream at site five. See Table 1 of the attached On-site Mitigation Plan Document for further information. The remaining mitigation requirements of ~~2,619~~ 2,997 feet of permanent warm water stream impacts will be provided by the NCEEP for R-2413B (Table 6).

NCEEP will also provide mitigation for the 2.15 acres (2:1 ratio) of permanent riparian wetland impacts resulting from roadway fill, excavation, and mechanized clearing.

Table 6. R-2413B Required Compensatory Mitigation Summary (Revised 7/10/13)

	Stream Impacts in Length (ft.)	Riparian Wetland Impacts (ac.)
Impacts Requiring Mitigation	3,384 3,762*	2.15
Onsite Mitigation Credits	765	
Mitigable Impacts Less Onsite Mitigation	2,619 2,997	2.15
Required Mitigation	2,619 2,280 @ 2:1 717 @ 1:1	2.15 @ 2:1
Total EEP Mitigation	5,238 5,277	4.30

*Does not include the 57 feet of bank stabilization.

POND DRAINAGE PLAN REQUIREMENT:

The Contractor shall develop a Pond Drainage Plan for all ponds that are required to be drained for the construction of this project and submit the plan to the Engineer at the preconstruction conference for approval. The Pond Drainage Plan shall include but not be limited to procedures and rate of water drawdown, sediment control measures, water quality monitoring, fish and wildlife relocation plan, shall address procedures avoiding the inundation of a receiving body of water with deoxygenated or nutrient rich water resulting in impacts to aquatic life or algae bloom and procedures for maintaining downstream channel stability. If such ponds to be drained are on the DENR Dam Safety Inventory List, all NC DENR Dam Safety procedures must be followed.

Any erosion control devices or permanent seeding and mulching in areas where ponds have been drained will be paid for at the contract unit price for the item required. All additional erosion and sediment control practices not included in the contract documents that may be required on a pond drainage site will be done at the Contractor's expense.

No direct payment will be made for developing or implementing the Pond Drainage Plan as the cost of such shall be included in the lump sum price bid for *Clearing and Grubbing*.



MITIGATION REQUEST FORM

TRI-PARTY MOA (NCDOT)



Revised 3/24/2008

Fill in requested information, print out the form, sign and date, and either mail to EEP, 1652 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652, or fax to 919-715-2219. Attachments are acceptable for clarification purposes.

Electronic submissions are permissible; however, an acceptance letter cannot be sent until the original signed form has been received.

NCDOT CONTACT INFORMATION		REGULATORY CONTACT INFORMATION	
Agency/Division	NCDOT-Highways	USACE Office	Regulatory Field Office
Branch	PDEA-NEU	USACE Contact	Mr. Andy Williams
Mailing Address	1598 Mail Service Center	Mailing Address	3331 Heritage Trade Drive, Ste 105
City, State, Zip	Raleigh, NC 27699-1598	City, State, Zip	Wake Forest, NC 27587-4346
Project Manager	Deanna Riffey	USACE Fax Number	(919) 562-0421
Telephone Number	(919) 707-6000	NCDWQ Contact	
E-Mail Address	driffey@dot.state.nc.us	Mailing Address	
Supervisor	Rachelle Beauregard	City, State, Zip	
Telephone Number	(919) 707-6000	NCDWQ Fax Number	

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION AND IMPACTS

TIP Number(s)	R-2413 A		
TIP Description	NC 68 CONNECTOR - US 220 FROM EXISTING 4 LANES AT SR 2011		
Current Let Date	4/15/14		
NCDOT Highway Division	Division 7		
County(ies)	Guilford		
EEP Ecoregion(s)	Central Piedmont		
River Basin(s)	Cape Fear		
Cataloging Unit(s) (8-digit)	03030002		
Total Stream (feet)	Warm	9,384	
	Cool		
	Cold		
	TOTAL	9,384	
Total Riparian Wetland Impact (acres)	5.47		
Total Non-Riparian Wetland Impact (acres)			
Total Coastal Marsh Impact (acres)			
Total Buffer Impact	Zone 1 (square feet)		
	Zone 2 (square feet)		

OTHER INFORMATION

USACE Action ID Number (if known)	
NCDWQ Project Number (if known)	
NCDCM Project Number (if known)	

Comments:

Impacts for R-2413 A & B
Streams: 8,536 feet @ 2:1
848 feet @ 1:1
S:\ProjMgmt\Central Region\Riffey\Rural\R-2413 Guilford\Permit

IMPORTANT Check below if this request is a: <input type="checkbox"/> New Mitigation Request <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Revision to a current acceptance	Signature of Applicant or Agent: _____ Date: _____
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Permit Drawing
Sheet 13 of 31

Revised 7/1/13

NAD 83/NSRS 2007

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413B	12
R/W SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

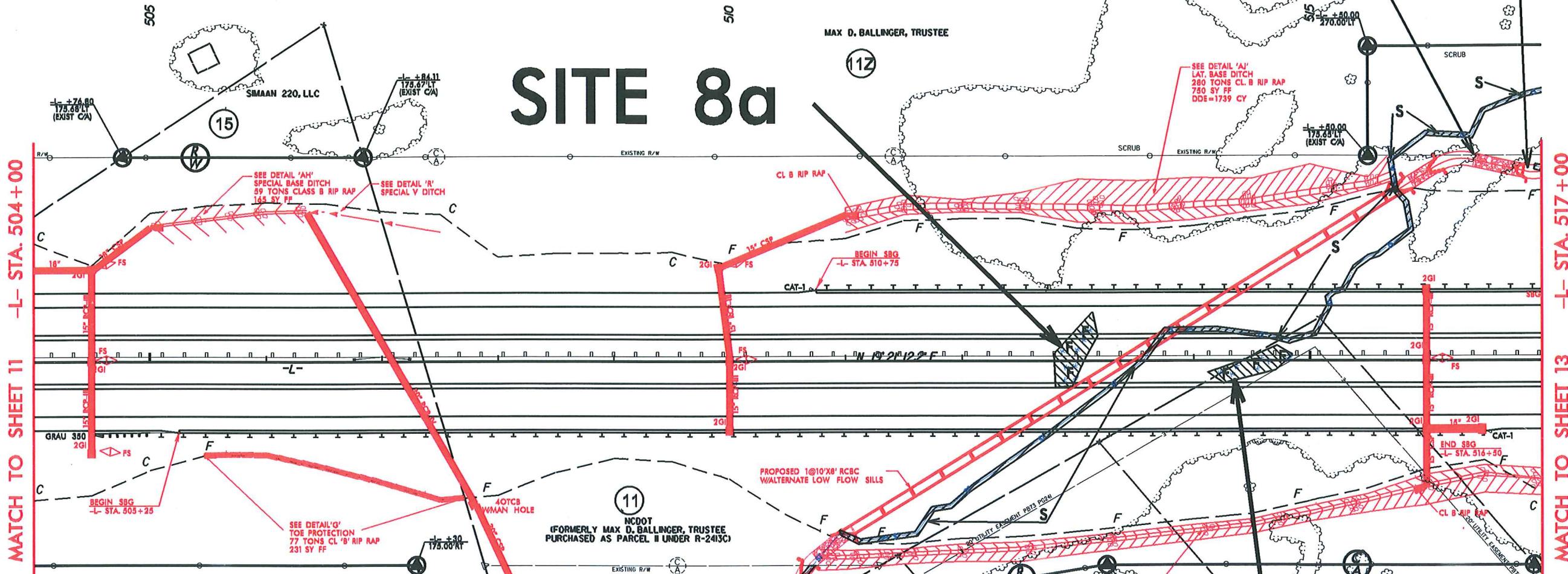
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

SITE 8

STREAM RELOCATION
SEE MITIGATION PLAN
SHEET OSM 11

SITE 8g

SITE 8a



MATCH TO SHEET 11

MATCH TO SHEET 13

SITE 8c

FLOODPLAIN GRADING
SEE MITIGATION PLAN

(15)

MAX D. BALLINGER, TRUSTEE

(11) NCDOT
PURCHASED AS PARCEL II UNDER R-2413C

EXISTING R/W

MAX D. BALLINGER, TRUSTEE

(12)

STREAM RESTORATION
SEE MITIGATION PLAN

(17)

BATTIN, ROBERT D AND JOAN M

(18)

BATTIN ENTERPRISES LLC

(19)

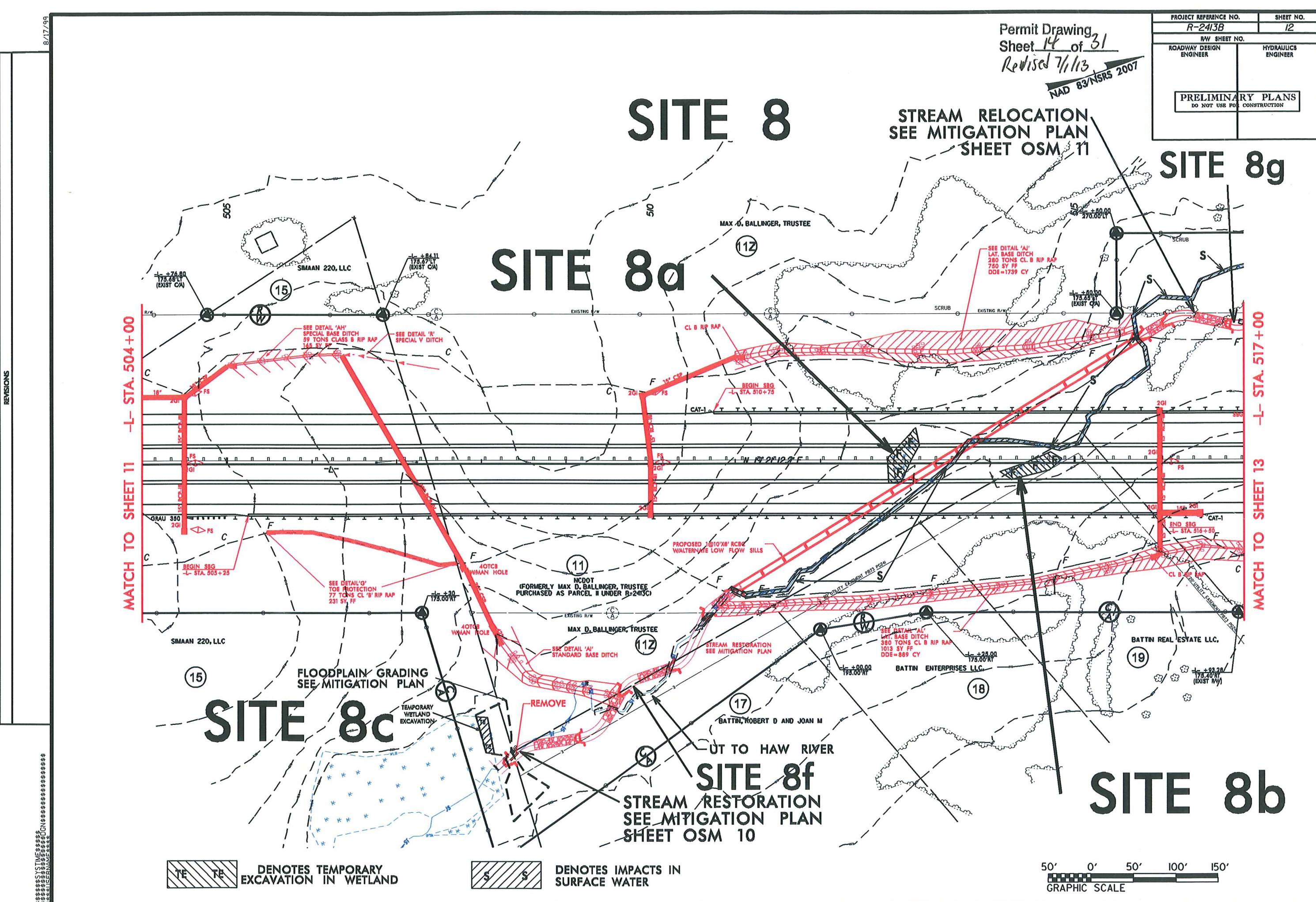
BATTIN REAL ESTATE LLC

(15)

SIMAAN 220, LLC

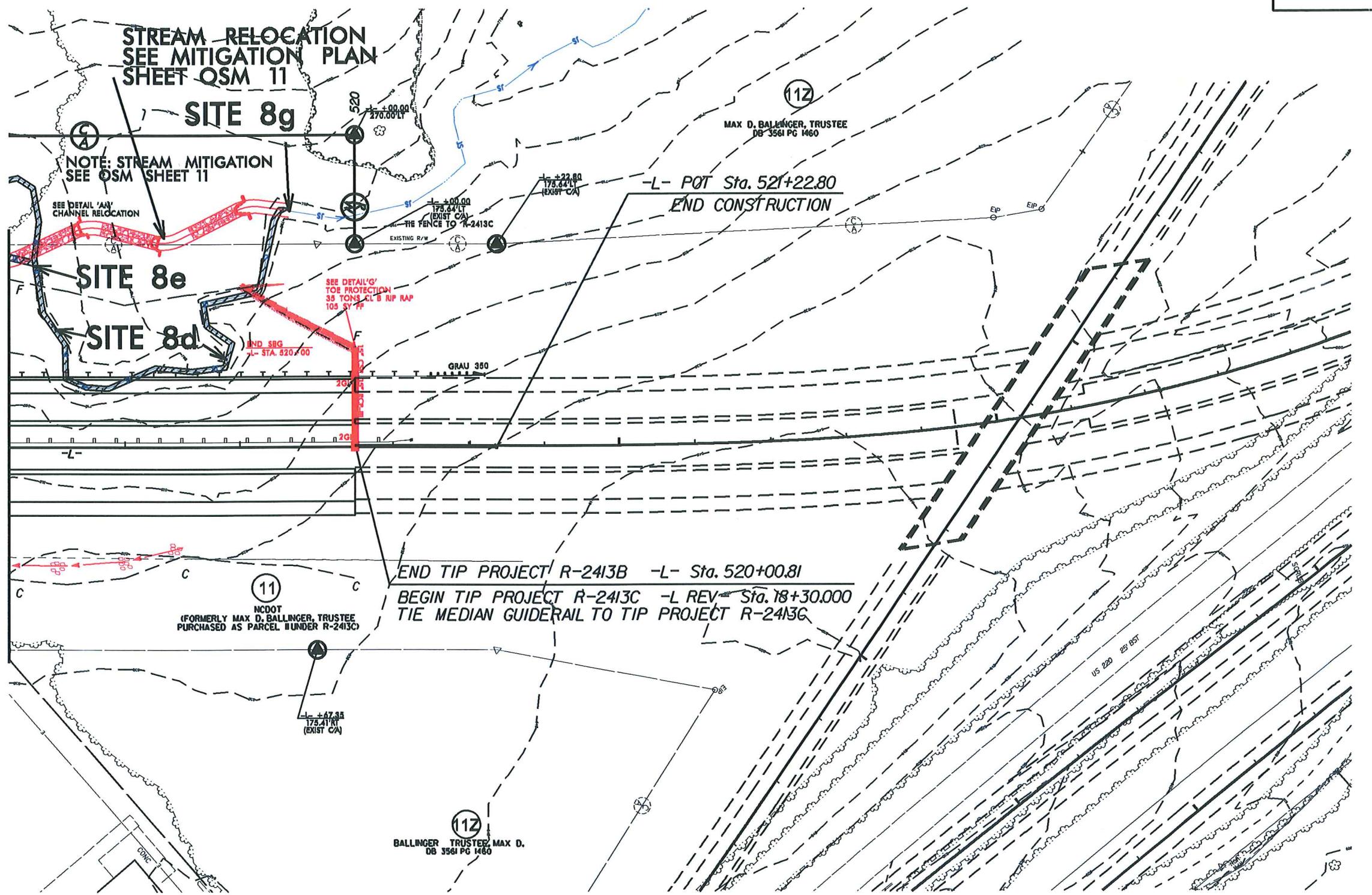
(15)

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.
R-2413B		12
R/W SHEET NO.		
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER	
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION		



Permit Drawing
Sheet 16 of 31
Revised 7/1/13
NAD 83/NSRS 2007

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413B	SHEET NO. 13
R/W SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	



DENOTES IMPACTS IN
SURFACE WATER

50' 0' 50' 100' 150'
GRAPHIC SCALE

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY

NOTES.

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GUILFORD COUNTY
WBS - 34429.1.1 (R-2413B)

SHEET 31 OF 31

7/11/2013
Revised 7/1/13

SITE 14

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A	20
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

Permit Drawing
Sheet 44 of 81

Revised
7/1/13

MATCH TO SHEET 19 -b SIA 303+00

REVISIONS

144

14

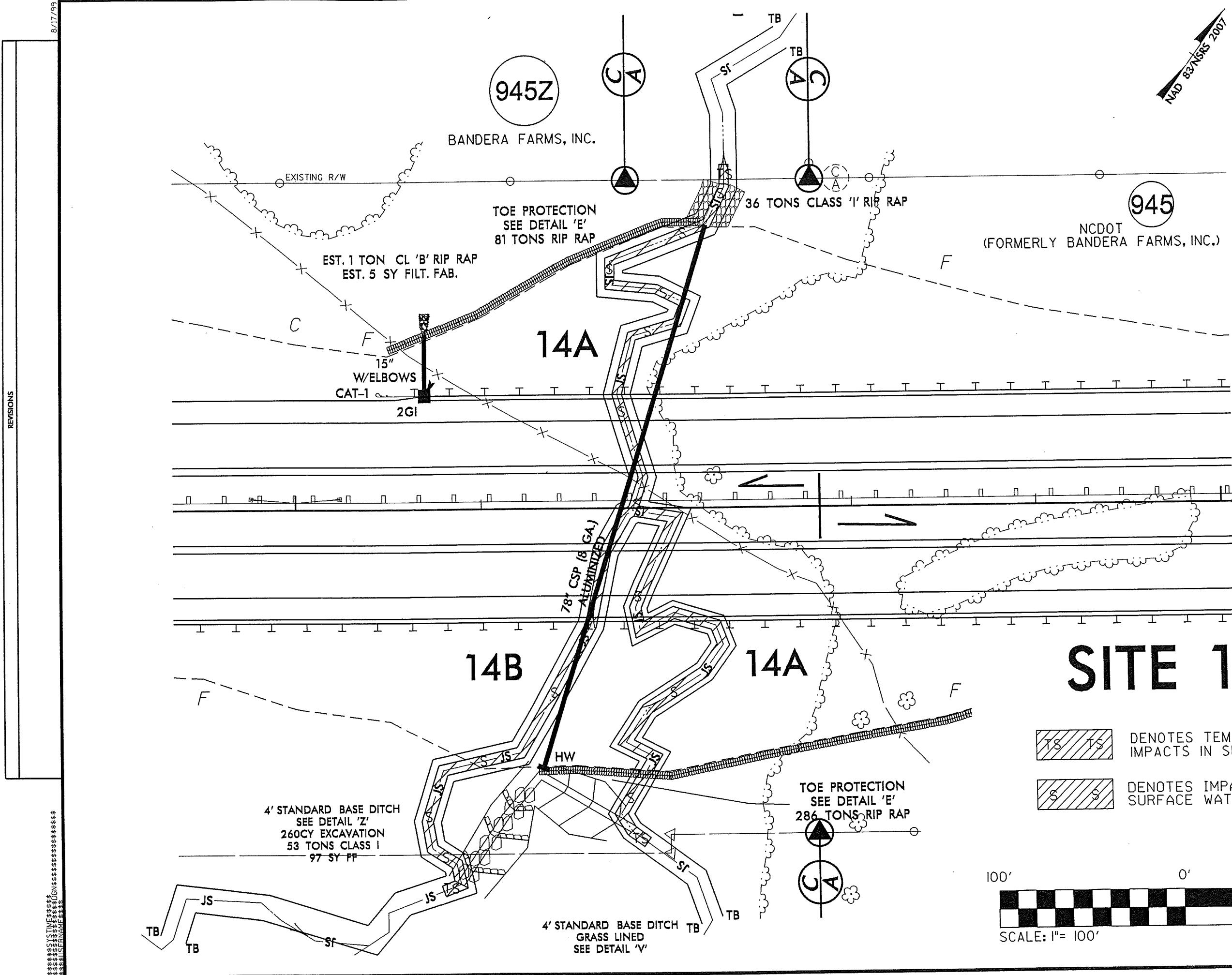
GRAPHIC SCALE

100 50 0 100 200

PIANS

R-2413A	20
REV SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

NAD 83 NER 2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet 46 of 81Revised
7/1/13

GRAPHIC SCALE

100 50 0 100 200
PLANS

R/W REVISION: PARCEL NUMBER 45 HAS BEEN CHANGED TO PARCEL NUMBER 47. PARCEL 45 HAS BEEN COMBINED WITH PARCEL 47. CEH 2/27/13.

8/17/99

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A	SHEET NO. 22
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

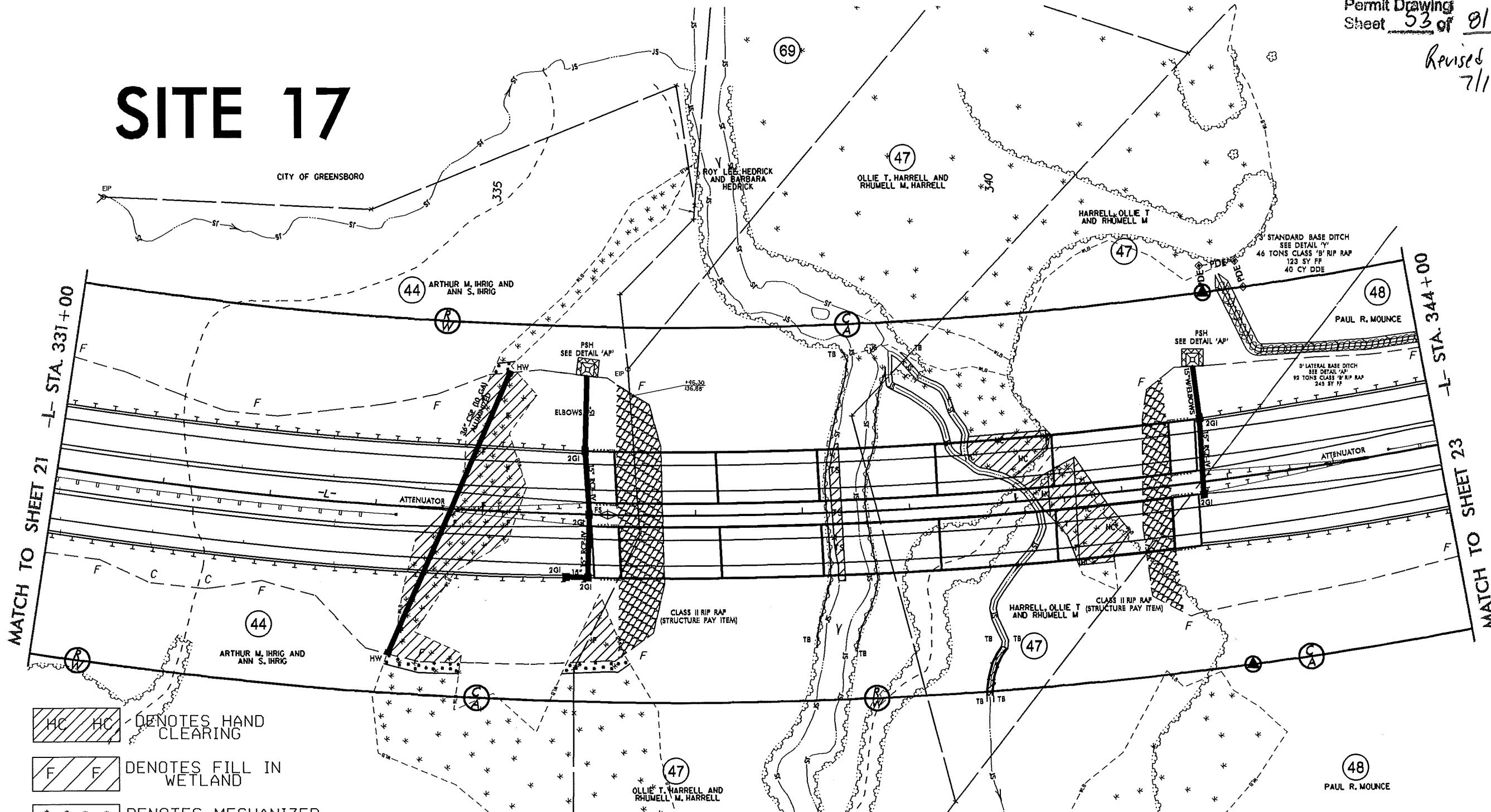
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

NAD 83/NRS 2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet 53 of 81

Revised
7/16/13

SITE 17



MATCH TO SHEET 21

L STA. 331+00

MATCH TO SHEET 23

L STA. 344+00

SITE 18

R/W REVISION: PARCEL NUMBER 45 HAS BEEN CHANGED TO PARCEL NUMBER 47. PARCEL 45 HAS BEEN COMBINED WITH PARCEL 47. CEH 2/27/15.

REVISIONS

SYSTIME DESIGN INC.

8/17/99

GRAPHIC SCALE

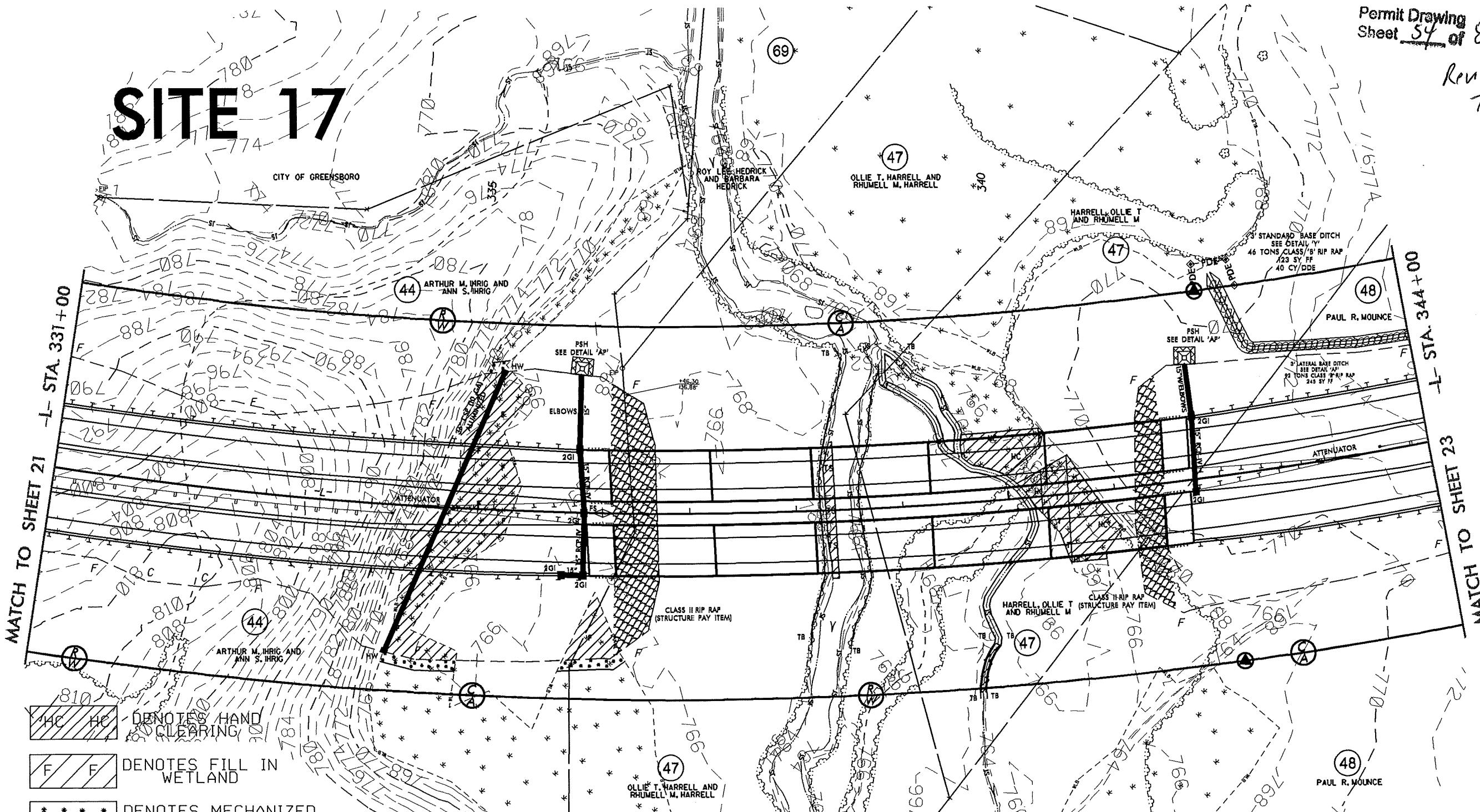


PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A	HEET NO. 22
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION	

NAD 83/NRS 2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet 54 of 81

Revised
7/16/13



SITE 17

(44) ARTHUR M. IHRIG AND
ANN S. IHRIG

W

PSH
SEE DETAIL

ELBOWS

ATTENUATION

**CLASS II RIP RAP
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DENOTES MECHANIZED CLEARING

DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATERS

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SITE 18

Revised
7/16/15

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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.		SHEET NO.
R-2413A		22
RW SHEET NO.		
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER		HYDRAULICS ENGINEER
<div style="text-align: center;"> PRELIMINARY PLANS DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION </div>		

Permit Drawing
Sheet 55 of 8

A horizontal strip consisting of a black and white checkerboard pattern. The pattern is composed of 16 squares in total, arranged in two rows of eight. A thick black vertical bar is positioned to the right of the pattern, extending from its top to bottom.

SCALE: 1" = 10'

Permit Drawing
Sheet 100 of 81

Revised
7/1/13

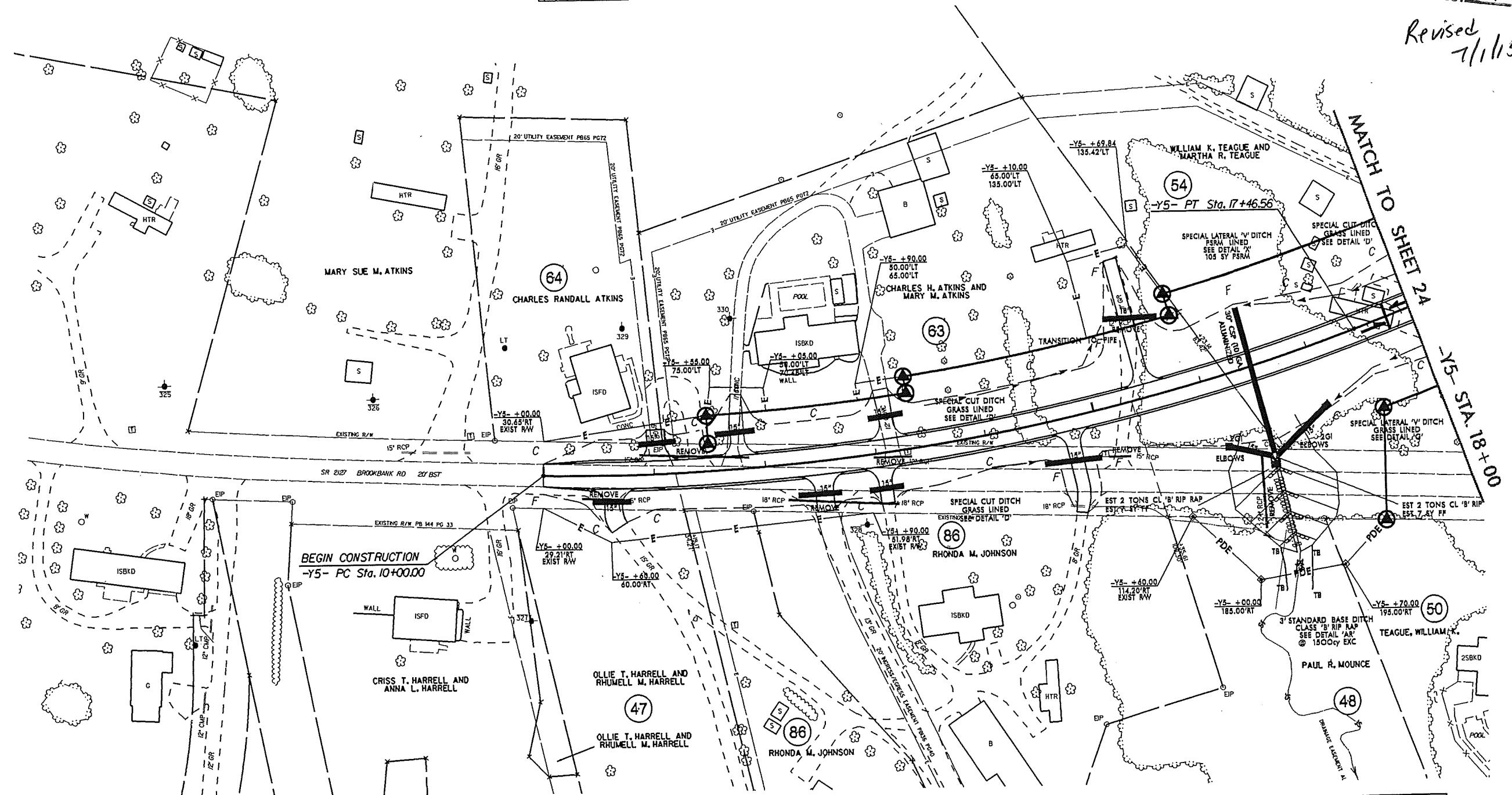
REVISIONS
DESIGN REVISION: THE VERTICAL ALIGNMENT FOR -Y5- HAS BEEN REVISED. JLT 1/28/2013
R/W REVISION: PARCEL NUMBER 87 HAS BEEN CHANGED TO PARCEL 86. PARCEL 87 HAS BEEN COMBINED WITH PARCEL 86. CEH 2/27/13.

REVISES

DESIGN REVISION: THE VERTICAL ALIGNMENT FOR -YS- HAS BEEN REVISED. JLT 1/28/2013

SITE 23

 DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER



PAVEMENT REMOVAL
FOR -Y5- PROFILE, SEE SHEET NO. 61
DRIVEWAY RADII ARE 15', UNLESS NOTED
FOR DITCH DETAILS, SEE SHEET NO. 2-W & 2-X

SITE 23

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A	33
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

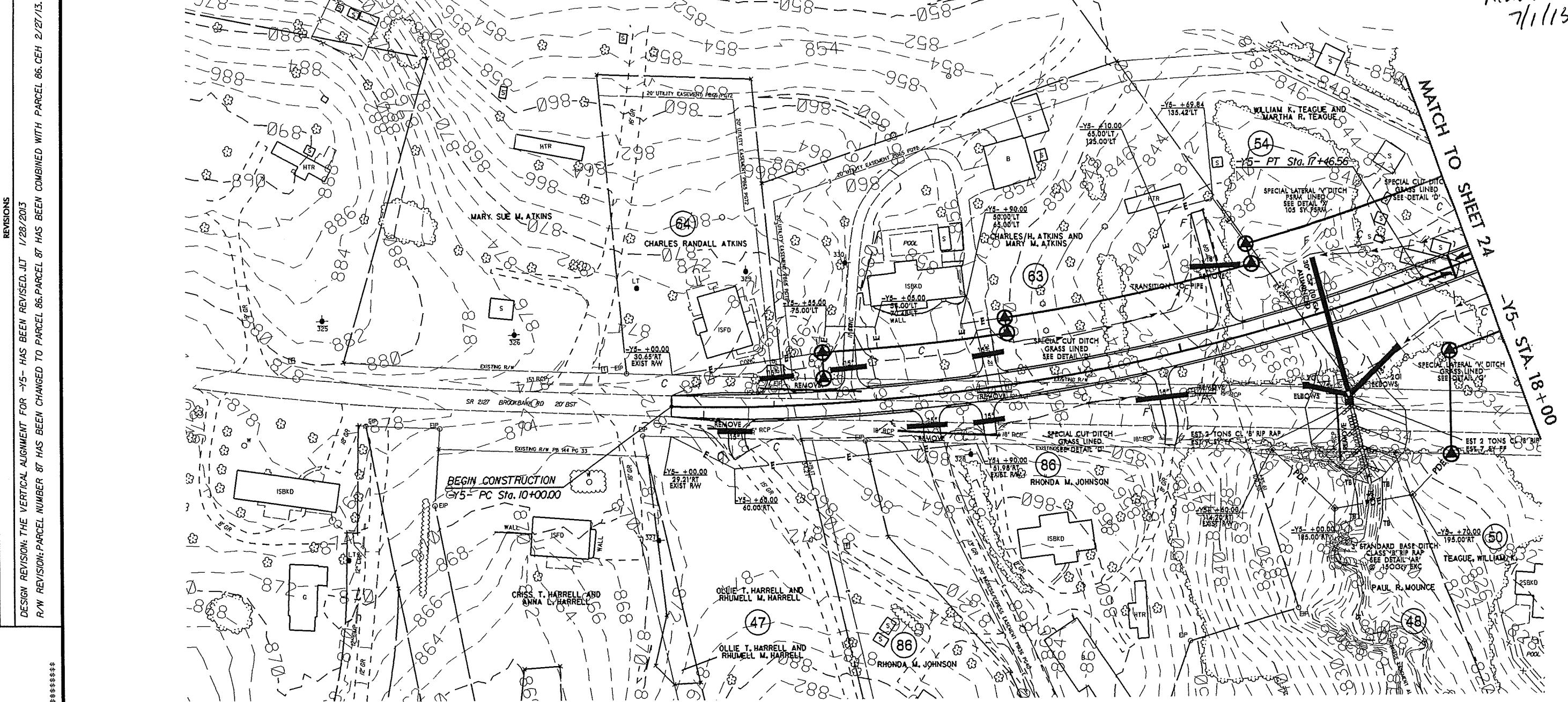
NAD 83/NSRS 2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet 66B of 1

Revised
7/1/13



DENOTES TEMPORARY
IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A	33
RW SHEET NO.	
ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER	HYDRAULICS ENGINEER

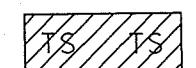
PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION

NAD 83/NSRS 2007

Permit Drawing
Sheet 166C of 81

Revised
7/1/13

SITE 23



DENOTES TEMPORARY
IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

48

PAUL R. MOUNCE

50
TEAGUE, WILLIAM K.

3' STANDARD BASE DITCH
CLASS 'B' RIP RAP
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-Y5- + 60.00
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EXIST RW

-Y5- + 00.00
185.00' RT

-Y5- + 70.00
195.00' RT

SCALE: 1" = 100'
100' 0' 100'

6/17/8

REVISIONS

INS AND
KINS

A/CUT DITCH
GRASS LINED
DETAIL 'D'

EXISTING R/W

'EICAL CUT DITCH
GRASS LINED
SEE DETAIL 'D'

A. M. JOHNSON

SKD

HTR

EIP

SPECIAL LATERAL 'V' DITCH
PSRM LINED
SEE DETAIL 'X'
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SPECIAL CUT DITCH
GRASS LINED
SEE DETAIL 'D'

SPECIAL LATERAL 'V' DITCH
GRASS LINED
SEE DETAIL 'G'

EST 2 TONS CL 'B' RIP RAP
EST 7 SY FF

PDE

TB

PDE

TB

TB

EIP

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WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY									
Site No.	Station (From/To)	Structure Size / Type	WETLAND IMPACTS				SURFACE WATER IMPACTS		
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp. Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temp. SW impacts (ac)
12	269+50 L-	72" CSP						0.03	
12a.								0.01	
12b.									
13	277+00 to 281+00 L-	54" RCP							
13a.								0.04	<0.01
13b.								0.01	
14	307+00 L-	78" CSP							
14a.								0.07	
14b.								0.02	
15	322+50 to 326+00 L-	54" CSP							
15a.			0.01					0.04	<0.01
15b.								<0.01	
16	327+50 to 329+50 L-	72" CSP							
16a.			0.15					0.02	<0.01
16b.									
SUBTOTALS:			0.16					0.21	0.03
								2,869	110
									2,140

* See Plan for On-Site Mitigation

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GUILFORD
COUNTY
WBS - 34429.1.1 (R-2413A)

WETLAND PERMIT IMPACT SUMMARY

* See Plan for On-Site Mitigation

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GUILFORD COUNTY
WBS - 34429.1.1 (R-2413A)

ATN Revised 3/31/05

SHEET 81 OF 81

7/16/2013

On-Site Stream Mitigation Plan

R-2413 A&B NC 68 Connector from SR 2011 to the Haw River

Guilford County, North Carolina

T.I.P. Number R-2413 A&B

WBS No's: 34429.1.1, 34429.2.2, 34429.2.3

JUNE 25, 2013

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) plans to use on-site stream mitigation to offset unavoidable impacts to existing streams from the construction of the proposed NC 68 Connector corridor (R-2413A&B) in Guilford County. Five potential stream mitigation sites associated with the R-2413 A&B project were assessed in December 2010. This mitigation project will provide approximately 2,945 linear feet of stream mitigation credits in the Cape Fear River Basin. The sites are located along the proposed R-2413 A corridor in Guilford County between SR 2011 (Edgefield Road) and SR 2127(Brookbank Road) and along the proposed R-2413 B corridor in Guilford County between SR 2127 (Brookbank Road) and the Haw River.

Field reviews confirmed that all five stream reaches are perennial. The combined existing length of the stream reaches is approximately 3,080 linear feet. The combined proposed length of the stream reaches is approximately 3,155 linear feet. A summary of the stream locations, mitigation approaches, and lengths are provided in Table 1. More detailed descriptions of the existing and proposed conditions of each site are presented in the following sections.

TABLE 1. STREAM INFORMATION

Mitigation Site	JD Stream No.	Roadway Plan Sheet	Roadway Station	Existing Length (ft.)	Mitigation Type	Proposed Length (ft.)
Site 1	S37a/ 38	17 (R-2413A)	269+00 to 271+50	1,300	Enhancement	350
					Restoration	813
Site 2	S35/ 36	18 (R-2413A)	274+50 to 282+50	1,000	Relocation/ Restoration	906
					Enhancement	71
Site 3	Mitigation Site 3 has been removed.					
Site 4	S22a/ 22b	34 (R-2413A)	-Y5-Sta. 30+50 to -Y5 Sta. 32+10	170	Restoration	250
Site 5	S3a	12 (R-2413B)	508+30 to 511+20	610	Restoration/ Relocation	765
		13 (R-2413B)	517+10 to 519+30			

1.0 BASELINE

The R-2413 A&B mitigation sites are located in Guilford County between State Route 2011 (Edgefield Road) and State Route 2127 (Brookbank Road) and between State Route 2127 (Brookbank Road) and the Haw River. See Figures 1 and 2A – 2D at the end of this report. The eight digit USGS Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) for all five sites is 03030002 (Cape Fear Basin). Sites 1 through 4 lie within the 11 digit USGS HUC 03030002010, and the North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) sub-basin number for these four sites is 03-06-02. Site 5 lies within the 11 digit USGS HUC 03030002020 and the NCDWQ sub-basin number is 03-06-01. All sites are designated by the North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) as Nutrient Sensitive Waters. All stream Sites, 1 through 5, were classified as perennial in NCDOT's 2009 State EA/FONSI Reevaluation. Table 2 provides NCDWQ Stream Classifications of the proposed mitigation reaches.

TABLE 2. SITE LOCATION INFORMATION

Mitigation Site	Roadway Station	Stream Name	Stream Classification	Stream Index Number
Site 1 WM 041-034	269+00 to 271+50	UT to Reedy Creek	WS-III; NSW	16-11-(1)
Site 2 WM 041-035	274+50 to 282+50	UT to Reedy Creek	WS-III; NSW	16-11-(1)
Site 3 WM 041-036	Mitigation Site 3 has been removed.			
Site 4 WM 041-037	-Y5-Sta. 30+50 to -Y5 Sta. 32+10	UT to Reedy Creek	WS-III; NSW	16-11-(1)
Site 5 WM 041-038	508+30 to 511+20			
	517+10 to 519+30		WS-V; NSW	16-(1)
WS-III = Water Supply III - Moderately Developed; WS-V = Water Supply V - Upstream; NSW Nutrient Sensitive Waters				

2.0 SITE SELECTION

A discussion of the watershed information and existing conditions for each project stream site is provided in the sections that follow. Existing condition geomorphology parameters and measurements are provided in Appendix B.

GENERAL WATERSHED INFORMATION

The watersheds for the project reaches are primarily rural, ranging from low density residential to agricultural land uses. The watersheds are estimated to range from 5 to 50 percent low density residential and commercial development with the remainder agriculture and forest. Future zoning for most of the watersheds is primarily low to moderate density residential so changes in land use are expected over the next 10 years. Watershed drainage areas are summarized in Table 3 for the project sites.

TABLE 3. DRAINAGE AREAS FOR PROJECT REACHES

Mitigation Site	Stream Name	Drainage Area (square miles)
Site 1	UT to Reedy Creek	0.13
Site 2	UT to Reedy Creek	0.09
Site 4	UT to Reedy Creek	3.04
Site 5	UT to Haw River	0.41

SITE 1 (WM 041-034)

An unnamed tributary (UT) to Reedy Fork flows approximately 2,700 feet from its headwaters to its confluence with Reedy Creek (Figure 2A). The stream is shown on the USGS topographic quadrangle as an intermittent stream. Observations during field investigations indicate that the upper portion of the stream is likely intermittent and the lower portion appears to be perennial. The UT flows through two distinct valley sections. The upper valley section has a relatively steep down valley slope with a tighter cross valley slope. The lower valley becomes less steep down valley and the cross valley slope becomes broader as the stream approaches its confluence with Reedy Creek. Much of the stream within the upper valley is entrenched and the stream within the lower valley is deeply incised. Both portions of the stream show signs of instability. A riparian buffer surrounds the stream with early successional woody vegetation adjacent to the stream banks. Based on a review of available aerial photography, the riparian areas appear to have been logged between 1999 and 2002. The channel materials are primarily sands with intermixed gravel-sized material. The upper and lower portions of the existing stream channel are classified as Rosgen G5 stream types. The watershed for this UT to Reedy Creek is approximately 0.13 square miles at its confluence with the larger stream at the downstream end of the site. The watershed is approximately 70% wooded and 30% agricultural or light residential. According to Guilford County Geographic Information System (GIS) data, future land use of the watershed is low residential (1 to 2 dwelling units/acre).

SITE 2 (WM 041-035)

This UT to Reedy Creek flows within Site 2 from its headwaters approximately 2,500 feet toward a confluence with the Site 1 UT to Reedy Creek (Figure 2B). This upper portion of the UT is not shown on the USGS topographic quadrangle as a blue line stream. Similar to Site 1, observations during field investigations indicate that the upper portion of the stream is likely intermittent and the lower portion appears to be perennial. The Site 2 UT to Reedy Creek has a relatively steep down valley slope within the upper reach with a tight cross valley slope. The lower reach valley becomes less steep and the cross valley slope becomes broader as the stream approaches its confluence with the Site 1 UT to Reedy Creek. The upper reach of this existing channel near the proposed area of impact is relatively stable and classifies as a Rosgen E5 channel. The lower portion of Site 2 varies from an E5 to G5 channel and has a severe headcut that is gradually moving up through the system. The UT is moderately sinuous. Sand materials with inclusions of gravel material dominate the upper channel and gravel materials dominate the lower channel. A riparian buffer surrounds the stream with early successional woody vegetation adjacent to the stream banks. As with Site 1, based on a review of available aerial photography, the riparian areas appear to have been logged between 1999 and 2002. Kudzu has invaded an adjacent hill side in the upper portion of the reach. The watershed for this UT to Reedy Creek is 0.09 square miles at the downstream end of the site. The watershed is approximately 70% forested and 30% agricultural or light residential. According to Guilford County GIS data, future land use of the watershed is low residential (1 to 2 dwelling units/acre).

SITE 3 (WM 041-036)

Mitigation Site 3 has been removed.

SITE 4 (WM 041-037)

A UT to Reedy Creek flows through Site 4 within a broad and gently sloping valley (Figure 2D). The UT is depicted as perennial on the USGS topographic quadrangle and observations during the field investigations confirmed that the reach is perennial. The channel within Site 4 appears to have frequent access to its floodplain and has an entrenchment ratio of 5.4. The UT has a low sinuosity within the project reach and classifies as a Rosgen E5 stream type. The channel flows through an existing culvert under Brookbank Road. The riparian area upstream of Brookbank Road consists of mature woody vegetation and the riparian area downstream of Brookbank Road appeared to be impacted by Kudzu during the site visit. The watershed is approximately 3.04 square miles at the downstream end of the site. The watershed is 40% forested and the remainder is residential or agricultural.

SITE 5 (WM 041-038)

Site 5 consists of a UT to Haw River (Figure 2E). The stream valley is relatively broad with a flat down valley slope. The lower portion of the UT is depicted as perennial on the USGS topographic quadrangle. An instream pond is depicted on the USGS topographic quadrangle between the lower and upper portions. Site investigations revealed that the pond is no longer

present because the stream has routed around the East side of the old dam resulting in significant bank erosion. The lower cross valley slope becomes broader as the stream approaches its confluence with Haw River. The riparian buffer consists of mature woody vegetation. The channel is incised and straightened and shows signs of instability. Within the upper reach the stream classifies as an E5 channel but is slightly entrenched and is trying to re-establish pattern by eroding the existing banks. The watershed is 0.41 square miles at the downstream end of the site. The watershed is 60% forested and 40% residential or agricultural.

3.0 SITE PROTECTION INSTRUMENT

The mitigation areas are presently located within or will be located within the NCDOT Right-of-Way for the project. The sites are designated on the plan sheets as a mitigation area and will be placed on the Natural Environment Section's Mitigation GeoDatabase. This database is provided to all NCDOT personnel as a record of mitigation sites and their attributes, including prohibited activities. NCDOT is held by virtue of the permit associated with this mitigation site and the associated roadway impacts to protect the site in perpetuity.

4.0 OBJECTIVES

The goals for these projects are to restore/relocate 2,734 linear feet of stream and enhance 421 linear feet of stream. This will be achieved by: improving floodplain function by matching floodplain elevation with bankfull stage; establishing native stream bank and floodplain vegetation; improving water quality in the Cape Fear River watershed by reducing sediment and nutrient inputs; and improving aquatic and riparian habitat by creating deeper pools and areas of re-aeration, planting a riparian buffer, and reducing bank erosion.

5.0 MITIGATION WORK PLAN

The stream mitigation plan for each of the four project sites is described in the sections that follow. Detailed plan sheets have been provided to NCDOT with the submittal of this mitigation plan narrative.

SITE 1 (WM 041-034)

A combination of Priority II and Priority I restoration is proposed for the upper reach of the Site 1 stream channel. A portion of the upper reach of Site 1 will only require enhancement measures with occasional log vanes, some boulder toe protection, and minor bank grading (see OSM-4, -12 and XS-01, -02). The channel is currently an incised G5 Rosgen stream type channel that will be restored to a stable C5 channel by establishing a lower valley at the bankfull elevation for the upstream portion then gradually elevating the stream channel to allow bankfull and higher flows access to the existing floodplain prior to flowing into the proposed 72" culvert under the new roadway alignment. Priority I restoration is proposed for the lower reach of Site 1. The existing channel classifies as an incised G5 Rosgen stream type that will also be restored to a stable C5 channel. As channel flow exits the 72" culvert under the proposed roadway it will flow into a

stream channel that will be elevated to allow proper floodplain access at the bankfull elevation on new location. The stream channel will be relocated back to the center of the existing valley.

Proper sinuosity and radius of curvature will be restored to both the upper and lower stream reaches to provide stability. Proper riffle-pool sequencing will also be returned to the channels along with in-stream rock and log structures to provide immediate grade control of the newly excavated channels. The installation of these structures will increase stability of the profile and banks while allowing time for vegetation to establish and natural bed materials to be transported throughout the system.

Special attention must also be given to the possible change in flow regime in this system as it may be influenced by storm water runoff from the proposed roadway. The proposed stream channel design anticipates the increased impervious area and increased flashy flows from contributing adjacent roadway stormwater runoff. This is achieved by maximizing radii of curvature to ensure that bends in the stream channel are gradual enough to accommodate flashy flows. Similarly, the belt width of the proposed stream channel is narrowed, slightly straightening the flood plain to convey flood flows without excessively increasing shear stress along the edges of the newly constructed floodplain.

All floodplains and floodplain slopes will be over-excavated 6 inches starting 3 feet from top of stream bank and backfilled with topsoil to final grade (see detail on OSM-2 in design plan sheets). Additionally, per NCDOT's Native Seeding and Mulching Provision, 4000 lbs/acre of lime will be applied and 500 lbs/acre of 10-20-20 fertilizer will be applied.

The proposed riparian buffer for Site 1 upper extends a minimum of 50 feet from the top of bank from both sides of the stream channel and totals approximately 1.97 acres. The required buffer will be included within proposed right-of-way. The proposed riparian buffer for Site 1 lower will extend a minimum of 50 feet from the top of bank on both sides and would require a minimum of 1.27 acres. Due to the fact that Site 1 lower and Site 2 lower are located adjacent to each other on the north side of the proposed roadway, the proposed right-of-way will include Site 1 lower, Site 2 lower, their respective riparian buffers and the forested drainage area between the two. Design parameters for the proposed stream can be found in the morphological table in Appendix B.

SITE 2 (WM 041-035)

The upper reach of the existing stream channel on Site 2 will be relocated away from the toe of fill material using a Priority I restoration approach. The existing channel in this location is fairly stable but will be directly impacted by the fill slope as shown in the on-site mitigation construction drawings. The existing upper reach channel transitions from a B5 at the upper extent of the project to an E5 where the channel will be impacted by the future roadway work. The relocated channel will be designed as a C5 channel with gradual 3:1 side slopes that will be

planted and will eventually transition to an E5 channel over time as the channel narrows. The lower reach of Site 2 Classifies as an E5 channel that transitions to a G5 channel downstream of a large 4.0 foot head cut that is moving up through the system. This lower reach begins at the outlet of the proposed 54 inch culvert and it is anticipated that the roadway drainage would expedite the upstream progression of the existing head cut. The proposed restored lower reach channel will also be designed as a C5 channel with gradual 3:1 side slopes that will be planted and eventually transition to an E5 channel as the channel narrows over time.

Appropriate sinuosity and radius of curvature will be restored to both the upstream and downstream reach channels to provide stability. The channels will be elevated to their historic floodplain in some locations where possible, improving their cross sectional dimension and allowing bankfull and higher flows to access the floodplain. Proper riffle-pool sequencing will also be returned to the channels with corrected pattern and the installation of rock and log structures. The installation of these in-stream structures will increase stability of the profile and banks while allowing time for vegetation to establish and natural bed materials to be transported throughout the system.

Special attention must also be given to the possible change in flow regime in this system as it may be influenced by storm water runoff from the proposed roadway. The proposed stream channel design anticipates the increased impervious area and increased flashy flows from contributing adjacent roadway stormwater runoff. This is achieved by maximizing radii of curvature to ensure that bends in the stream channel are gradual enough to accommodate flashy flows. Similarly, the belt width of the proposed stream channel is narrowed, slightly straightening the flood plain to convey flood flows without excessively increasing shear stress along the edges of the newly constructed floodplain.

All floodplains and floodplain slopes will be over-excavated 6 inches starting 3 feet from top of stream bank and backfilled with topsoil to final grade (see detail on OSM-2 in design plan sheets). Additionally, per NCDOT's Native Seeding and Mulching Provision, 4000 lbs/acre of lime will be applied and 500 lbs/acre of 10-20-20 fertilizer will be applied.

The proposed riparian buffer for Site 2 upper extends a minimum of 50 feet from the top of bank from both sides and would require approximately 1.33 acres. The required buffer will be included within proposed right-of-way. The proposed riparian buffer for Site 2 lower will extend a minimum of 50 feet from the top of bank on both sides and would require a minimum of 1.48 acres. Due to the fact that Site 1 lower and Site 2 lower are located adjacent to each other on the north side of the proposed roadway, the proposed right-of-way will include Site 1 lower, Site 2 lower, their respective riparian buffers and the forested drainage area between the two. Design parameters for the proposed stream can be found in the morphological table in Appendix B.

Some Kudzu is present adjacent to the very upper reaches of Site 2. NCDOT proposes to minimize the potential spread of this species from construction-related activities. NCDOT will also attempt to suppress the Kudzu within the ROW of the mitigation sites by herbicide applications prior to reforestation and during the required post construction monitoring period.

SITE 3 (WM 041-036)

Mitigation Site 3 has been removed.

SITE 4 (WM 041-037)

A Priority II restoration approach is proposed for the stream reach at Site 4. The current channel classifies as a Rosgen E5 stream channel and flows through an existing culvert under Brookbank Road. The proposed restoration of this reach will consist of excavating a new stream channel and floodplain through the existing Brookbank Road fill material. This road will be abandoned with the proposed improvements associated with R-2413A&B and presents an opportunity to reconnect the upstream floodplain with the floodplain downstream of the existing roadway fill. The proposed channel through this reach will be a C5 channel. Banks and floodplain will be planted with native species and the channel is expected to narrow over time to an E5 channel. The proposed reach is not long enough to establish pattern within the restored reach, but instream log cross vanes will be installed to provide profile stabilization and in-stream habitat. Preliminary design parameters for the proposed stream can be found in the morphological table in Appendix B.

Presently, Kudzu grows in areas adjacent to this site. NCDOT proposes to minimize the potential spread of this species from construction-related activities. NCDOT will also attempt to suppress the Kudzu within the ROW of the mitigation sites by herbicide applications prior to reforestation and during the required post construction monitoring period. The proposed riparian buffer for this channel would extend 50 feet from the top of bank from both sides and would total approximately 1.01 acres. The revised right-of-way encompasses the required easement area.

SITE 5 (WM 041-038)

The upper reach of Site 5 will be restored using Priority I restoration. At the upstream end of the proposed restoration a pipe and causeway will be removed and floodplain connectivity restored to both the right and left floodplains. Causeway removal and grading will result in 0.01 acres of temporary wetland impacts. Downstream, the existing channel will be relocated to the center of the existing floodplain and elevated so that bankfull and higher flows can access the existing floodplain. The lower reach of Site 5 will be relocated by re-establishing a natural stream channel and proper floodplain through the existing dam. The existing stream channel breached the dam along the east side of the floodplain and is therefore currently eroding the toe of the existing floodplain and the fill material of the old dam. The channel will be relocated back to the center of the existing floodplain and a significant portion of the dam will be removed to ensure

the upstream floodplain is hydraulically connected to the lower floodplain. The existing channels at Site 5 classify as incised E5 channels that are actively eroding in an effort to re-establish appropriate pattern and dimension. The appropriate dimension, pattern, and profile will be restored to the relocated channels in both the upper and lower reaches.

Special attention will be given to the change in flow regime that could occur from the storm water runoff of the proposed roadway. The proposed stream channel design anticipates the increased impervious area and increased flashy flows from contributing adjacent roadway stormwater runoff. This is achieved by maximizing radii of curvature to ensure that bends in the stream channel are gradual enough to accommodate flashy flows. Similarly, the belt width of the proposed stream channel is narrowed, slightly straightening the flood plain to convey flood flows without excessively increasing shear stress along the edges of the newly constructed floodplain.

All floodplains and floodplain slopes will be over-excavated 6 inches starting 3 feet from top of stream bank and backfilled with topsoil to final grade (see detail on OSM-2 in design plan sheets). Additionally, per NCDOT's Native Seeding and Mulching Provision, 4000 lbs/acre of lime will be applied and 500 lbs/acre of 10-20-20 fertilizer will be applied.

A Rosgen type C5 channel is proposed for both the upstream and downstream reaches. Rock and log in-stream structures will be installed along the restored reaches to ensure that the newly constructed stream channels remain stable until mature vegetation is established on the banks and native bed material is transported into the relocated channels. Preliminary design parameters for the proposed stream can be found in the morphological table in Appendix B. The proposed riparian buffer for this channel would extend 50 feet from the top of bank from both sides and would total approximately 2.18 acres. The required buffer will be included within proposed right-of-way in order to provide easements along proposed cut lines associated with the proposed stream restoration and to ensure a 50 foot minimum riparian buffer is provided on all stream reaches.

6.0 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Success for vegetation monitoring within the riparian buffer and wetland areas is based on the survival of at least 320 stems at year three and 260 stems of five year old trees at year five. Assessment of channel stability will be based on the survival of riparian vegetation and lack of significant bank erosion, channel widening or down-cutting.

7.0 MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

An As-built will be submitted within 60 days of completion of the project. The As-built will document changes in the dimension, pattern, profile, vegetation plantings, and structures of the constructed channels.

The following components of Level 1 monitoring will be performed each year of the 5-year monitoring period: Reference photos, plant survival (i.e., identify specific problem areas (missing, stressed, damaged or dead plantings), estimated causes and proposed/required remedial action); visual inspection of channel stability. Physical measurements of channel stability/morphology will not be performed. A monitoring report will be submitted within 60 days after completing the monitoring.

8.0 OTHER INFORMATION

STREAM REFERENCE RESTORATION STUDIES

A reference reach is a stream segment that represents a stable channel within particular valley morphology. A stable stream is defined as a stream, which over time and in the present climate transports the flows and sediment produced by its watershed in such a manner that the dimension, pattern, and profile are maintained without either aggrading or degrading (Rosgen, 1996, 1998).

The methodology used for the reference reach analysis consisted of the following tasks: (1) identify reference quality sections of the project reaches that could be used for dimension and/or pattern analysis, (2) identify nearby reference reaches that have been previously located and surveyed and can be used to provide pattern data, (3) survey and classify the stream morphology for the on-site reference reaches, and (4) develop dimensionless ratios based on reference reach data and past project data under similar morphological conditions.

Reference data collected during field investigations for on-site mitigation work for U-2525B were utilized as regional reference reaches. U-2525B is the Greensboro Eastern Loop project located in Guilford County between US Highway 70 and US Highway 29. These stable reference sections were identified within the project reaches where stable bankfull features had developed and provided information regarding bankfull dimension. These locations were identified by the presence of a consistent bankfull indicator, typically a well formed bankfull bench, and stable, vegetated stream banks. Cross-section surveys were conducted in these locations to evaluate stream dimension. The bankfull cross-section areas were then plotted versus drainage area and compared to published Rural Piedmont regional curve data, provided by the North Carolina Stream Restoration Institute (SRI) (See Figure on next page).

As illustrated in Figure labeled “Regional Curve Information Used for Design” on the following page, the cross sectional areas surveyed at stable reference reach locations correlates with the Rural Piedmont Regional Curve Data. Also, three of the four off-site reference reach locations agree with the Rural Piedmont Regional Curve Data. The stream designs were based on the collected data since this data was verified by the Rural Piedmont Regional Curve Data.

The majority of the work proposed for this project will consist of restoration or relocation approaches, with the exception of approximately 350 linear feet of Site 1 and 71 linear feet of Site 2 which will be enhancement. All of the sites will be designed as type "C" channels to provide for stable banks during construction and floodplain connectivity. With time the "C" channel will adjust to a stable "E" channel as vegetation establishes on the banks and width/depth ratios decrease. The enhancement work will consist of installing in-stream structures, along with limited channel grading, and planting the banks and riparian buffer. The in-stream structures will stabilize channel banks and halt progression of head cuts, and provide increased habitat.

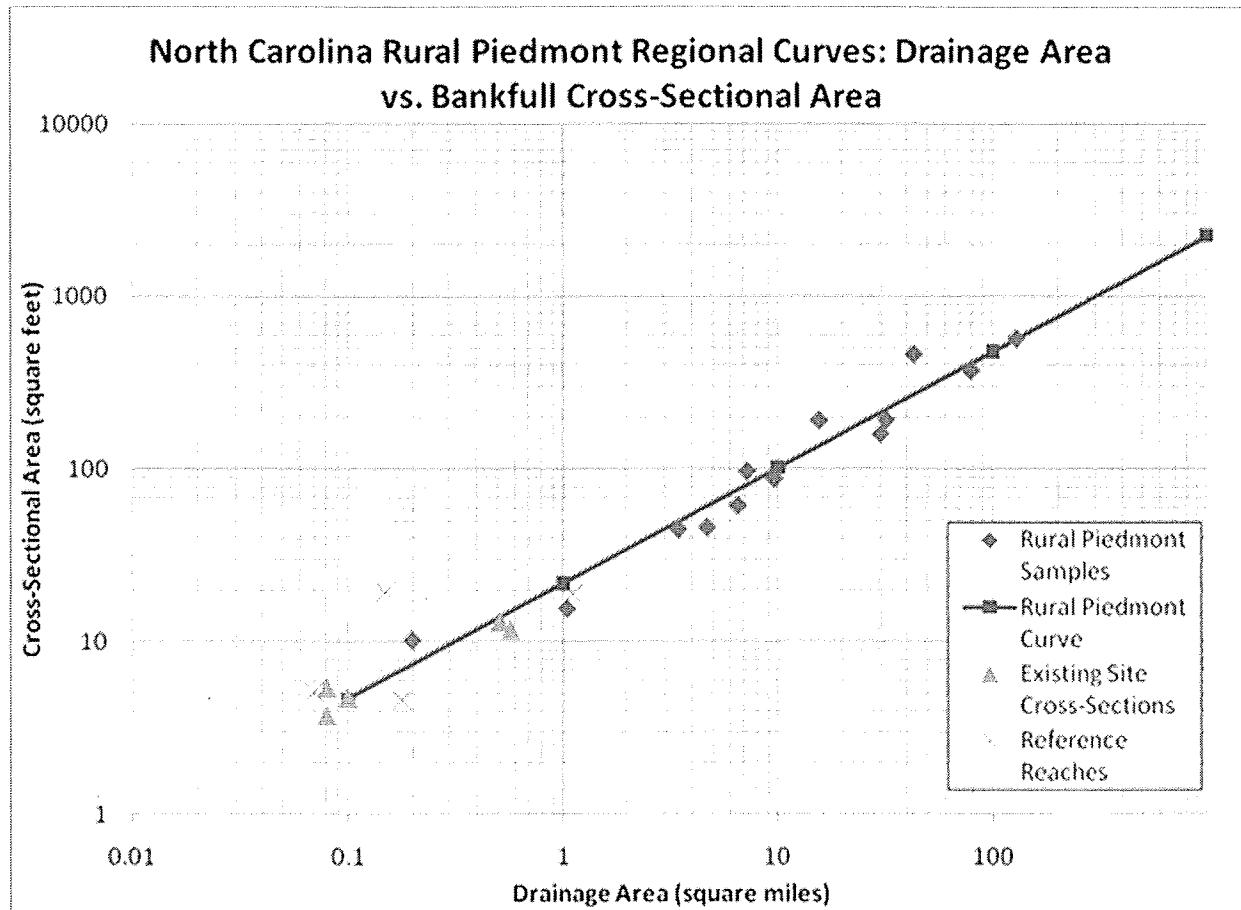


FIGURE: REGIONAL CURVE INFORMATION USED FOR DESIGN

Shear stress calculations were completed for all reaches and are included in Appendix C. The data show that the shear stresses for the proposed designs will generally be kept approximately the same or slightly increased with a few exceptions. Site 1 Lower shear stress will be increased to ensure proper sediment transport. Site 2 shear stress will be greatly increased from the existing conditions. This is because a significant 4.0 foot headcut exists in the current channel

resulting in abnormally flat reaches upstream and downstream of the headcut. The proposed conditions for Site 2 will distribute this drop over several grade control structures. Shear stress for Site 4 is increased to an appropriate level for sediment transport as compared to the very low existing conditions shear stress which currently does not provide proper sediment transport. Although most reaches do not have significant increases in shear stress, incorporation of instream structures for grade control is implemented on all reaches. This is especially important since all restoration/relocation sites will be excavated on new location and will not immediately have the properly sorted materials transported in from upstream. Constructed riffles and harvesting of existing bed material will be used to the extent feasible to provide this immediate supply of properly sorted bed material.

9.0 DETERMINATION OF CREDITS

NCDOT has made an effort to restore/relocate and enhance approximately 3,155 feet of streams adjacent to the R-2413A&B project to meet mitigation requirements. The streams are being purchased as right-of-way for the roadway project. These sites will have controlled access to ensure they are protected from local landowner encroachment. Also, placing these streams and riparian buffers into right-of-way guarantees that no future impacts will occur directly to these channels due to commercial or residential development along the corridor.

Sites 1 and 2 are both first order streams that drain directly into Reedy Creek, an NCDWQ classified NSW, and WS-III, that flows into Lake Brandt, part of Greensboro's water supply. USACE stream quality assessments scored 47 and 43 for Sites 1 and 2 respectively. By performing the restoration and enhancement measures outlined in this mitigation plan, NCDOT is providing quality in-kind stream mitigation immediately upstream and downstream of the proposed impact site.

Site 4 is a third order stream also draining into Reedy Creek. This UT scored 60 on the USACE stream quality assessments. The existing culvert and roadway embankment of Brookbank Road significantly constrict the floodplain of this stream. The removal of the existing culvert and roadway embankment daylights 70+ feet stream and restores floodplain connectivity and capacity, immediately downstream of the proposed impact.

The UT to the Haw River to be restored/relocated at Site 5 scored 63 on the USACE stream quality assessment. However, this evaluation was completed on a section of the stream downstream of the proposed mitigation work. The proposed mitigation work will take place on a section of stream that has been altered by the construction of an earth dam. The breaching/failure of this dam caused a huge slope failure at the lower end of Site 5, and in turn is resulting in significant channel incision and head cutting at the upstream end of Site 5. UT's within the proposed mitigation work area (JD streams S4 and S5) scored only 40 points on the

USACE stream quality assessment. Further, significant timber logging has taken place at the upstream end of Site 5 since the assessments were performed. NCDOT's proposed mitigation will restore this stream and its buffer to function at its "pre-dam" level. This in-kind mitigation is located immediately upstream and downstream of the proposed impact and will ultimately help improve water quality flowing into the Haw River, NCDWQ classification WS-V; NSW.

NCDOT proposes to restore/relocate and enhance approximately 2,945 feet of streams and associated buffer adjacent to the R-2413A&B project, in partial fulfillment of mitigation requirements. The planned stream mitigation will restore significant lengths of degraded headwater streams that drain directly into water supply and nutrient sensitive streams. The proposed stream designs also take into account potential future watershed conditions. By placing the mitigation projects within right-of-way NCDOT has protected these sites for the future. NCDOT has considerable experience and a history of success with the design and construction of on-site stream mitigation projects. There are presently no known in lieu fee or mitigation bank sites within the 14-digit HUC of the proposed mitigation sites. Existing in lieu fee and mitigation bank sites within the same 8-digit HUC are all located downstream of Greensboro's water supply reservoirs.

Based on the factors outlined above, NCDOT proposes the credit ratios shown below in Table 4. All remaining unavoidable stream impacts will be offset by compensatory mitigation provided by the Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP).

MITIGATION SUMMARY

TABLE 4. MITIGATION IMPACT SUMMARY AND PROPOSED CREDITS*

Mitigation Site No.	Mitigation Description	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)	Existing Channel Impacts Temp. (ft)	Natural Stream Design (ft)	Credit Ratio	Proposed Credit (ft)
1 Upper	Enhancement		350	350	2:1	175
	Restoration	368		304	1:1	304
1 Lower	Restoration	505	53	509	1:1	509
2 Upper	Relocation	308		424	1:1	424
2 Lower	Restoration	513		482	1:1	482
	Enhancement		87	71	2:1	36
4	Restoration		**	250	1:1	250
5 Upper***	Restoration	403	20	373	1:1	373
5 Lower	Restoration/ Relocation	746		392	1:1	392
TOTALS		2843	510	3155		2945

Table 4. notes:

- * Impacts associated roadway fill slopes, culverts, and pipes are listed on the Wetland Impact Summary Sheet for Sites 12, 13, 14, and 21 on R-2413A and Site 8 for R-2413B.
- ** Impacts for Mitigation Site 4 are included in the impact summary sheet for R-2413A, Site 21
- *** Temporary wetland impacts associated with Mitigation Site 5 Upper are included in the Wetland Impact Summary Sheet for R-2413B, Site 8c.

9.1 CREDIT RELEASE SCHEDULE

NCDOT proposes immediate, full release of the proposed stream mitigation as outlined above as on-site mitigation for unavoidable stream impacts associated with R-2413 A&B.

10.0 GEOGRAPHIC SERVICE AREA

The proposed Geographic Service Area (GSA) for the mitigation sites is composed of the 8-digit Hydrologic Cataloging Unit (HUC) 03030002.

11.0 MAINTENANCE PLAN

The mitigation site will be held by NCDOT and placed on the NES mitigation geodatabase. Once monitoring is completed and the site is closed out, it will be placed in the NCDOT Stewardship Program for long term maintenance and protection.

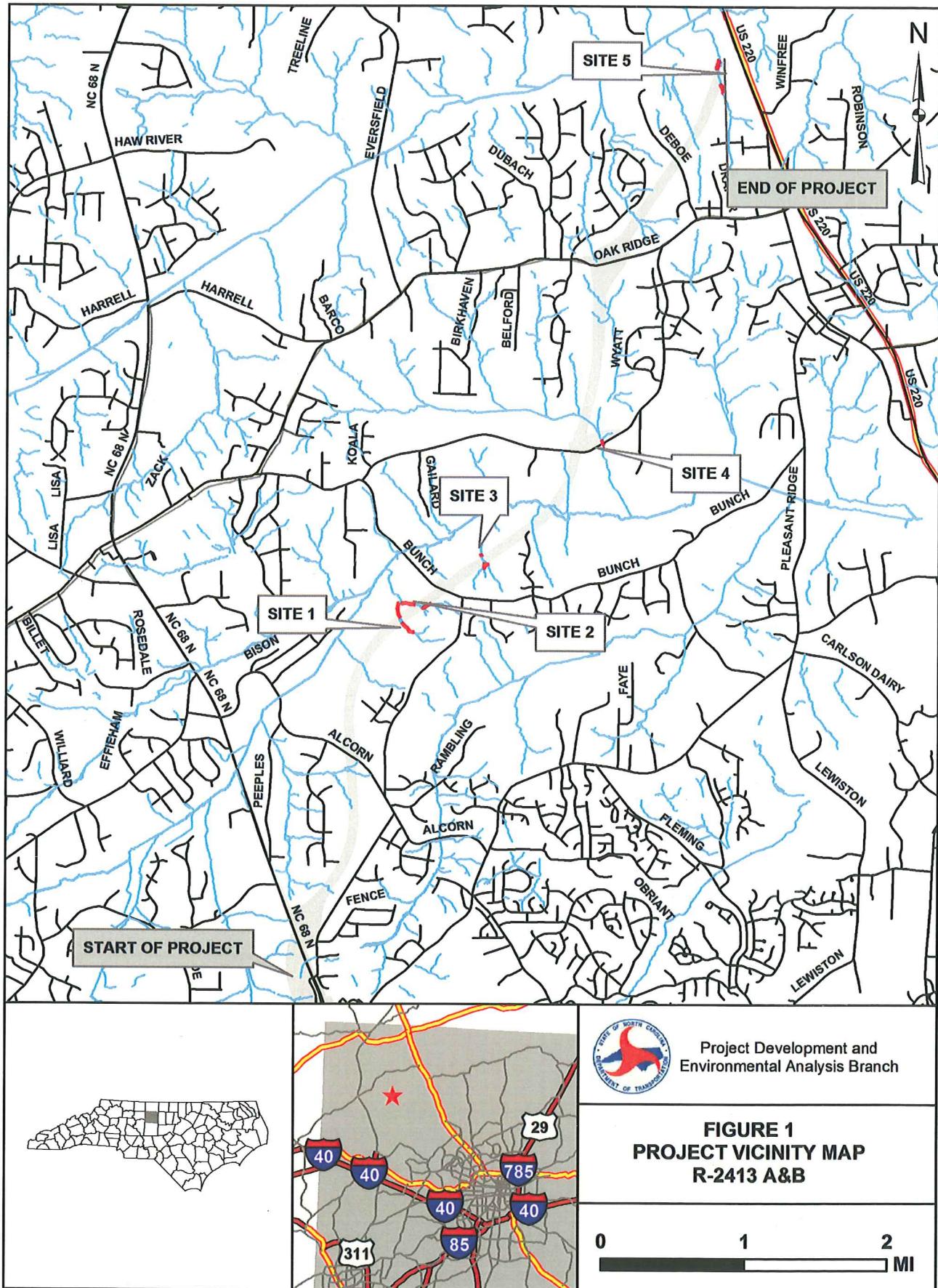
If an appropriate third party recipient is identified in the future, then the transfer of the property will include a conservation easement or other measure to protect the natural features and mitigation value of the site in perpetuity.

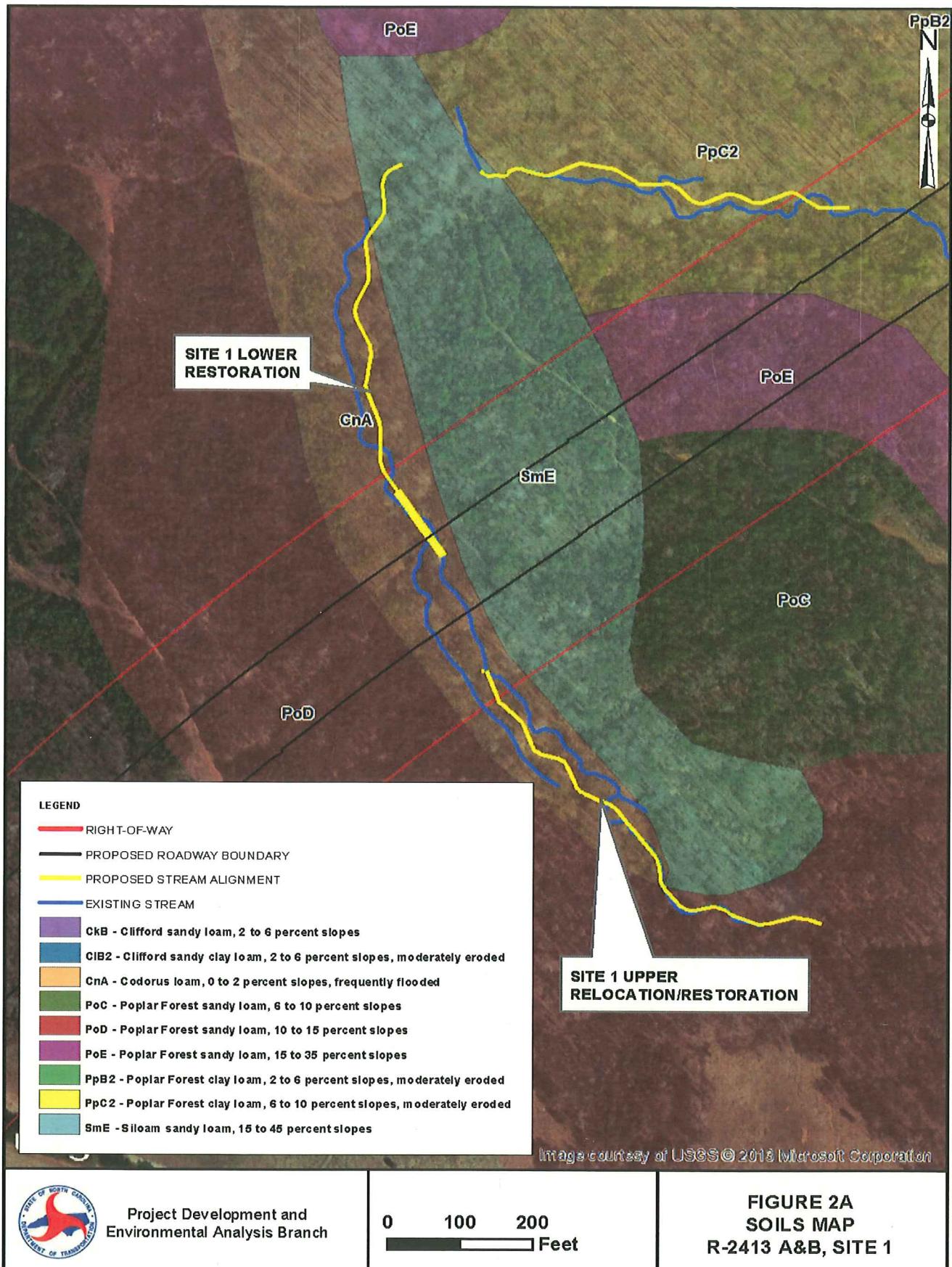
12.0 LONG TERM ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN

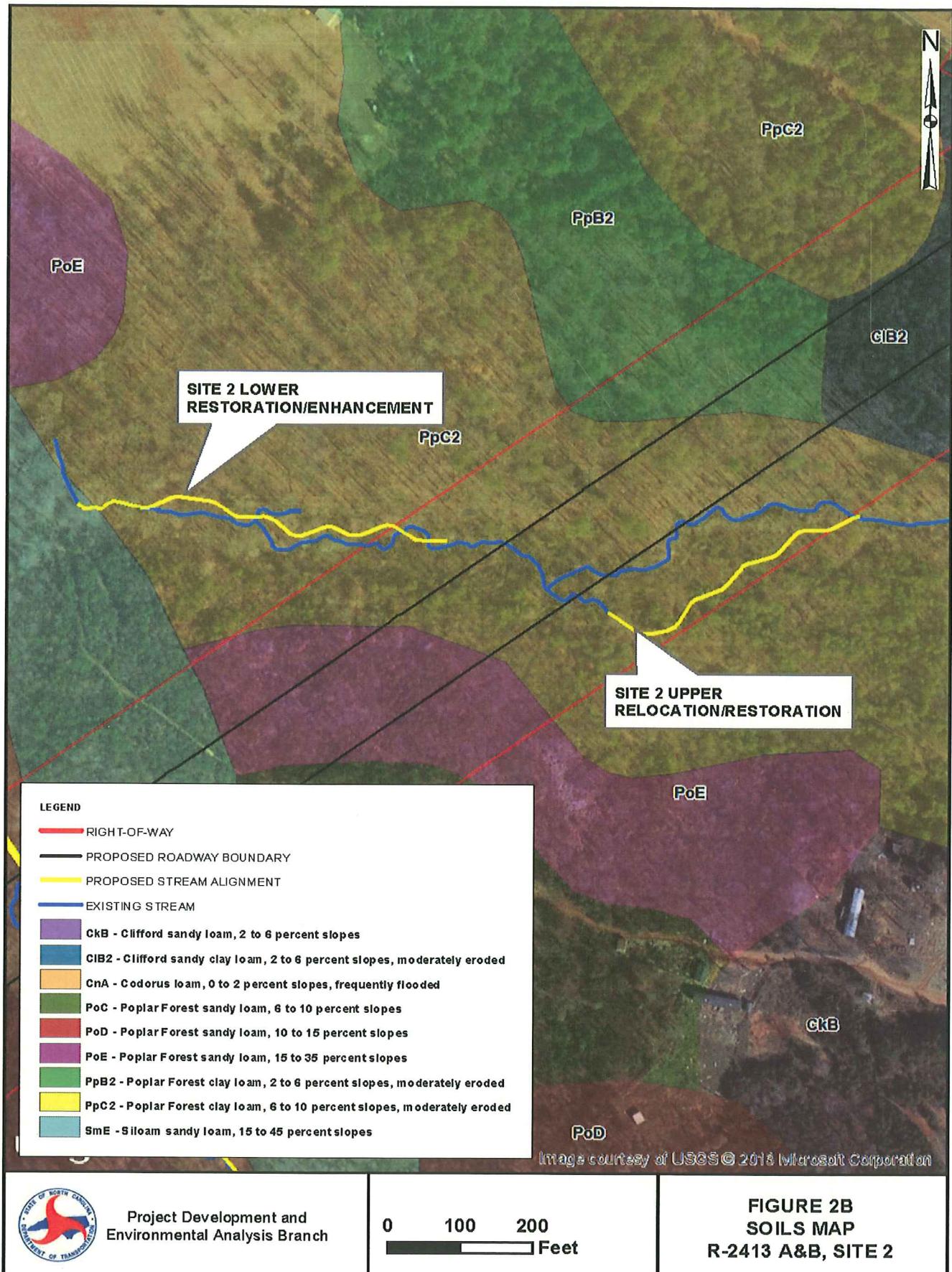
The sites will be managed by the NCDOT according to the mitigation plan. Beaver management will be instituted during the monitoring period. Encroachments into the area will be investigated and appropriate measures taken to minimize any negative effects. In the event that unforeseen issues arise that affect the management of the site, any remediation will be addressed by NCDOT in coordination with the Interagency Review Team.

13.0 FINANCIAL ASSURANCES

NCDOT is held by permit conditions associated with R-2413 A&B to preserve the stream restoration and enhancement areas. NCDOT has established funds for each project and within each Division to monitor the mitigation site and to protect it in perpetuity.



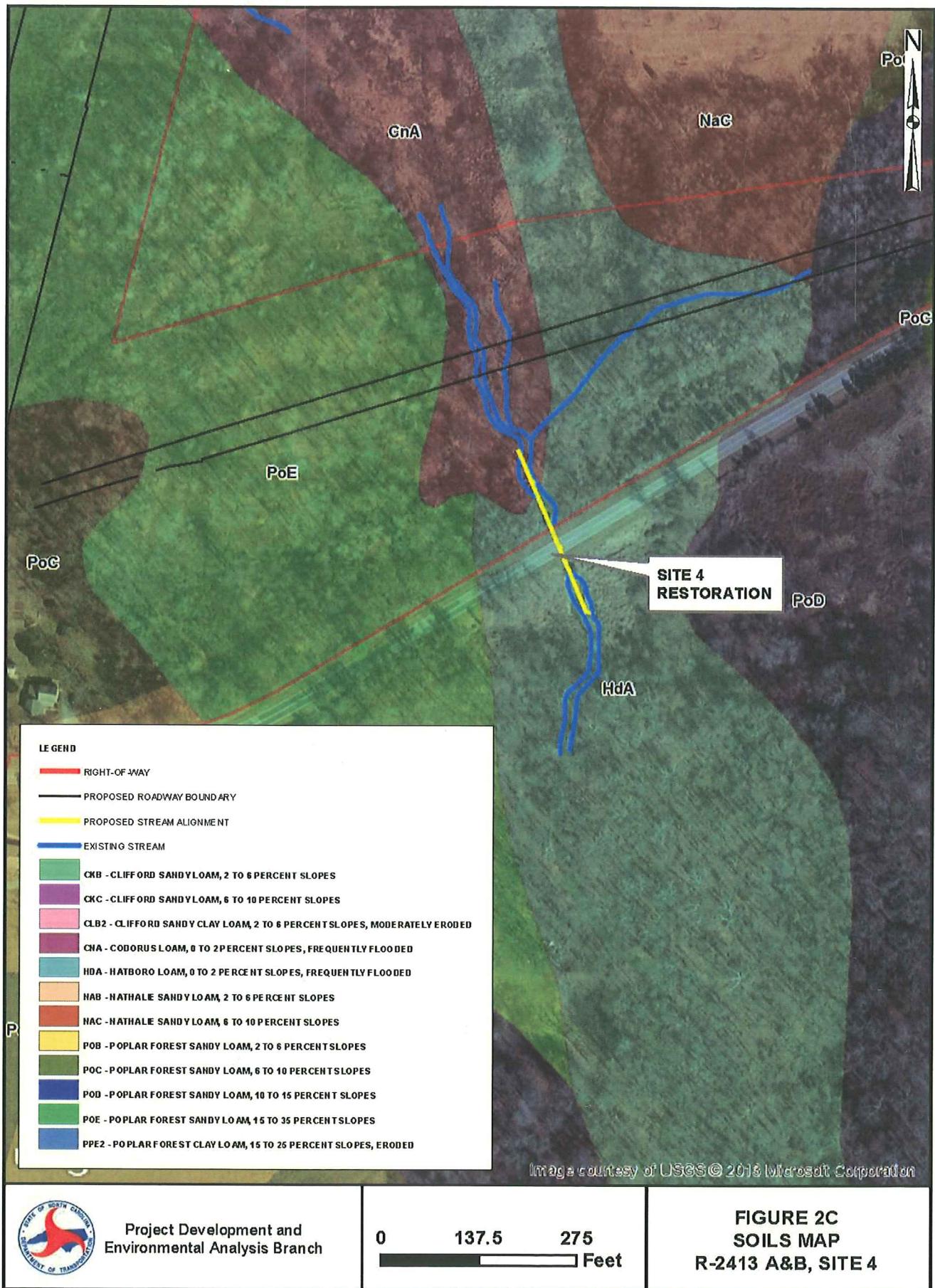


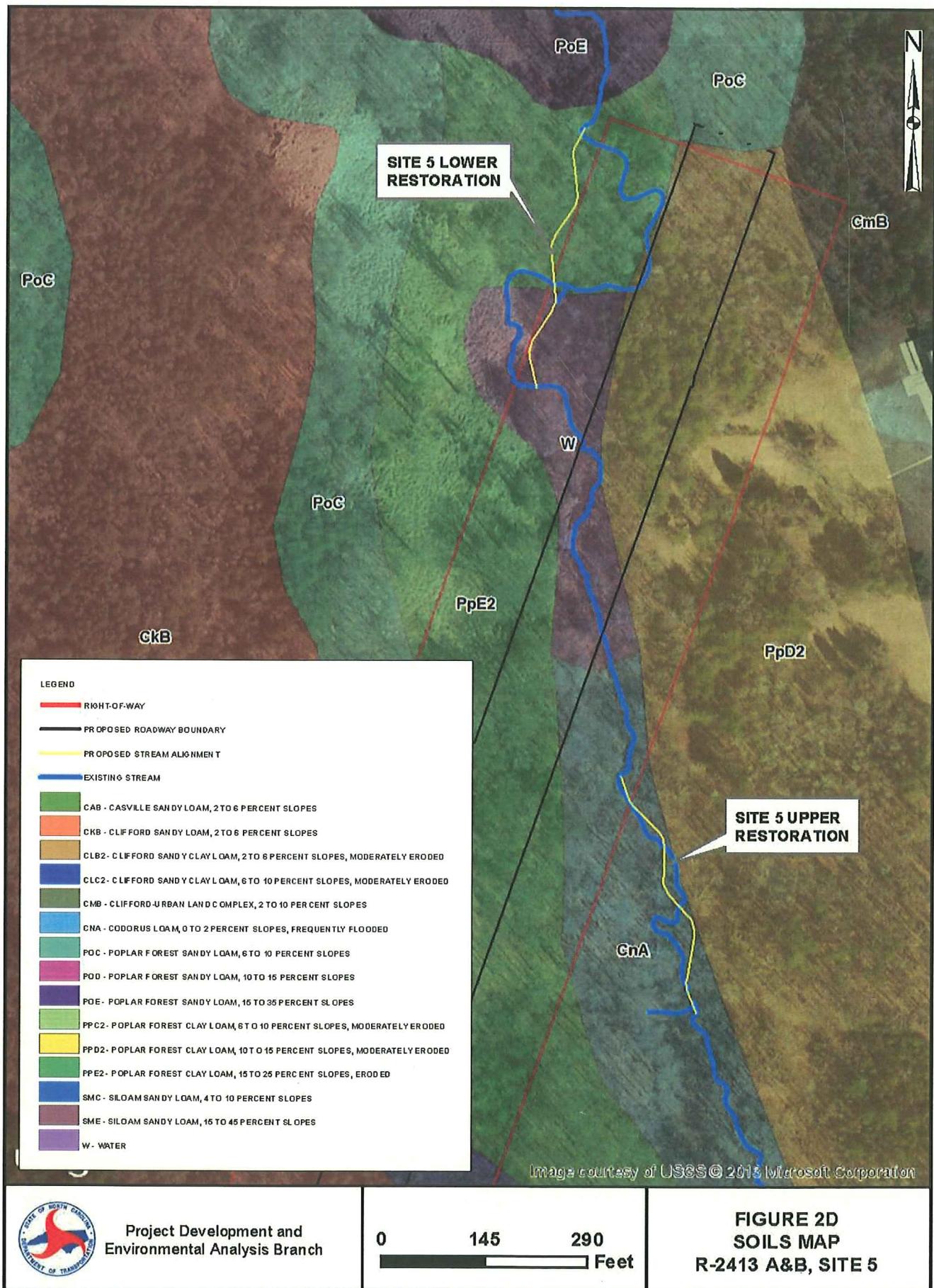


Project Development and Environmental Analysis Branch

0 100 200 Feet

**FIGURE 2B
SOILS MAP
R-2413 A&B, SITE 2**

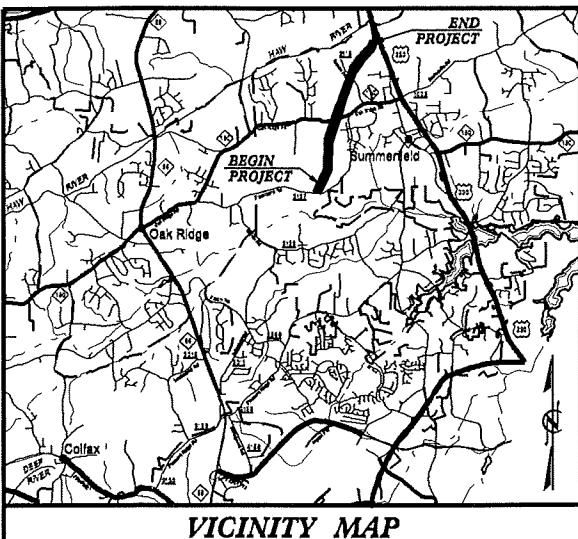




CONTRACT:

TIP PROJECT: R-2413 A&B

09/26/11



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

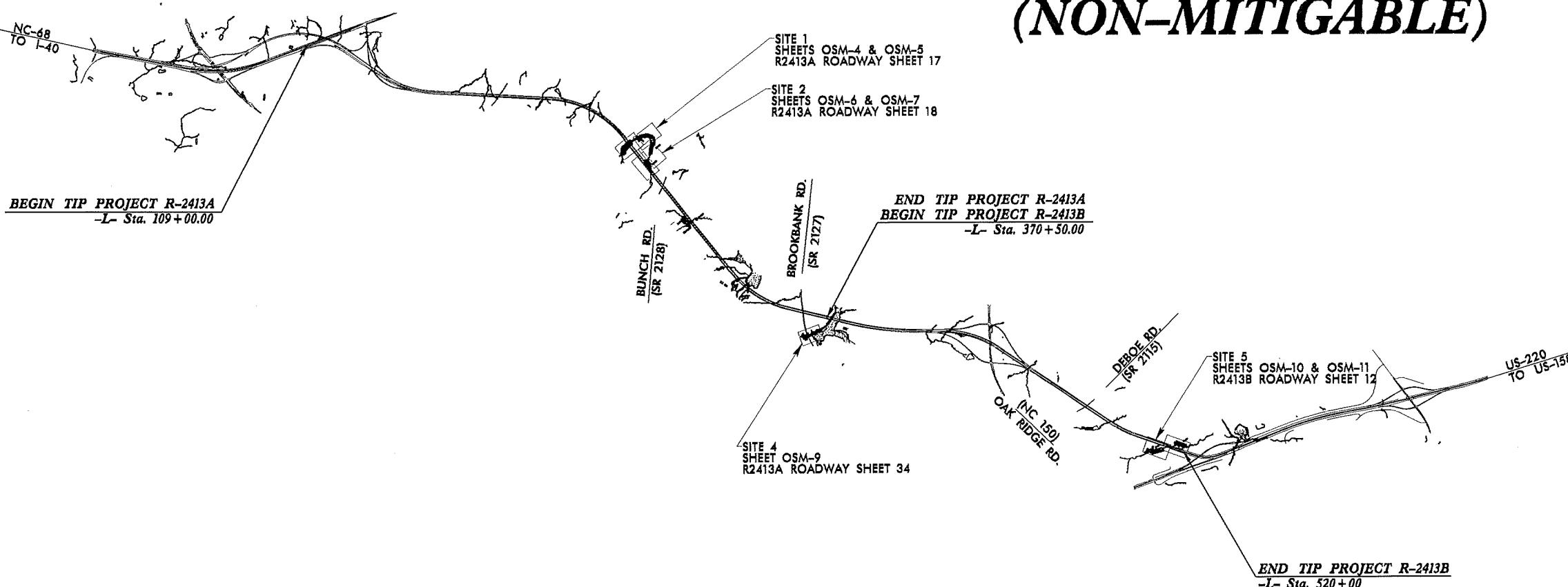
PLAN FOR ON-SITE MITIGATION GUILFORD COUNTY

**LOCATION: NC 68 CONNECTOR - FROM SR 2011
(EDGEFIELD ROAD) TO HAW RIVER**

TYPE OF WORK: STREAM RELOCATION, STREAM RESTORATION, STREAM ENHANCEMENT

NAD 83

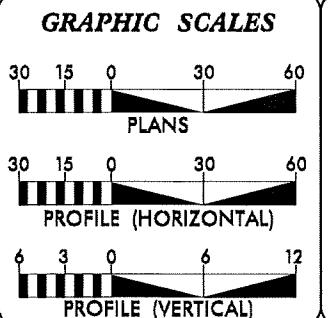
STREAM MITIGATION IMPACTS (NON-MITIGABLE)



REV. 07/02/2013

NC DOT CONTACT: PETE ALLEN

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



DESIGN DATA

PROJECT LENGTH

<u>MITIGATION SITE</u>	<u>MITIGATION TYPE</u>	<u>LENGTH</u>
SITE 1	RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT	870LF
SITE 2	RELOCATION/RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT	900LF
SITE 4	RESTORATION	250LF
SITE 5	RESTORATION/RELOCATION	760LF

2011 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

DESIGN ENGINEER

**DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA**

P.E.
STATE DESIGN ENGINEER

APPROVED
DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR

Impacts Associated with Mitigation (Non-mitigable)

A diagram consisting of a large rectangle divided into four quadrants by a diagonal line from the top-left corner to the bottom-right corner. The two quadrants on the left side of the diagonal are shaded with diagonal lines and labeled 'S' in the center of each.

DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

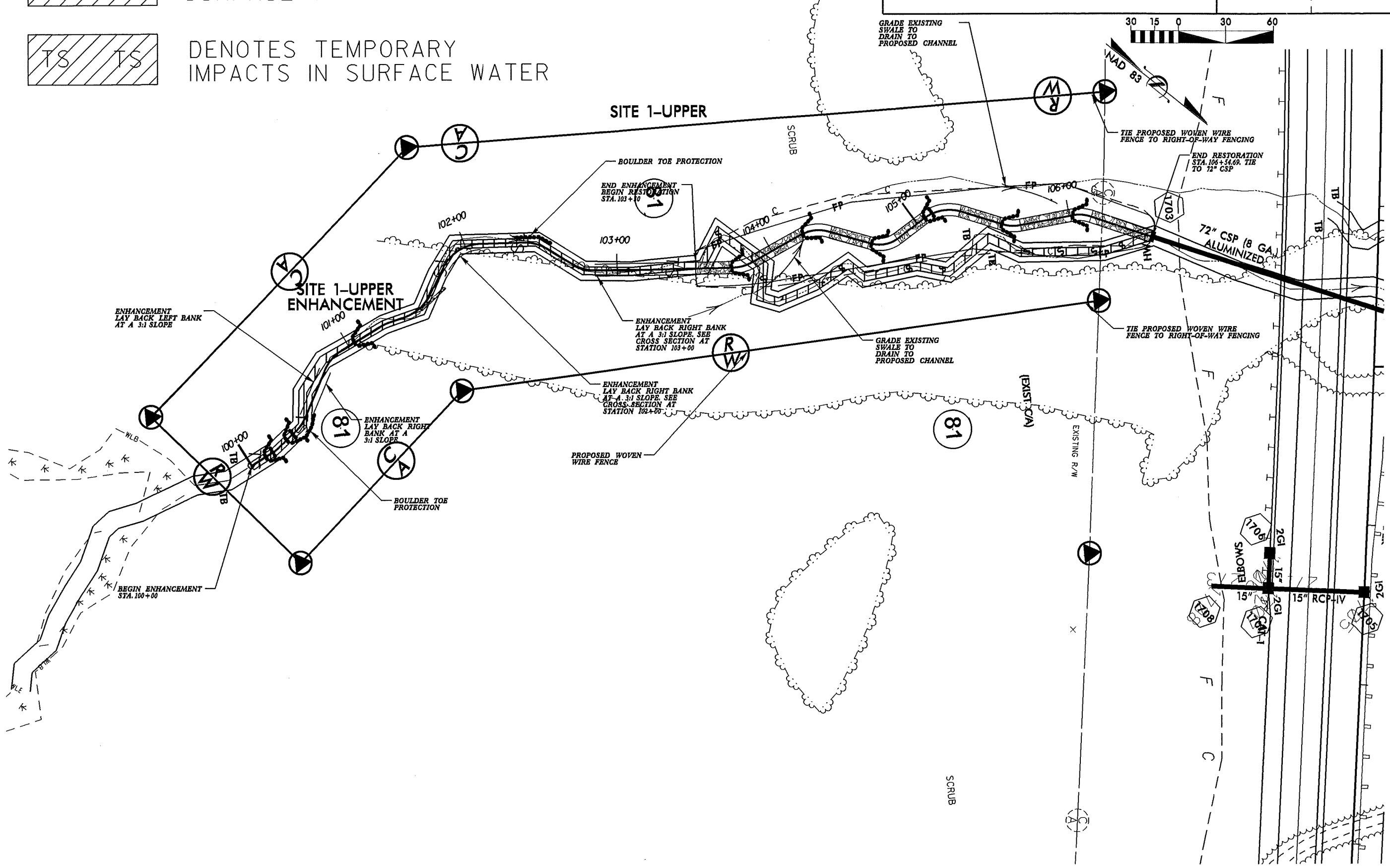
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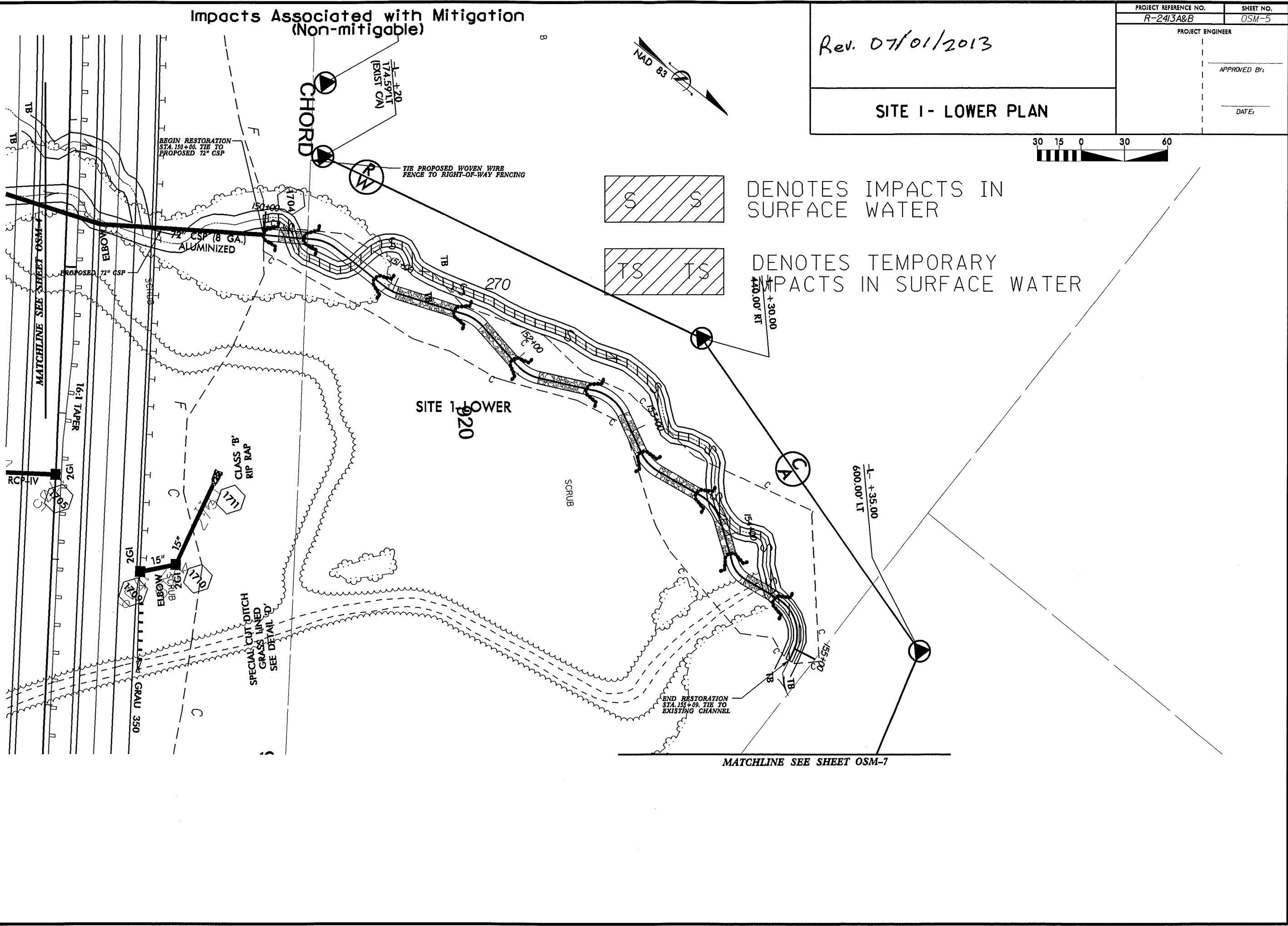
DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER

Rev. 07/01/2013

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-4
PROJECT ENGINEER	
	APPROVED BY:
	DATE:

SITE I-UPPER PLAN



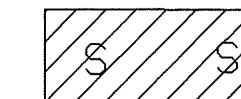


PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B
SHEET NO. OSM-6
PROJECT ENGINEER
APPROVED BY:
DATE:

Impacts Associated with Mitigation
(Non-mitigable)

Rev. 07/01/2013

SITE 2-UPPER PLAN



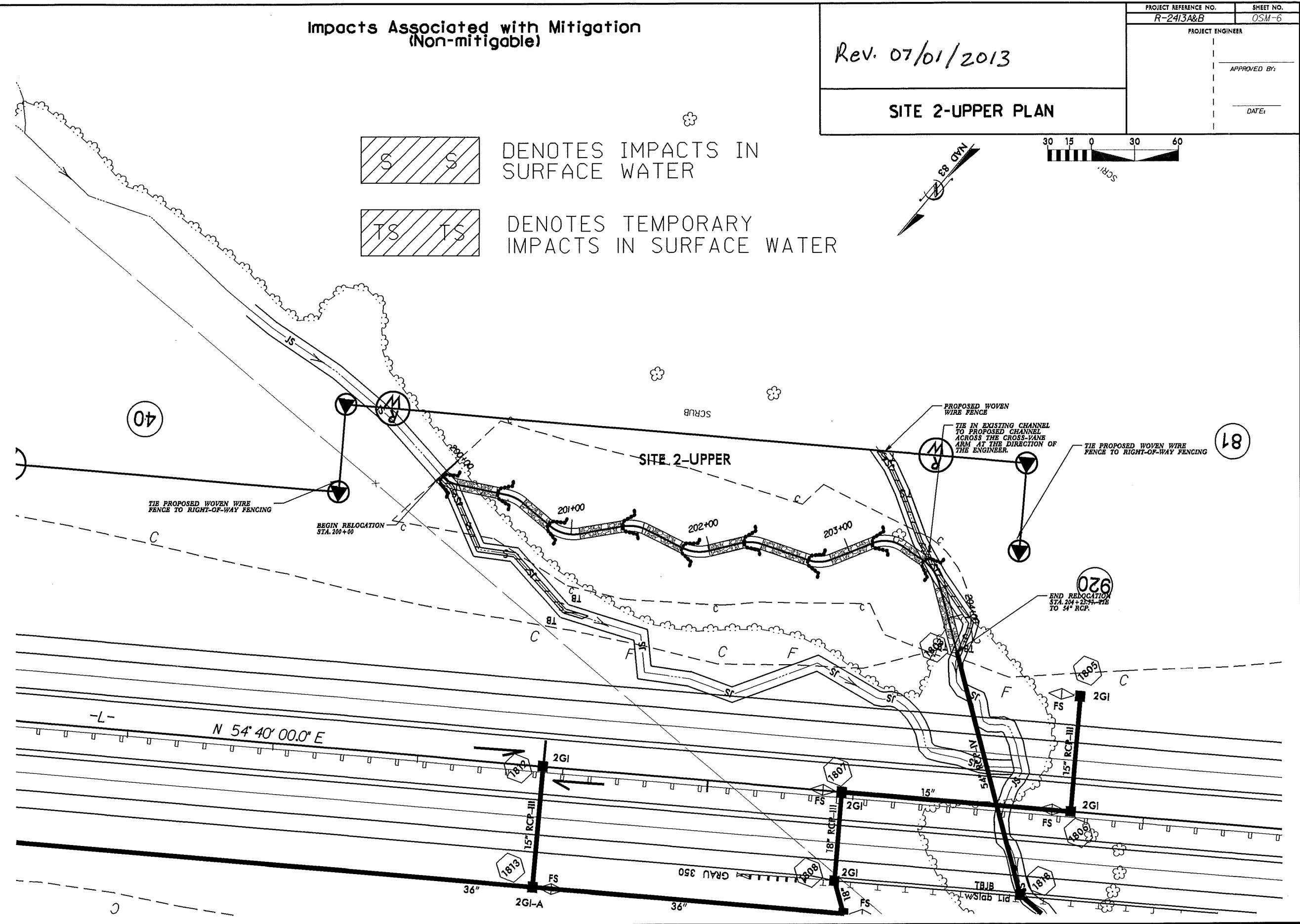
DENOTES IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER



DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATER



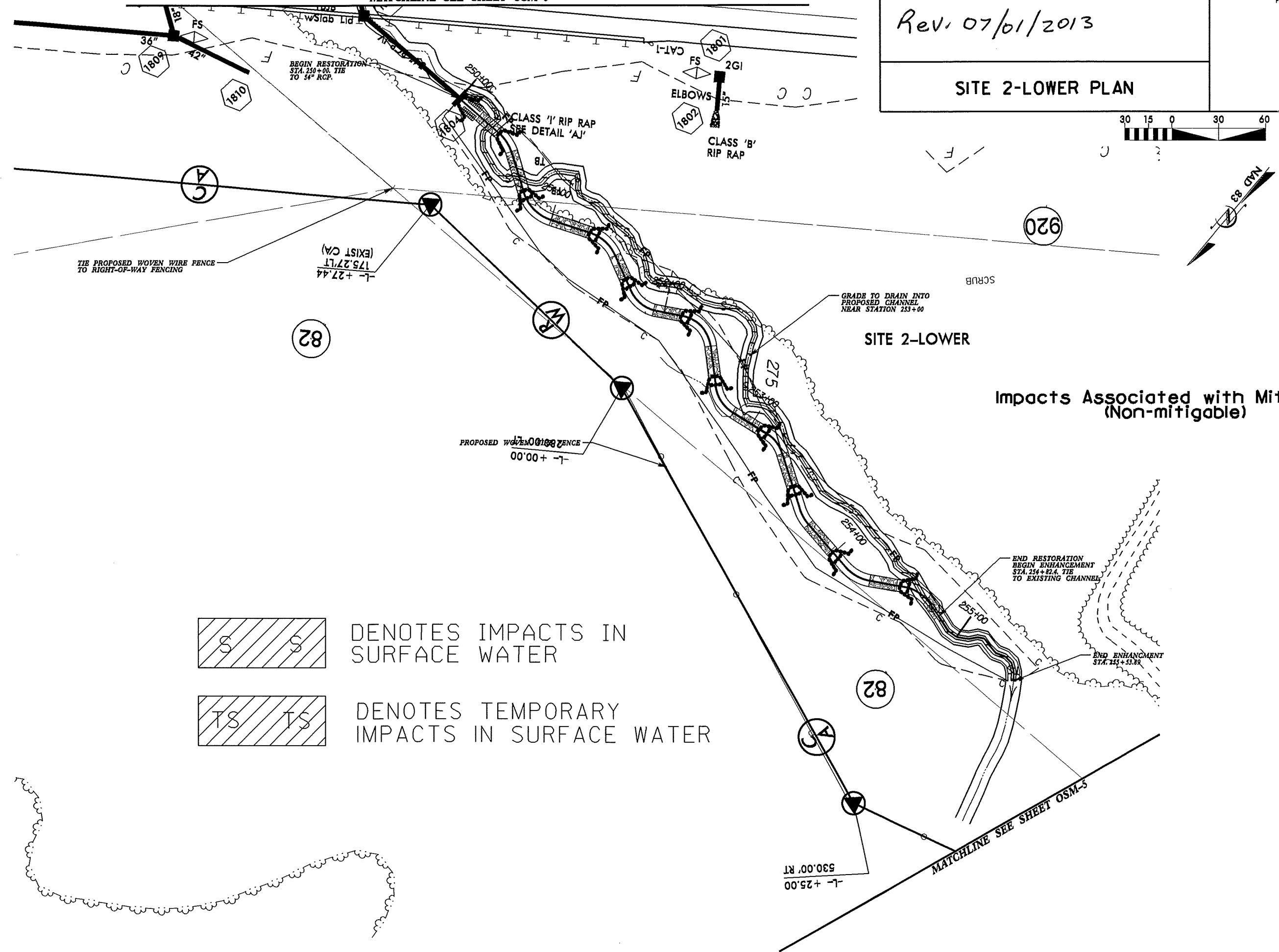
SCR.



Rev. 07/01/2013

SITE 2-LOWER PLAN

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-7
PROJECT ENGINEER	
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	



Impacts Associated with Mitigation (Non-mitigable)

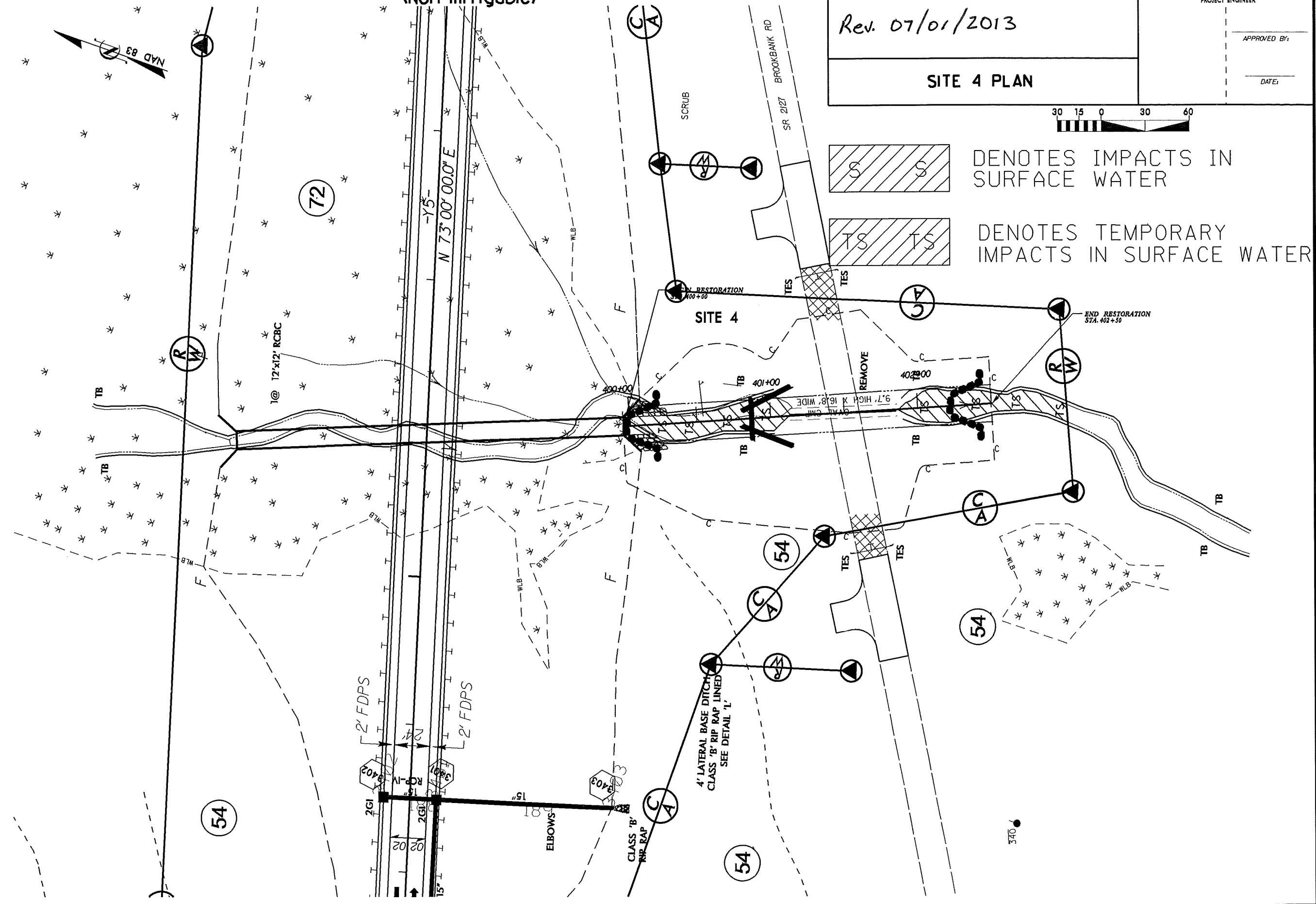
DENOTES IMPACTS
SURFACE WATER



DENOTES TEMPORARY IMPACTS IN SURFACE WATE



**Impacts Associated with Mitigation
(Non-mitigable)**

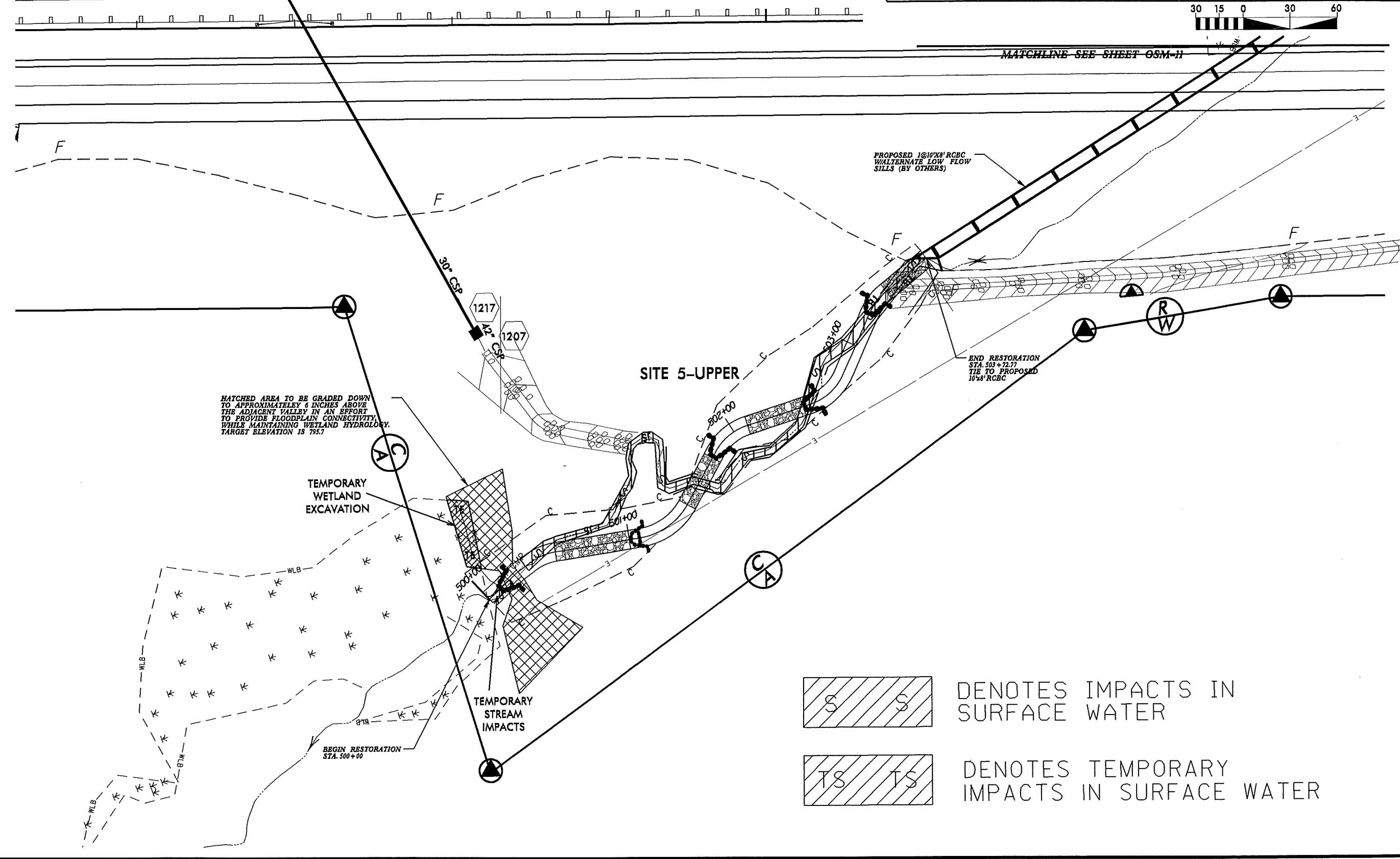


**Impacts Associated with Mitigation
(Non-mitigable)**

Rev. 07/01/2013

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-9
PROJECT ENGINEER	
APPROVED BY:	

SITE 5-UPPER PLAN



Rev. 07/01/2013

SITE 5-LOWER PLAN

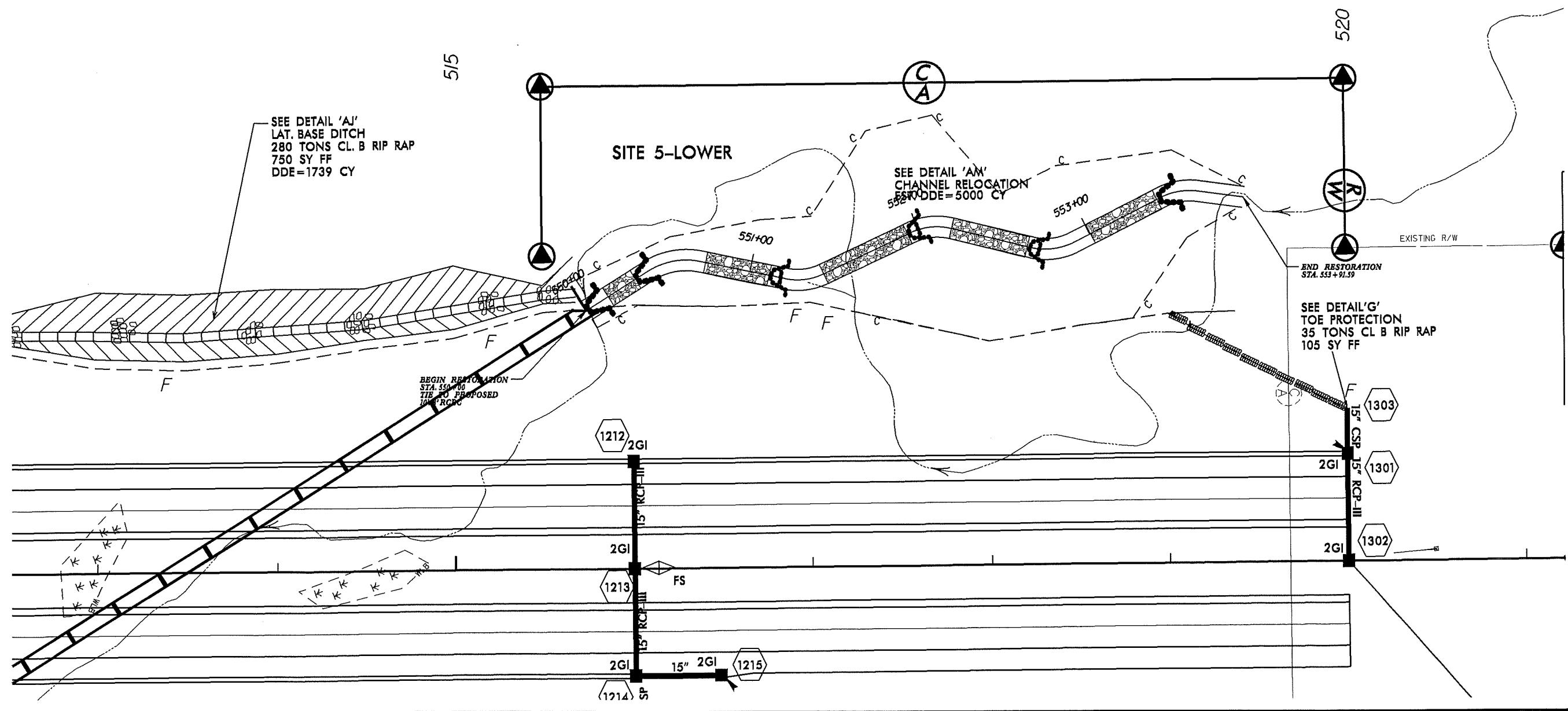
NAD 83

APPROVED BY:

SHEET NO.

OSM-10

DATE:



Mitigation Site No.	Mitigation Station (Station/From/To)	Mitigation Description	WETLAND IMPACTS				SURFACE WATER IMPACTS			
			Permanent Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Temp. Fill In Wetlands (ac)	Excavation in Wetlands (ac)	Mechanized Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Hand Clearing in Wetlands (ac)	Permanent SW impacts (ac)	Temp. SW impacts (ac)	Existing Channel Impacts Permanent (ft)
1 Upper	100+00 to 103+50	Enhancement								350
	103+50 to 106+55	Restoration								304
1 Lower	150+00 to 155+09	Restoration								509
2 Upper	200+00 to 204+24	Relocation								225
2 Lower	250+00 to 255+54	Restoration								87
		Enhancement								71
4	400+00 to 402+50	Restoration								*
										250
5 Upper	500+00 to 503+73	Restoration								403
										20
										373
5 Lower	550+00 to 553+92	Restoration/ Relocation								**
										392
TOTALS:										2014
										593
										3155

* - Impacts for Site 4 are included in the impact summary table for R-2413A Site 21

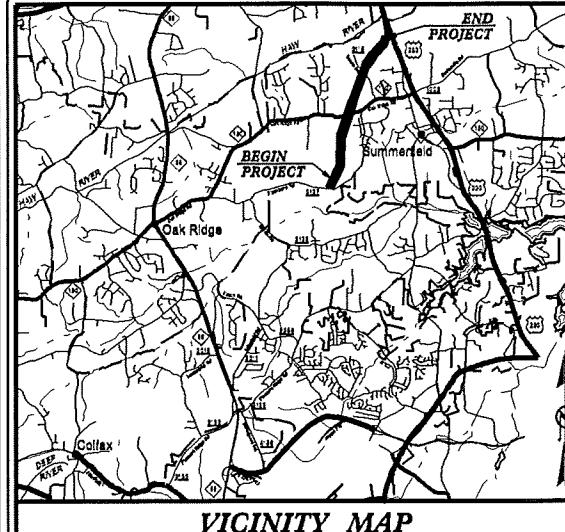
** - Impacts for Site 5 Lower are included in the impact summary table for R-2413B Site 8

For impacts associated with the roadway fill slopes, culverts and pipes please see Wetland Impact Summary Sheet for Site 12, Site 13 and Site 21 on R-2413A and Site 8 for R-2413B
Temporary Wetland Impacts associated with Site 5 Upper are shown in the Wetland Impact Summary Sheet for R-2413B Site 8

CONTRACT.

TIP PROJECT: R-2413 A&B

09/126/11



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

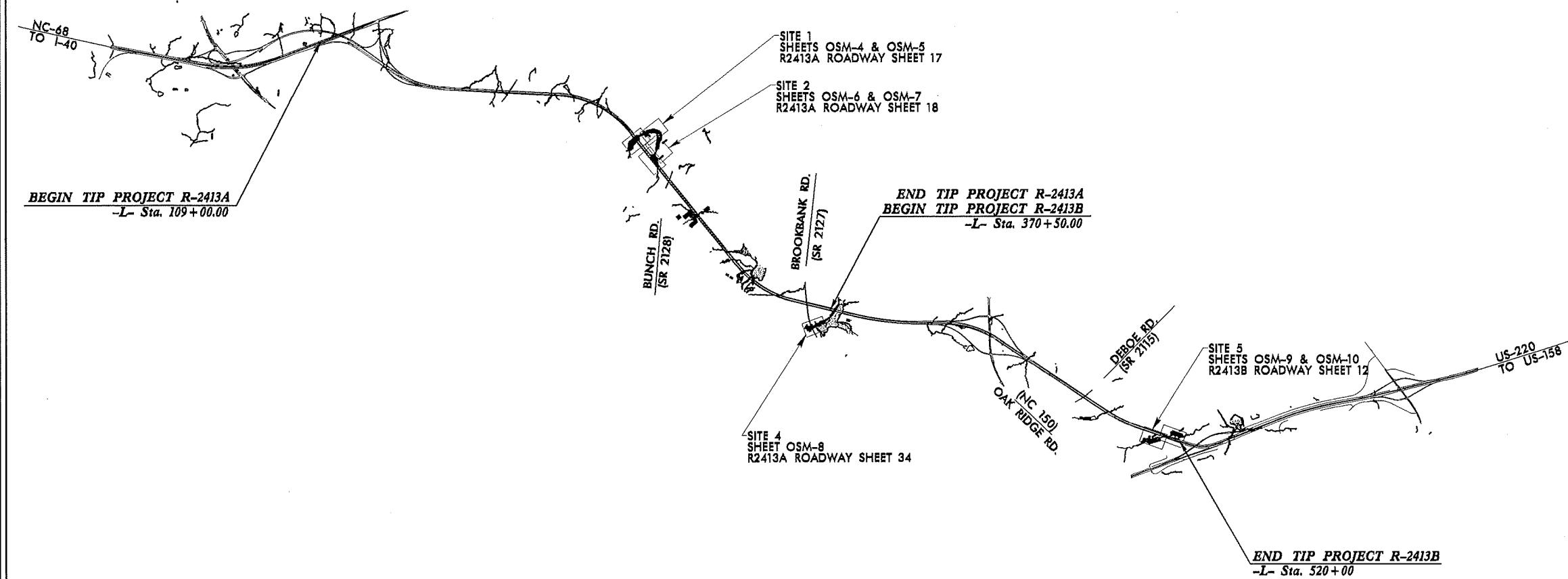
PLAN FOR ON-SITE MITIGATION GUILFORD COUNTY

**LOCATION: NC 68 CONNECTOR - FROM SR 2011
(EDGEFIELD ROAD) TO HAW RIVER**

TYPE OF WORK: STREAM RELOCATION, STREAM RESTORATION, STREAM ENHANCEMENT

NAD 83

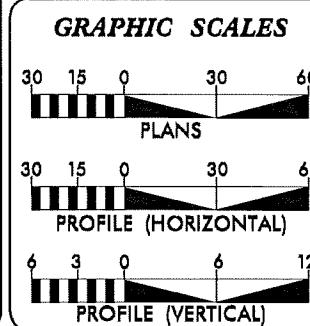
NAD 8



REV. 07/01/2013

NC DOT CONTACT: PETE ALLEN

PRELIMINARY PLANS
DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION



DESIGN DATA

PROJECT LENGTH

<u>MITIGATION SITE</u>	<u>MITIGATION TYPE</u>	<u>LENGTH</u>
SITE 1	RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT	870L
SITE 2	RELOCATION/RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT	900L
SITE 4	RESTORATION	250L
SITE 5	RESTORATION/RELOCATION	760L



 Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.
EIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27836-3068

DESIGN ENGINEER

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

P.E.
STATE DESIGN ENGINEER
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

APPROVED
DIVISION ADMINISTRATOR

Rev. 07-01-2013

09/26/11

GENERAL NOTES

ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

- A) NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND STRUCTURES", DATED JANUARY 2012, AND ANY SUPPLEMENTS THERETO ISSUED PRIOR TO THE DATE OF RECEIPT OF BIDS.
- B) NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS, ENGLISH", DATED JANUARY 2012, AND ANY SUPPLEMENTS ISSUED THERETO PRIOR TO THE DATE OF RECEIPT OF BIDS.

ALL RIGHT OF WAY CORNER MARKERS OR FENCING SHALL BE PLACED BY OTHERS AS NECESSARY.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING ANY DISTURBANCE OR DAMAGE TO EXISTING UTILITIES AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMMEDIATELY REPAIRING ANY DAMAGES AT A COST INCIDENTAL TO THIS CONTRACT.

ABANDONED SECTIONS OF THE EXISTING CHANNEL SHALL BE FILLED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT FEASIBLE WITH MATERIAL EXCAVATED ON-SITE. THIS EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE STOCKPILED ADJACENT TO THE REACHES OF CHANNEL OR DITCHES TO BE BACKFILLED.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY UTILIZE THE DESIGNATED STAGING AREA AND THE AREA INSIDE THE PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY FOR STAGING AND STOCKPILING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS.

THE STREAM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TYPICAL SECTIONS.

SUBSURFACE PLANS: NO SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE AVAILABLE ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD MAKE HIS OWN INVESTIGATION AS TO THE SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS.

ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS

(REV. JANUARY 2012)

THE FOLLOWING ROADWAY STANDARDS AS APPEAR IN "ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS" - ROADWAY DESIGN UNIT - N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - RALEIGH, N.C., DATED JANUARY 2012 AND THE LATEST REVISION THERETO ARE APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT AND BY REFERENCE HEREBY ARE CONSIDERED A PART OF THESE PLANS.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

THIS STREAM MITIGATION PROJECT CONSISTS OF FIVE SITES. ONCE WORK BEGINS ON A STREAM SITE, THE CONTRACTOR MUST COMPLETE THAT SITE BEFORE MOVING WORK CREWS AND EQUIPMENT TO A DIFFERENT SITE, UNLESS APPROVED TO DO SO BY THE ENGINEER.

LAYOUT LOCATION OF THE NEW STREAM CHANNEL, CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT LIMITS, AND GRADE STAKES, THE ENGINEER MUST INSPECT AND APPROVE ALL LAYOUT WORK BEFORE CONSTRUCTION MAY BEGIN.

MOBILIZE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS TO THE SITE.

INSTALL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE PER EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

ESTABLISH STAGING AREAS AND MARK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ACCESS LOCATIONS WITH VISIBLE MARKERS. CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CONTAINED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION AS DEPICTED IN THE PLANS OR SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.

INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

BEGIN FLOODPLAIN GRADING, INCLUDING EXCAVATION OF BANKFULL BENCHES AT LOCATIONS DEPICTED IN THE PLANS AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. STOCKPILE MATERIALS IN AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS, KEEP TOPSOIL SEPARATE FROM OTHER STOCKPILE MATERIAL. TOPSOIL MATERIAL WILL BE USED LATER ON IN THE FLOODPLAIN.

TOPSOIL SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND STOCKPILED SEPARATELY FROM THE WASTE MATERIAL SO THAT IT CAN BE PLACED BACK ON THE FLOODPLAIN ONCE GRADING IS COMPLETE. NO DIRECT PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR THIS EXCAVATION. OVER-EXCAVATE FLOODPLAIN AND FLOODPLAIN SLOPES TO A DEPTH OF 6' BELOW FINAL GRADE AND PLACE 6' OF TOPSOIL TO FILL TO FINAL GRADE. OVER-EXCAVATION SHOULD BEGIN 3' FROM TOP OF BANK AND EXTEND TO EXCAVATION LIMITS. SEE TYPICAL SECTIONS FOR DETAIL.

INSTALL IMPERVIOUS DIKES AND PUMP AROUND SYSTEM TO PUMP STREAM DISCHARGE AROUND THE IMMEDIATE WORK AREA AS NECESSARY.

CONSTRUCTION SHALL PROCEED IN SUCCESSIVE REACHES WITH THE UPSTREAM REACH BEING COMPLETED PRIOR TO INITIATING CONSTRUCTION OF THE ADJACENT DOWNSTREAM REACH. EACH REACH SHALL BE LIMITED IN LENGTH TO WORK THAT CAN BE COMPLETED BEFORE ALLOWING WATER TO FLOW THROUGH THAT REACH. COMPLETION OF A REACH SHALL CONSIST OF CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION, FLOODPLAIN GRADING, IN-STREAM STRUCTURE INSTALLATION, BED MATERIAL INSTALLATION, AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE DONE IN THE DRY, WITH THE CHANNEL FLOW PUMPED AROUND THE REACH UNDER CONSTRUCTION AS NECESSARY.

AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S CONSTRUCTION WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SEED ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND COVER THE STREAM BANKS AND BANKFULL BENCHES WITH COIR FIBER MATTING. IN ADDITION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ON A DAILY BASIS THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS.

ONCE NEW CHANNEL CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL STREAM PLUGS TO DIRECT STREAM FLOW INTO THE NEW CHANNEL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL THEN FILL IN THE ABANDONED SECTIONS OF THE EXISTING CHANNEL TO THE EXTENT FEASIBLE AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR WILL ENSURE THAT VEGETATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED ALONG THE BANKS OF THE NEW STREAM CHANNEL BEFORE DIRECTING FLOW INTO THE NEW STREAM CHANNEL. FOR NEW STREAM CHANNEL REACHES WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD GET APPROVAL FROM THE ENGINEER BEFORE DIRECTING FLOW INTO THE NEW STREAM CHANNEL.

AFTER ALL IN-STREAM WORK IS COMPLETED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND TEMPORARY STREAM ACCESS AND SCARIFY ANY COMPACTED AREAS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL PORTIONS OF THE SITE SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:



P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27638-3068
PHONE: (919) 677-2000 FAX: (919) 677-2050
NC LICENSE F-0102

**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B SHEET NO. OSM-1A

PROJECT ENGINEER

APPROVED BY:

DATE:

INDEX OF SHEETS, CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING, AND GENERAL NOTES

INDEX OF SHEETS

OSM-1	TITLE SHEET
OSM-1A	INDEX OF SHEETS, CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING, GENERAL NOTES
OSM-1B	CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS
OSM-2	TYPICAL SECTIONS
OSM-2A	DETAILS -COIR FIBER MATTING -ROCK CROSS VANE -LOG CROSS VANE -NATURAL ROCK ENERGY DISSIPATOR
OSM-2B	-CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE -ROOT WAD -ROCK A VANE -BOULDER TOE PROTECTION
OSM-2C	-ROCK VANE -LOG VANE -STREAM PLUG
OSM-2D	-EXAMPLE OF PUMP AROUND OPERATION -LOG SILL
OSM-2E-OSM-2G	-MORPHOLOGICAL TABLES
OSM-3	SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES EARTHWORK SUMMARY
OSM-4-10	PLAN SHEETS
OSM-11-17	PROFILE SHEETS
XS-01-XS-19	CROSS SECTIONS
	REFORESTATION NOTES, DETAILS, AND PLANS WILL BE INCLUDED IN REU PLANS

STREAM SYMBOLS

PLAN VIEW SYMBOLS

	ROCK VANE		ROCK A-VANE
	LOG VANE		
	LOG CROSS VANE		ROCK CROSS VANE
	LOG SILL		
	STORMWATER OUTLET STEP POOL		CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	BACK OF FLOODPLAIN BENCH		STREAM PLUG
	BOULDER TOE PROTECTION		BACKFILL EXISTING CHANNEL

PROFILE SYMBOLS

	EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION		PROPOSED ROCK CROSS VANE
	PROPOSED GROUND ELEVATION		
	PROPOSED BANKFULL		
	PROPOSED LOG SILL		
	PROPOSED LOG CROSS VANE		PROPOSED ROCK A-VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE		PROPOSED STEP POOL STRUCTURE

Note: Not to Scale

*S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:

- State Line _____
 County Line _____
 Township Line _____
 City Line _____
 Reservation Line _____
 Property Line _____
 Existing Iron Pin 
 Property Corner 
 Property Monument 
 Parcel/Sequence Number 
 Existing Fence Line 
 Proposed Woven Wire Fence 
 Proposed Chain Link Fence 
 Proposed Barbed Wire Fence 
 Existing Wetland Boundary 
 Proposed Wetland Boundary 
 Existing Endangered Animal Boundary 
 Existing Endangered Plant Boundary 

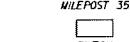
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULTURE:

- Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap 
 Sign 
 Well 
 Small Mine 
 Foundation 
 Area Outline 
 Cemetery 
 Building 
 School 
 Church 
 Dam 

HYDROLOGY:

- Stream or Body of Water _____
 Hydro, Pool or Reservoir 
 Jurisdictional Stream 
 Buffer Zone 1 
 Buffer Zone 2 
 Flow Arrow 
 Disappearing Stream 
 Spring 
 Wetland 
 Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch 
 False Sump 

RAILROADS:

- Standard Gauge _____
 RR Signal Milepost 
 Switch 
 RR Abandoned _____
 RR Dismantled _____

RIGHT OF WAY:

- Baseline Control Point 
 Existing Right of Way Marker 
 Existing Right of Way Line _____
 Proposed Right of Way Line 
 Proposed Right of Way Line with Iron Pin and Cap Marker 
 Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker 
 Existing Control of Access 
 Proposed Control of Access 
 Existing Easement Line 
 Proposed Temporary Construction Easement 
 Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement 
 Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement 
 Proposed Permanent Drainage / Utility Easement 
 Proposed Permanent Utility Easement 
 Proposed Temporary Utility Easement 
 Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker 

ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:

- Existing Edge of Pavement _____
 Existing Curb _____
 Proposed Slope Stakes Cut 
 Proposed Slope Stakes Fill 
 Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp 
 Existing Metal Guardrail 
 Proposed Guardrail 
 Existing Cable Guided Rail 
 Proposed Cable Guided Rail 
 Equality Symbol 
 Pavement Removal 

VEGETATION:

- Single Tree 
 Single Shrub 
 Hedge 
 Woods Line 
 Orchard 
 Vineyard 

WATER:

- Water Manhole _____
 Water Meter 
 Water Valve 
 Water Hydrant 
 Recorded U/G Water Line _____
 Designated U/G Water Line (S.U.E.*)
 Above Ground Water Line 

TV:

- TV Satellite Dish 
 TV Pedestal 
 TV Tower 
 U/G TV Cable Hand Hole 
 Recorded U/G TV Cable _____
 Designated U/G TV Cable (S.U.E.*)
 Recorded U/G Fiber Optic Cable 
 Designated U/G Fiber Optic Cable (S.U.E.*)

GAS:

- Gas Valve 
 Gas Meter 
 Recorded U/G Gas Line _____
 Designated U/G Gas Line (S.U.E.*)
 Above Ground Gas Line 

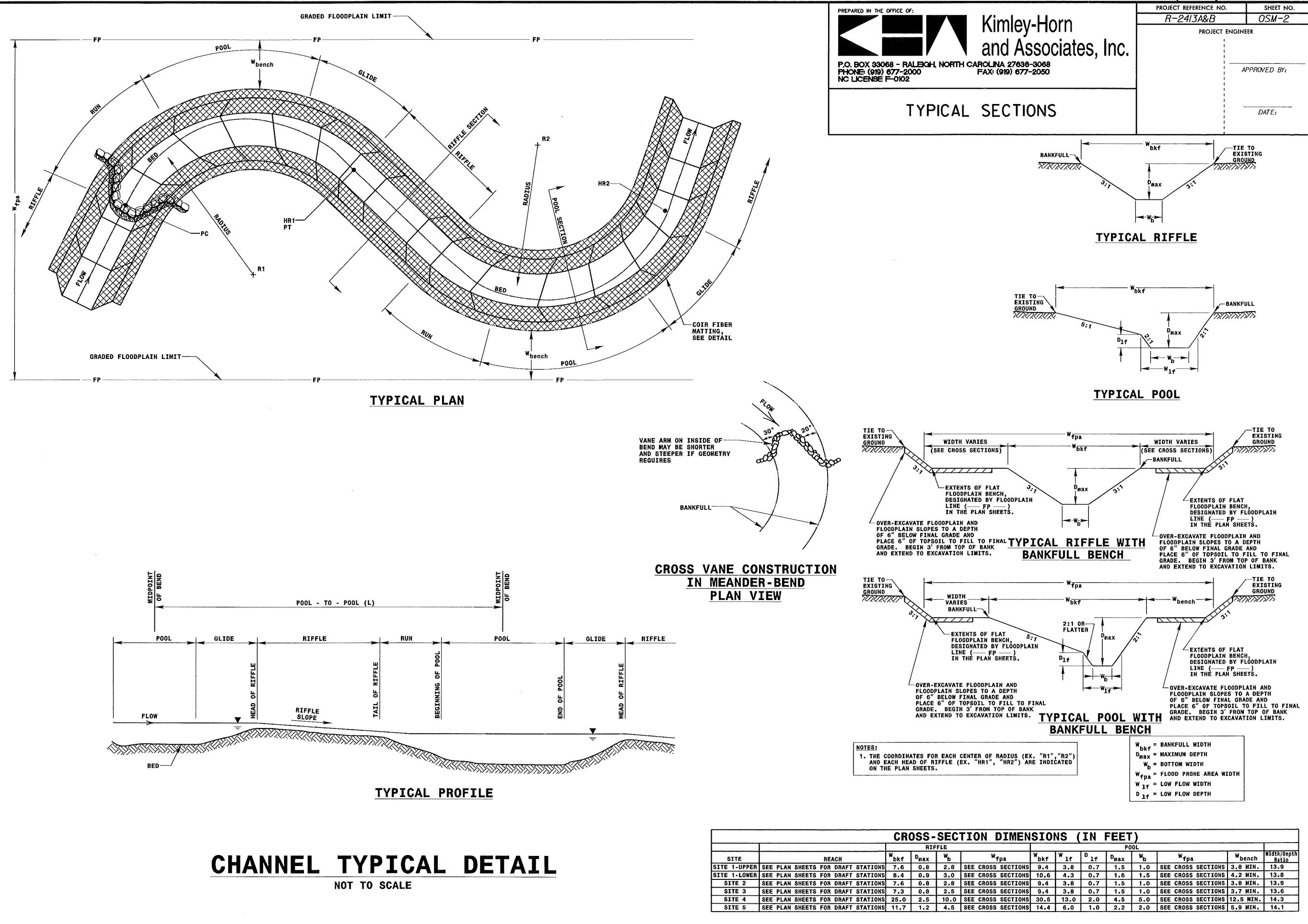
SANITARY SEWER:

- Sanitary Sewer Manhole 
 Sanitary Sewer Cleanout 
 U/G Sanitary Sewer Line 
 Above Ground Sanitary Sewer 
 Recorded SS Forced Main Line 
 Designated SS Forced Main Line (S.U.E.*)

MISCELLANEOUS:

- Utility Pole 
 Utility Pole with Base 
 Utility Located Object 
 Utility Traffic Signal Box 
 Utility Unknown U/G Line 
 U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil 
 A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil 
 U/G Test Hole (S.U.E.*)
 Abandoned According to Utility Records 
 End of Information 

09/26/11



PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:
KH
 P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27638-3068
 PHONE: (919) 677-2000
 FAX: (919) 677-2050
 NC LICENSE F-0102

**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. **R-2413A&B** SHEET NO. **OSM-2A**

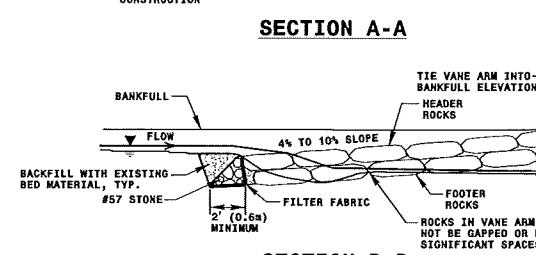
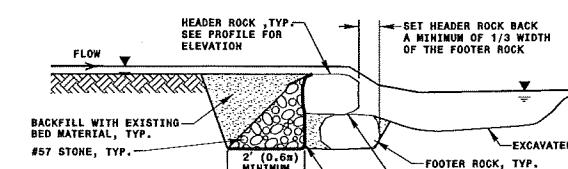
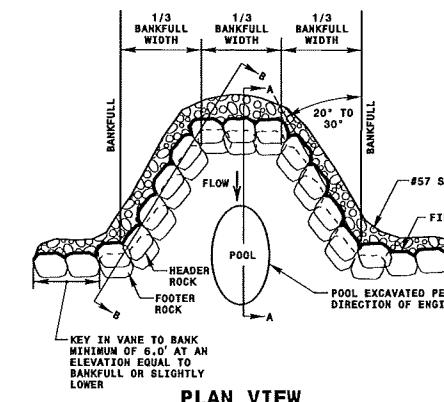
PROJECT ENGINEER

APPROVED BY:

DATE:

DETAILS 1 OF 4

09/26/11

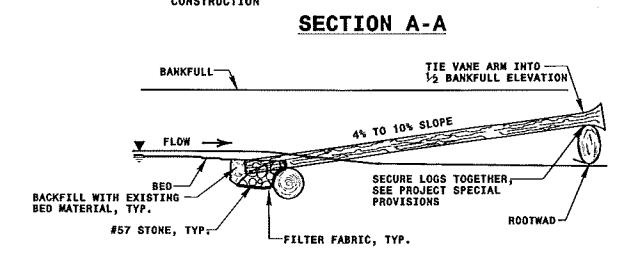
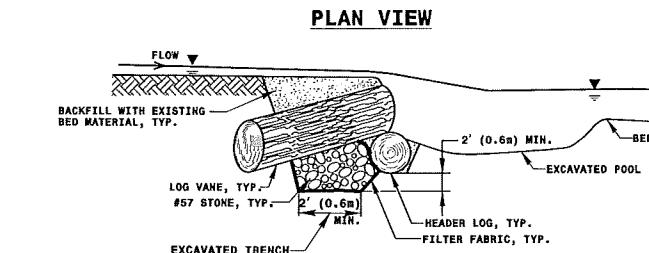
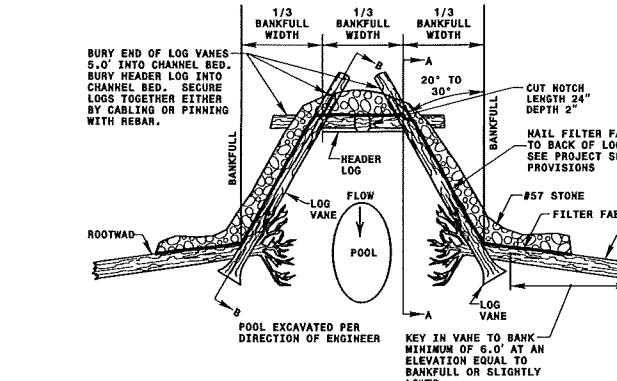


BOULDER SIZE DATA CHART		
REACH	BOULDER DIMENSIONS	
	HEIGHT	WIDTH LENGTH
SITE 1	2'	3' 4"
SITE 2	2'	3' 4"
SITE 3	2'	3' 4"
SITE 4	2'	3' 4"
SITE 5	2'	3' 4"

NOTE: THESE DIMENSIONS SPECIFY THE MINIMUM BOULDER SIZE

ROCK CROSS VANE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

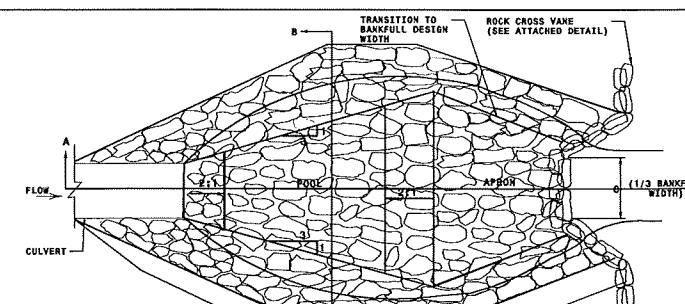


NOTES:
 1. DEEPEST PART OF POOL TO BE IN LINE WITH WHERE VANE ARM TIES INTO BANKFULL.
 2. 2' (0.6m) MINIMUM IS CLOSE TO FOOTER BOULDERS.
 3. CLASS "A" STONE CAN BE USED TO REDUCE VOIDS BETWEEN HEADERS AND FOOTERS.
 4. COMPACT BACKFILL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
 5. POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE 2 TO 3 TIMES BANKFULL DEPTH.

NOTES:
 1. DEEPEST PART OF POOL TO BE IN LINE WITH WHERE VANE ARM TIES INTO BANKFULL.
 2. 2' (0.6m) MINIMUM IS CLOSE TO FOOTER BOULDERS.
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 4. COMPACT BACKFILL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
 5. POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE 2 TO 3 TIMES BANKFULL DEPTH.

LOG CROSS VANE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



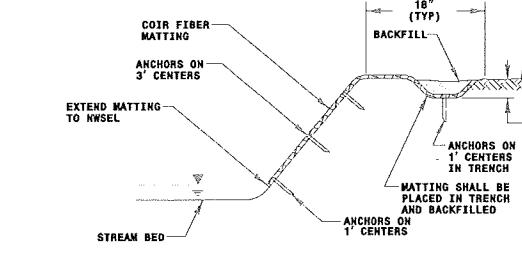
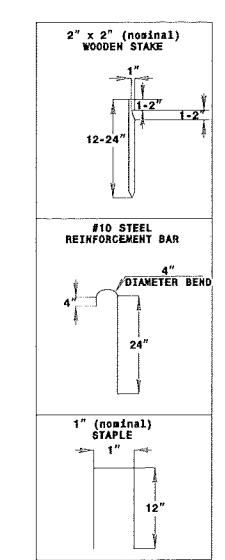
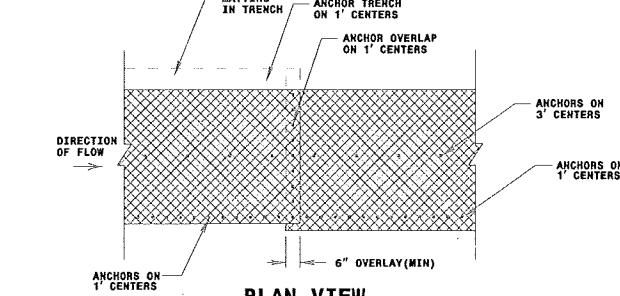
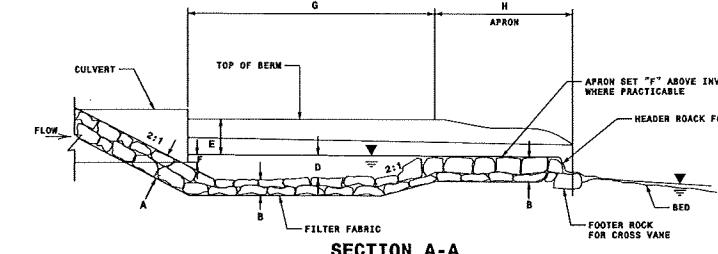
SITE NUMBER	STREAM STATION	CULVERT SIZE	RIP RAP BASIN							
			A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
2	250+02	54" RCP	2.5	2.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	0.3	20	10

ALL DIMENSIONS APPROXIMATE IN FEET

NOTE: DISSIPATOR ROCKS SHOULD BE NATIVE STONE OR SHOT ROCK, ANGULAR AND OBLONG WITH AN APPROXIMATE G50 SIZE OF CLASS I.

NATURAL ROCK ENERGY DISSIPATOR DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



COIR FIBER MATTING DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

05/25/11

CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

SECTION C-C

NOTES:

1. BOULDERS SHOULD BE NATIVE STONES OR SHOT ROCK, ANGULAR AND OBLONG, WITH AN AXIS APPROXIMATELY 4' X 3' X 2' D.
2. NOT ALL CONSTRUCTED RIFFLES REQUIRE A ROCK CROSS VANE ON THE TOE OF RIFFLE.
3. IF NO ROCK CROSS VANE IS PROPOSED AT THE TOE OF RIFFLE, INSTALL BOULDERS AT THE TOE OF RIFFLE TO SECURE CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE MATERIAL.

PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27638-3068
PHONE: (919) 677-2000 FAX: (919) 677-2050 NC LICENSE P-0102

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B **PROJECT ENGINEER**

APPROVED BY: _____ **DATE:** _____

DETAILS 2 OF 4

PLAN VIEW DRIVE POINT METHOD

SECTION A-A

NOTES:

ORIENT ROOT WADS SO THAT THE STREAM FLOW MEETS THE ROOT WAD STRAIGHT ON, DEFLECTING THE WATER AWAY FROM THE BANK.

METHODS OF INSTALLATION:

DRIVE POINT METHOD:

SHARPEN THE END OF THE LOG BEFORE "DRIVING" AT A DOWNWARD ANGLE INTO THE BANK. BOULDERS SHOULD BE PLACED ON EACH SIDE OF THE ROOT WAD TO PIN IT IN PLACE. THE BOULDERS SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 2' X 3' X 4'. ONE-THIRD OF THE ROOT WAD SHOULD REMAIN BELOW NORMAL BASE FLOW CONDITIONS.

TRENCHING METHOD:

IF THE ROOT WAD CANNOT BE DRIVEN INTO THE BANK OR THE BANK NEEDS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED, THE TRENCHING METHOD SHOULD BE USED. THIS METHOD REQUIRES THAT A TRENCH BE EXCAVATED FOR THE LOG PORTION OF THE ROOT WAD. IN THIS CASE, FOOTER BOULDERS SHOULD BE INSTALLED UNDERNEATH THE ROOT WAD IN A TRENCH EXCAVATED PARALLEL TO THE BANK AND WELL BELOW THE STREAM BED. BOULDERS SHOULD BE PLACED ON EACH SIDE OF THE ROOTWAD TO PIN IT IN PLACE. THE BOULDERS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY 2' X 3' X 4'. ONE-THIRD OF THE ROOT WAD SHOULD REMAIN BELOW NORMAL BASE FLOW CONDITIONS.

ROOT WAD DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

NOTES:

1. DEEPEST PART OF POOL TO BE IN LINE WITH WHERE VANE ARM TIES INTO BANKFULL.
2. DO NOT EXCAVATE POOL TOO CLOSE TO FOOTER BOULDERS.
3. CLASS "A" STONE CAN BE USED TO REDUCE VOIDS BETWEEN HEADERS AND FOOTERS.
4. COMPACT BANKFULL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
5. POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE 2 TO 3 TIMES BANKFULL DEPTH.

BOULDER SIZE DATA CHART

REACH	BOULDER DIMENSIONS		
	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LENGTH
SITE 1	2'	3'	4'
SITE 2	2'	3'	4'
SITE 3	2'	3'	4'
SITE 4	2'	3'	4'
SITE 5	2'	3'	4'

NOTE: THESE DIMENSIONS SPECIFY THE MINIMUM BOULDER SIZE

ROCK A VANE DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

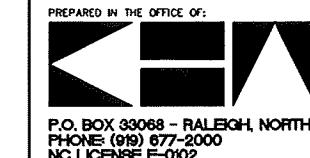
SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

NOTES:

1. DEEPEST PART OF POOL TO BE IN LINE WITH WHERE VANE ARM TIES INTO BANKFULL.
2. DO NOT EXCAVATE POOL TOO CLOSE TO FOOTER BOULDERS.
3. CLASS "A" STONE CAN BE USED TO REDUCE VOIDS BETWEEN HEADERS AND FOOTERS.
4. COMPACT BANKFULL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
5. POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE 2 TO 3 TIMES BANKFULL DEPTH.

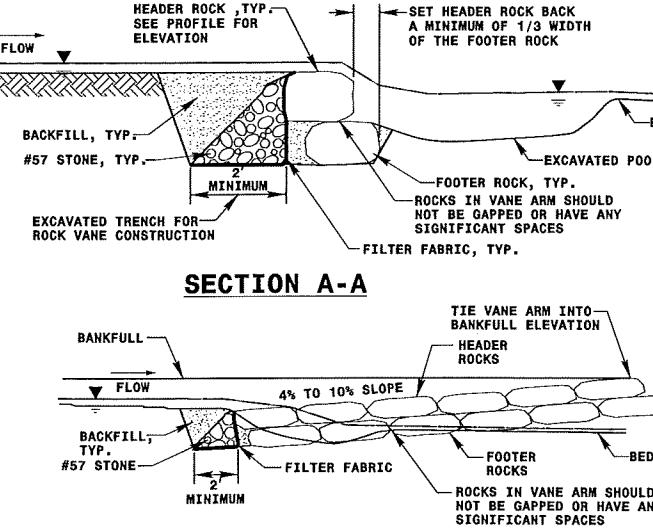
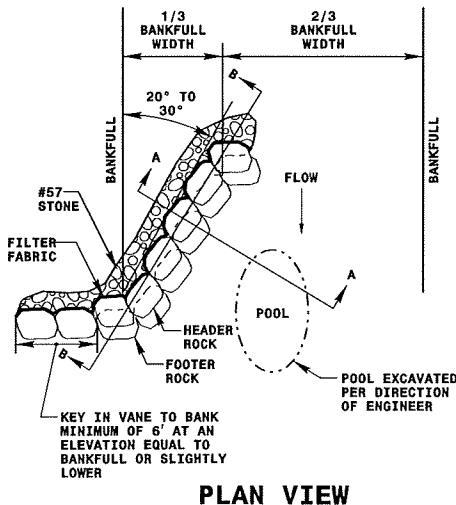
BOULDER TOE PROTECTION
NOT TO SCALE



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B
SHEET NO. OSM-2C
PROJECT ENGINEER
APPROVED BY:
DATE:

DETAILS 3 OF 4

09-25-11

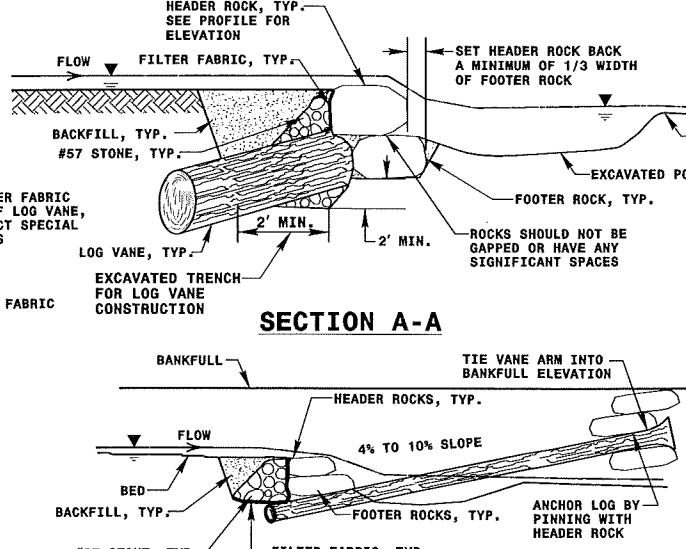
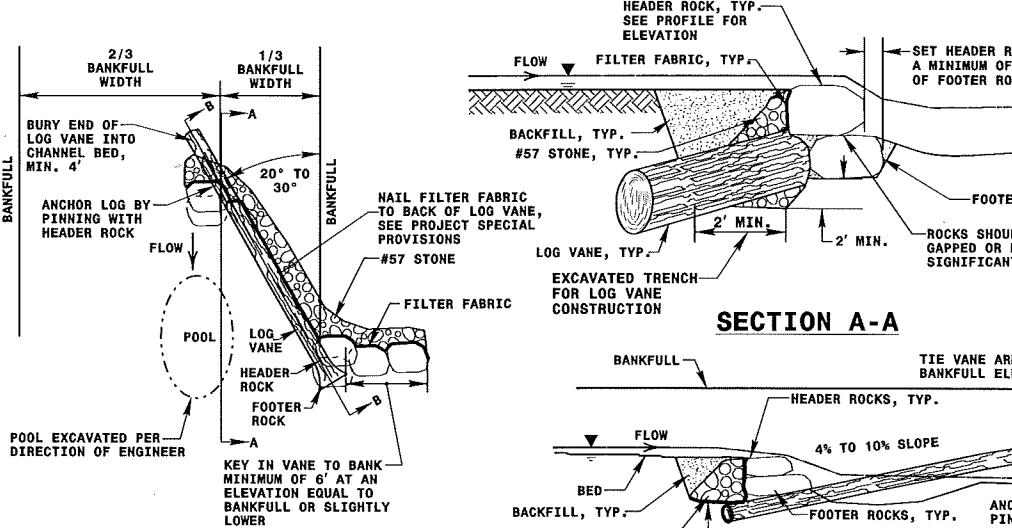


BOULDER SIZE DATA CHART			
REACH	BOULDER DIMENSIONS		
	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LENGTH
SITE 1	2'	3'	4'
SITE 2	2'	3'	4'
SITE 3	2'	3'	4'
SITE 4	2'	3'	4'
SITE 5	2'	3'	4'

NOTE: THESE DIMENSIONS SPECIFY THE MINIMUM BOULDER SIZE

ROCK VANE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



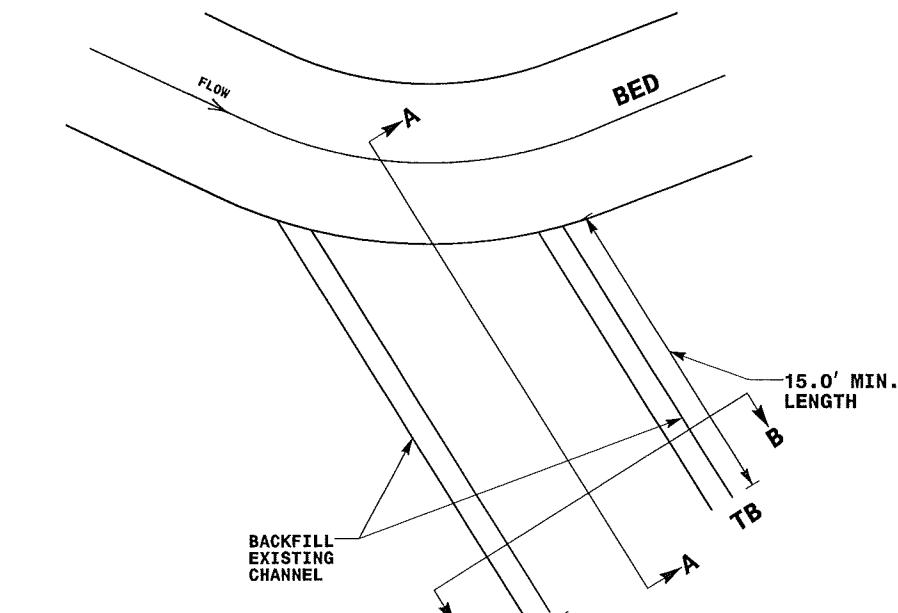
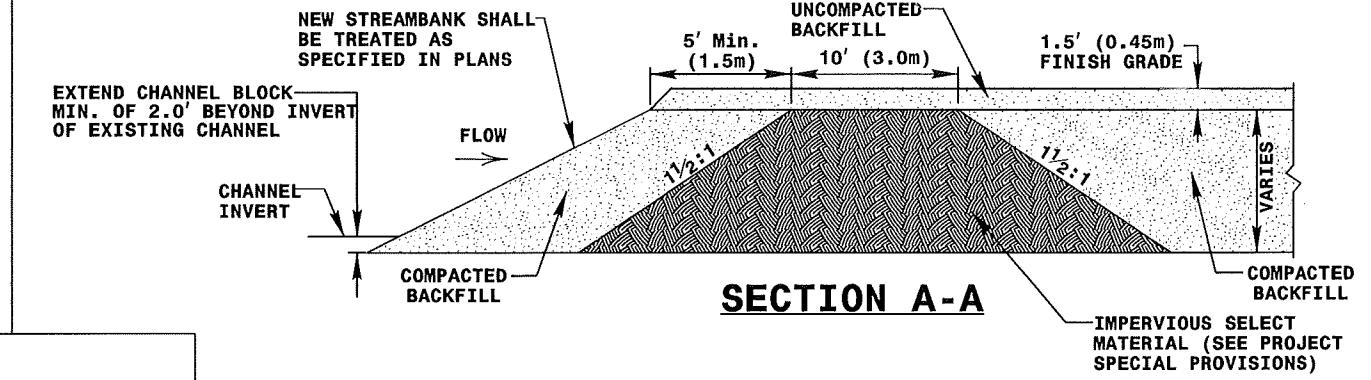
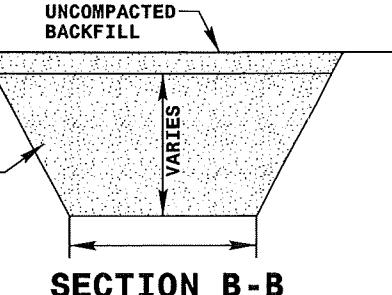
BOULDER SIZE DATA CHART			
REACH	BOULDER DIMENSIONS		
	HEIGHT	WIDTH	LENGTH
SITE 1	2'	3'	4'
SITE 2	2'	3'	4'
SITE 3	2'	3'	4'
SITE 4	2'	3'	4'
SITE 5	2'	3'	4'

NOTE: THESE DIMENSIONS SPECIFY THE MINIMUM BOULDER SIZE

LOG VANE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:
 1) CHANNEL BLOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS.
 2) BLOCK SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT THE INTERFACE BETWEEN EXISTING CHANNEL AND PROPOSED CHANNEL.
 3) BOTTOM OF BLOCK SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 2.0' BELOW THE INVERT OF THE EXISTING CHANNEL.
 4) BLOCK SHOULD EXTEND A MINIMUM OF 2.0' BEYOND THE LIMITS OF THE EXISTING STREAM CHANNEL.
 5) INSTALL EROSION CONTROL MATTING AND SEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING.
 6) COMPACT BACKFILL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.



EXTEND CHANNEL BLOCK
MIN. OF 2.0' BEYOND LIMITS
OF EXISTING CHANNEL

STREAM PLUG

NOT TO SCALE

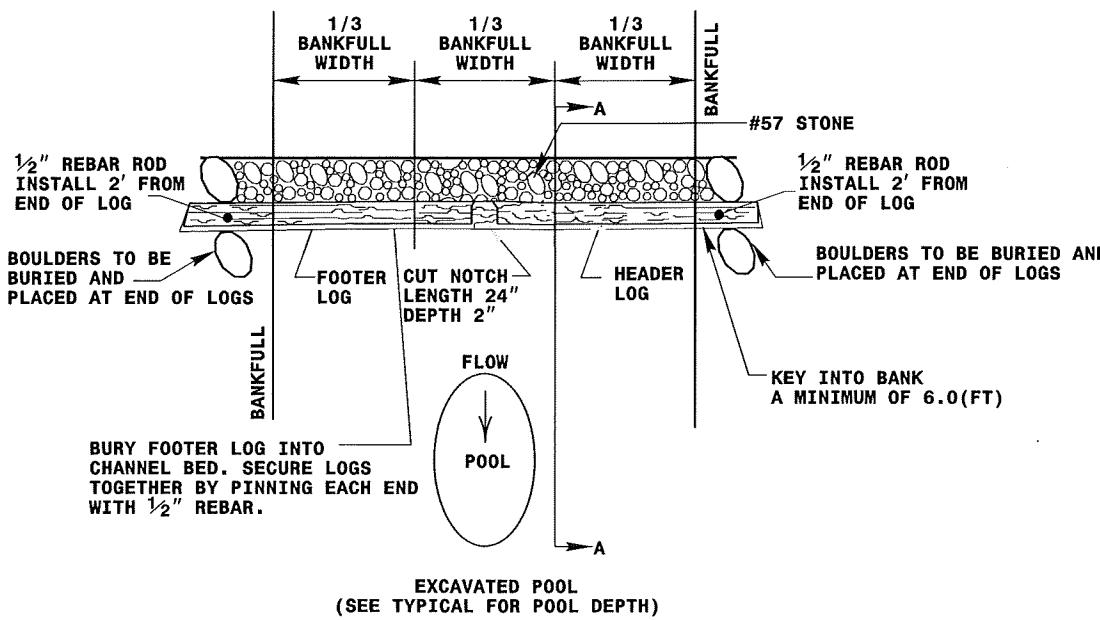
09/26/11



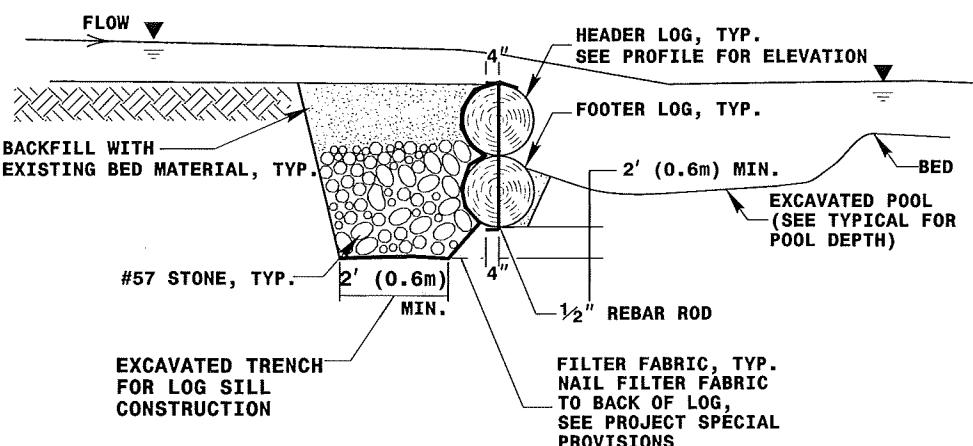
**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B	SHEET NO. OSM-2D
PROJECT ENGINEER	APPROVED BY: DATE:

DETAILS 4 OF 4



PLAN VIEW



SECTION A-A

NOTES:

- DO NOT EXCAVATE POOL CLOSE TO FOOTER LOG.
- CLASS "A" STONE CAN BE USED TO REDUCE Voids BETWEEN HEADERS AND FOOTERS.
- COMPACT BACKFILL TO EXTENT POSSIBLE OR AT THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER.
- POOL DEPTH SHOULD BE 2 TO 3 TIMES BANKFULL DEPTH.
- BOULDERS TO BE 2'x3'x4' MIN.

LOG SILL DETAIL

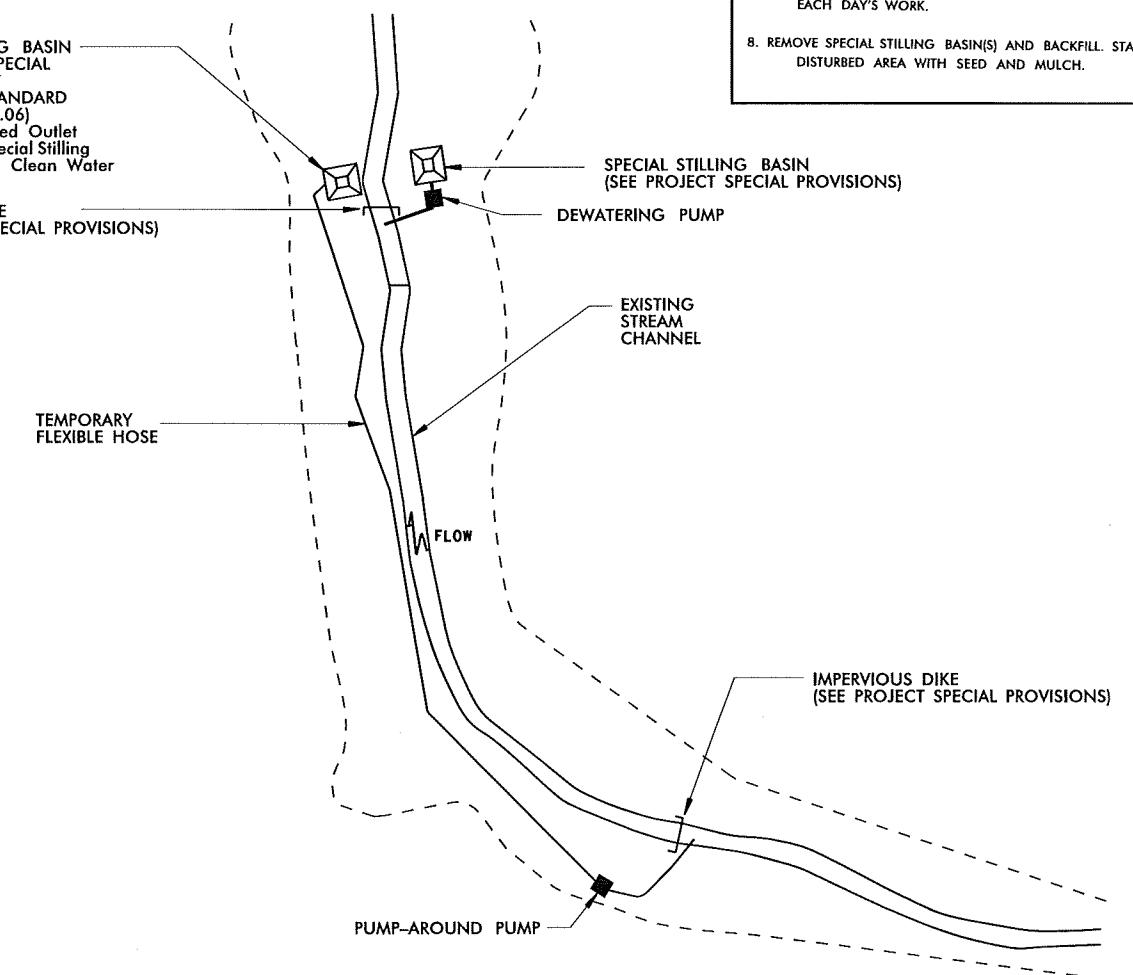
NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

- All excavation shall be performed in only dry or isolated sections of channel.
- Impervious dikes are to be used to isolate work from stream flow when necessary.
- All graded areas shall be stabilized within 24 hours.
- Maintenance of stream flow operations shall be incidental to the work. This includes polyethylene sheeting, diversion pipes, pumps and hoses.
- Pumps and hoses shall be of sufficient size to dewater the work area.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR PUMP AROUND OPERATION

- INSTALL SPECIAL STILLING BASIN(S).
- INSTALL UPSTREAM PUMP AND TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE HOSE.
- PLACE UPSTREAM IMPERVIOUS DIKE AND BEGIN PUMPING OPERATIONS FOR STREAM DIVERSION.
- PLACE DOWNSTREAM IMPERVIOUS DIKE AND PUMPING APPARATUS. DEWATER ENTRAPPED AREA. AREA TO BE DEWATERED SHALL BE EQUAL TO ONE DAY'S WORK.
- PERFORM STREAM RESTORATION WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.
- EXCAVATE ANY ACCUMULATED SILT AND DEWATER BEFORE REMOVAL OF IMPERVIOUS DIKES. REMOVE IMPERVIOUS DIKES, PUMPS, AND TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE HOSE. (DOWNSTREAM IMPERVIOUS DIKES FIRST).
- ALL GRADING AND STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED IN ONE DAY WITHIN THE PUMP AROUND AREAS BETWEEN THE IMPERVIOUS DIKES. THE IMPERVIOUS DIKE LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET ONLY SHOW THE UPPER AND LOWER EXTENT OF WORK FOR EACH STREAM SEGMENT. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE LOCATION OF THE IMPERVIOUS DIKE(S) FOR EACH DAY'S WORK.
- REMOVE SPECIAL STILLING BASIN(S) AND BACKFILL. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREA WITH SEED AND MULCH.

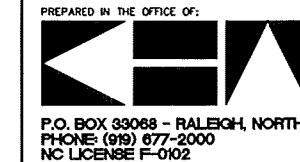


EXAMPLE OF PUMP-AROUND OPERATION

NOT TO SCALE

Rev. 07-01-13

09/26/11

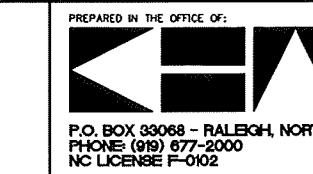


PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B	SHEET NO. OSM-2E
PROJECT ENGINEER	
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	

MORPHOLOGICAL TABLE

VARIABLES	Reference Reach Tributary to Riddicks Creek (KHA)	Reference Reach Riddicks Creek (KHA)	Reference Reach Tributary to Lake Jeanette (NCDOT)	Reference Reach Tributary to Rich Fork (KHA)	SITE 1 UPPER EXISTING	Regional Curves Piedmont Rural/Rosgen Reference Values	SITE 1 UPPER DESIGN	SITE 1 LOWER EXISTING	Regional Curves Piedmont Rural/Rosgen Reference Values	SITE 1 LOWER DESIGN
STATION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1. Stream Type (Rosgen)	C5	E5	E5	B4	G5	C/E	C5	G5	C/E	C5
2. Drainage Area (sq. mile)	0.18	0.07	0.15	1.12	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13
3. Bankfull Width (W_{bkf})	Mean: 7.9 Range: - -	Mean: 6.6 Range: 5.7 - 7.5	Mean: 12.0 Range: 12.0 - 13.5	Mean: 15.2 Range: - -	Mean: 5.9 Range: - -	Mean: 5.0 Range: - -	Mean: 7.6 Range: - -	Mean: 6.8 Range: - -	Mean: 5.0 Range: - -	Mean: 8.4 Range: - -
4. Bankfull Mean depth (d_{akf})	Mean: 0.6 Range: - -	Mean: 0.8 Range: 0.7 - 0.8	Mean: 1.6 Range: 1.4 - 1.7	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean: 1.18 Range: - -	Mean: 0.8 Range: - -	Mean: 0.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.78 Range: - -	Mean: 0.8 Range: - -	Mean: 0.6 Range: - -
5. Width/Depth Ratio (W_{bkf}/d_{akf})	Mean: 13.5 Range: - -	Mean: 8.7 Range: 8.2 - 9.2	Mean: 8.4 Range: 7.1 - 9.6	Mean: 12.7 Range: - -	Mean: 5.0 Range: - -	Mean: 6.3 Range: - -	Mean: 13.9 Range: - -	Mean: 3.8 Range: - -	Mean: 6.3 Range: - -	Mean: 13.8 Range: - -
6. Bankfull cross-sectional Area (Abkf)	Mean: 4.6 Range: - -	Mean: 5.1 Range: 4.0 - 6.1	Mean: 19.4 Range: 18.8 - 20.0	Mean: 19.0 Range: - -	Mean: 4.0 Range: - -	Mean: 5.4 Range: - -	Mean: 4.2 Range: - -	Mean: 12.0 Range: - -	Mean: 5.4 Range: - -	Mean: 5.1 Range: - -
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity (V_{bkf})	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 5.6 Range: 5.2 - 6.2	Mean: 5.1 Range: - -	Mean: 4.3 Range: - -	Mean: 3.8 Range: - -	Mean: 4.2 Range: - -	Mean: 2.5 Range: - -	Mean: 3.8 Range: - -	Mean: 5.9 Range: - -
8. Bankfull Discharge, cfs (Q_{bkf})	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 109.3 Range: 100.7 - 119.6	Mean: 96.9 Range: - -	Mean: 17.4 Range: - -	Mean: 20.8 Range: - -	Mean: 17.4 Range: - -	Mean: 30.2 Range: - -	Mean: 20.8 Range: - -	Mean: 30.2 Range: - -
9. Bankfull Maximum Depth (d_{max})	Mean: 1.0 Range: - -	Mean: 1.5 Range: 1.3 - 1.6	Mean: 2.9 Range: - -	Mean: 1.9 Range: - -	Mean: 1.4 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.8 Range: - -	Mean: 1.8 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.9 Range: - -
10. Max d_{max}/d_{akf} ratio	Mean: 1.7 Range: - -	Mean: 2.0 Range: 1.9 - 2.0	Mean: 2.4 Range: - -	Mean: 1.6 Range: - -	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean: 1.4 Range: 1.2 - 1.5	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.0 Range: - -	Mean: 1.4 Range: - -	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -
11. Low Bank Height to max d_{akf} ratio	Mean: 1.0 Range: - -	Mean: 1.3 Range: 1.20 - 2.50	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 1.1 Range: - -	Mean: 3.5 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.0 Range: - -	Mean: 2.1 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.0 Range: - -
12. Width of Flood Prone Area (W_{fpz})	Mean: 36.0 Range: - -	Mean: 27.4 Range: 20.0 - 34.0	Mean: 49.0 Range: - -	Mean: 23.3 Range: - -	Mean: 8.0 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 80.0 Range: - -	Mean: 9.0 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 84.0 Range: - -
13. Entrenchment Ratio (W_{fpz}/W_{bkf})	Mean: 4.6 Range: - -	Mean: 4.2 Range: 3.5 - 4.6	Mean: 4.4 Range: 4.1 - 4.7	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.4 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 10.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.3 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 10.0 Range: - -
14. Meander Length (L_m)	Mean: 80.5 Range: 64.0 - 97.0	Mean: 32.0 Range: 25.0 - 45.0	Mean: 22.0 Range: 22.0 - 69.0	Mean: 73.5 Range: 43.0 - 104.0	Mean: -	Mean: 85.0 Range: 68.4 - 106.4	Mean: 75.0 Range: 75.0 - 84.0	Mean: -	Mean: 79.5 Range: 89.0 - 117.0	Mean: 103.0 Range: - -
15. Ratio of Meander Length to Bankfull Width (L_m/W_{bkf})	Mean: 10.2 Range: 8.1 - 12.3	Mean: 4.8 Range: 3.8 - 6.8	Mean: 1.8 Range: 1.8 - 5.6	Mean: -	Mean: 12.5 Range: 7.3 - 17.7	Mean: 11.5 Range: 9.0 - 14.0	Mean: 11.2 Range: 9.0 - 14.0	Mean: 11.6 Range: 11.0 - 12.3	Mean: 11.5 Range: 9.0 - 14.0	Mean: 12.3 Range: 9.0 - 14.0
16. Radius of Curvature (R_c)	Mean: 13.4 Range: 8.5 - 22.0	Mean: 11.3 Range: 5.7 - 18.8	Mean: 7.3 Range: 7.3 - 17.3	Mean: -	Mean: 29.0 Range: 18.0 - 40.0	Mean: -	Mean: 22.8 Range: 19.0 - 26.6	Mean: 31.0 Range: 20.0 - 42.0	Mean: -	Mean: 25.2 Range: 21.0 - 29.4
17. Ratio of Radius of Curvature to Bankfull Width (R_c/W_{bkf})	Mean: 1.7 Range: 1.1 - 2.8	Mean: 1.7 Range: 0.9 - 2.8	Mean: 0.6 Range: 0.6 - 1.4	Mean: -	Mean: 4.9 Range: 3.1 - 6.8	Mean: 2.8 Range: 2.5 - 3.0	Mean: 3.0 Range: 2.5 - 3.5	Mean: 4.5 Range: 2.9 - 6.1	Mean: 2.8 Range: 2.5 - 3.0	Mean: 3.0 Range: 2.5 - 3.5
18. Belt Width (W_{bx})	Mean: 34.0 Range: - -	Mean: 15.8 Range: 10.5 - 22.0	Mean: 45.0 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 20.6 Range: 13.1 - 28.1	Mean: -	Mean: 24.4 Range: 19.0 - 25.1	Mean: 30.5 Range: 25.0 - 36.0	Mean: -	Mean: 23.1 Range: 21.0 - 25.2
19. Meander Width Ratio (W_b/W_{bakf})	Mean: 4.3 Range: - -	Mean: 2.4 Range: 1.6 - 3.3	Mean: 3.8 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 3.5 Range: 2.2 - 4.8	Mean: 4.0 Range: 3.0 - 5.0	Mean: 3.2 Range: 2.5 - 3.3	Mean: 4.5 Range: 3.7 - 5.3	Mean: 4.0 Range: 3.0 - 5.0	Mean: 2.8 Range: 2.5 - 3.0
20. Sinuosity (k) (Stream Length / Valley Length)	Mean: 1.30 Range: - -	Mean: 1.40 Range: - -	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 1.07 Range: - -	Mean: 1.15 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.11 Range: - -	Mean: 1.24 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.14 Range: - -
21. Valley Slope (S_{valley})	Mean: 0.0022 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0130 Range: - -	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 0.0168 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0175 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0175 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0205 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0205 Range: - -
22. Average Stream Slope ($S_{avg} = (S_{valley} / k)$)	Mean: 0.0017 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0093 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0033 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0157 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0152 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0150 Range: - -	Mean: 0.0053 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0185 Range: - -
23. Riffle Slope (S_{rif})	Mean: 0.0049 Range: 0.0000 - 0.0257	Mean: 0.0540 Range: 0.0100 - 0.0800	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 0.0522 Range: 0.0077 - 0.0961	Mean: 0.0164 Range: 0.0138 - 0.0170	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0162 Range: 0.0101 - 0.0224	Mean: -	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0193 Range: 0.0125 - 0.0275
24. Ratio of Riffle Slope to Avg. Slope (S_{rif}/S_{avg})	Mean: 2.9 Range: - -	Mean: 5.8 Range: 0.6 - 4.5	Mean: -	Mean: 3.3 Range: - -	Mean: 1.0 Range: 0.9 - 1.1	Mean: 1.8 Range: 1.5 - 2.0	Mean: 1.1 Range: 0.7 - 1.5	Mean: 3.8 Range: 2.4 - 5.2	Mean: 1.8 Range: 1.5 - 2.0	Mean: 1.0 Range: 0.6 - 1.5
25. Pool Slope (S_{pool})	Mean: 0.0002 Range: 0.0000 - 0.0007	Mean: 0.0024 Range: 0.0000 - 0.0100	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 0.0032 Range: 0.0009 - 0.0065	Mean: 0.0054 Range: 0.0043 - 0.0060	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0001 Range: 0.0001 - 0.0015	Mean: 0.0001 Range: 0.0001 - 0.0010	Mean: -	Mean: 0.0001 Range: 0.0001 - 0.0015
26. Ratio of Pool Slope to Avg. Slope (S_{pool}/S_{avg})	Mean: 0.1 Range: 0.0 - 0.4	Mean: 0.3 Range: 0.0 - 0.6	Mean: -	Mean: 0.2 Range: 0.1 - 0.4	Mean: 0.4 Range: 0.3 - 0.4	Mean: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 0.1	Mean: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 0.1	Mean: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 0.2	Mean: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 0.1	Mean: 0.0 Range: 0.0 - 0.1
27. Maximum Pool Depth (d_{pool})	Mean: 2.0 Range: - -	Mean: 2.0 Range: - -	Mean: 3.1 Range: - -	Mean: 3.0 Range: - -	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.3 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.6 Range: - -
28. Ratio of Pool Depth to Avg. Depth (d_{pool}/d_{akf})	Mean: 3.4 Range: - -	Mean: 2.3 Range: - -	Mean: 2.0 Range: - -	Mean: 2.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.3 Range: 1.9167 - 3.2833	Mean: 3.0 Range: 2.5 - 3.5	Mean: 2.7 Range: - -	Mean: 0.7 Range: - -	Mean: 3.0 Range: 2.5 - 3.5	Mean: 2.6 Range: - -
29. Pool Width (W_{pool})	Mean: 11.5 Range: - -	Mean: 8.1 Range: - -	Mean: 19.6 Range: - -	Mean: 16.3 Range: - -	Mean: 6.3 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 9.4 Range: - -	Mean: 7.9 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 10.6 Range: - -
30. Ratio of Pool Width to Bankfull Width (W_{pool}/W_{bkf})	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean: 1.6 Range: - -	Mean: 1.1 Range: - -	Mean: 1.1 Range: - -	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.5 Range: - -
31. Pool Area (A_{pool})	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: Not Reported Range: - -	Mean: 27.0 Range: - -	Mean: 22.7 Range: - -	Mean: 7.6 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 7.0 Range: - -	Mean: 8.0 Range: - -	Mean: -	Mean: 8.8 Range: - -
32. Ratio of Pool Area to Bankfull Area (A_{pool}/A_{bkf})	Mean: -	Mean: -	Mean: 1.4 Range: - -	Mean: 1.2 Range: - -	Mean:					

09/27/11



**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-2F
PROJECT ENGINEER	
APPROVED BY:	
DATE:	

MORPHOLOGICAL TABLE

VARIABLES	SITE 2 EXISTING		Regional Curves Piedmont Rural/Rosgen Reference Values		SITE 2 DESIGN	
STATION	--		--		--	
1. Stream Type (Rosgen)		E5		C/E		C5
2. Drainage Area (sq. mile)		0.09		0.09		0.09
3. Bankfull Width (W _{bkf})	Mean: 6.2	Range: --	Mean: 4.3	Range: --	Mean: 7.6	Range: --
4. Bankfull Mean depth (d _{bkf})	Mean: 0.62	Range: --	Mean: 0.7	Range: --	Mean: 0.5	Range: --
5. Width/Depth Ratio (W _{bkf} /d _{bkf})	Mean: 10.0	Range: --	Mean: 6.1	Range: --	Mean: 13.9	Range: --
6. Bankfull cross-sectional Area (Abkf)	Mean: 3.9	Range: --	Mean: 4.3	Range: --	Mean: 4.2	Range: --
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity (V _{bkf})	Mean: 4.4	Range: 4.1 - 4.8	Mean: 3.8	Range: --	Mean: 4.0	Range: 3.8 - 4.5
8. Bankfull Discharge, cfs (Q _{bkf})	Mean: 16.8	Range: 15.7 - 18.6	Mean: 16.3	Range: --	Mean: 16.8	Range: 15.7 - 18.6
9. Bankfull Maximum Depth (d _{max})	Mean: 1.1	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 0.8	Range: --
10. Max d _{max} /d _{bkf} ratio	Mean: 1.8	Range: --	Mean: 1.4	Range: 1.2 - 1.5	Mean: 1.5	Range: --
11. Low Bank Height to max d _{bkf} ratio	Mean: 1.0	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 1.0	Range: --
12. Width of Flood Prone Area (W _{fp})	Mean: 15.9	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 34.0	Range: --
13. Entrainment Ratio (W _{lpw} /W _{bkf})	Mean: 2.6	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 4.5	Range: 3.3 - 5.0
14. Meander Length (L _m)	Mean: 77.5	Range: 75.0 - 80.0	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 89.0	Range: 72.0 - 100.0
15. Ratio of Meander Length to Bankfull Width (L _m /W _{bkf})	Mean: 12.4	Range: 12.0 - 12.8	Mean: 11.5	Range: 9.0 - 14.0	Mean: 11.7	Range: 9.0 - 14.0
16. Radius of Curvature (R _c)	Mean: 28.0	Range: 18.0 - 38.0	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 22.8	Range: 19.0 - 26.6
17. Ratio of Radius of Curvature to Bankfull Width (R _c /W _{bkf})	Mean: 4.5	Range: 2.9 - 6.1	Mean: 3.0	Range: 2.5 - 3.5	Mean: 3.0	Range: 2.5 - 3.5
18. Belt Width (W _{bs})	Mean: 21.8	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 23.4	Range: --
19. Meander Width Ratio (W _{bs} /W _{bkf})	Mean: 3.5	Range: 1.0 - 5.9	Mean: 4.0	Range: 3.0 - 5.0	Mean: 3.1	Range: 2.5 - 3.3
20. Sinuosity (k) (Stream Length / Valley Length)	Mean: 1.16	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 1.18	Range: --
21. Valley Slope (S _{valley}) (H/l)	Mean: 0.0506	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 0.0506	Range: --
22. Average Stream Slope (S _{avg}) = (S _{valley} /k)	Mean: 0.0158	Range: 0.0054 - 0.0158	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 0.0257	Range: --
23. Riffle Slope (S _{riff})	Mean: 0.0295	Range: 0.0090 - 0.0500	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 0.0288	Range: 0.0106 - 0.0469
24. Ratio of Riffle Slope to Avg. Slope (S _{riff} /S _{avg})	Mean: 1.9	Range: 0.6 - 3.2	Mean: 1.8	Range: 1.5 - 2.0	Mean: 1.1	Range: 0.4 - 1.8
25. Pool Slope (S _{pool})	Mean: 0.0001	Range: 0.0001 - 0.0010	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 0.0001	Range: 0.0001 - 0.0015
26. Ratio of Pool Slope to Avg. Slope (S _{pool} /S _{avg})	Mean: 0.0	Range: 0.0 - 0.1	Mean: 0.0	Range: 0.0 - 0.1	Mean: 0.0	Range: 0.0 - 0.1
27. Maximum Pool Depth (d _{pool})	Mean: 1.5	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 1.5	Range: --
28. Ratio of Pool Depth to Avg. Depth (d _{pool} /d _{bkf})	Mean: 2.4	Range: --	Mean: 3.0	Range: --	Mean: 2.7	Range: --
29. Pool Width (W _{pool})	Mean: 5.9	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 9.4	Range: --
30. Ratio of Pool Width to Bankfull Width (W _{pool} /W _{bkf})	Mean: 0.9	Range: --	Mean: 1.5	Range: --	Mean: 1.2	Range: --
31. Pool Area (A _{pool})	Mean: 5.0	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 7.0	Range: --
32. Ratio of Pool Area to Bankfull Area (A _{pool} /A _{bkf})	Mean: 1.3	Range: --	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 1.7	Range: --
33. Pool to Pool Spacing (p - p)	Mean: 23.5	Range: 18.0 - 29.0	Mean: --	Range: --	Mean: 46.5	Range: 39.0 - 54.0
34. Ratio of Pool to Pool Spacing (p - p/W _{bkf})	Mean: 3.8	Range: 2.9 - 4.7	Mean: 6.0	Range: 5.0 - 7.0	Mean: 6.1	Range: 5.0 - 7.0

1. Geomorphic feature was not visibly present due to channelization and/or urban impacts to stream channel.
2. Feature was not measured as part of the project field effort

09/26/11



**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	Sheet No.
R-2413A&B	OSM-2G
PROJECT ENGINEER	
APPROVED BY:	

DATE:

MORPHOLOGICAL TABLE

VARIABLES	SITE 4 EXISTING		Regional Curves Piedmont Rural/Rosgen Reference Values		SITE 4 DESIGN		SITE 5 EXISTING		Regional Curves Piedmont Rural/Rosgen Reference Values		SITE 5 DESIGN	
	STATION		-		-		-		-		-	
1. Stream Type (Rosgen)	E5		C/E		C5		E5 --> F5		C/E		C5	
2. Drainage Area (sq. mile)	3.04		3.04		3.04		0.41		0.41		0.41	
3. Bankfull Width (W_{bf})	Mean: 15.7	Range: - -	Mean: 19.2	Range: - -	Mean: 25.0	Range: - -	Mean: 6.6	Range: - -	Mean: 8.1	Range: - -	Mean: 11.7	Range: - -
4. Bankfull Mean depth (d_{bf})	Mean: 2.06	Range: - -	Mean: 2.1	Range: - -	Mean: 1.8	Range: - -	Mean: 0.98	Range: - -	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: 0.8	Range: - -
5. Width/Depth Ratio (W_{bf}/d_{bf})	Mean: 7.6	Range: - -	Mean: 9.0	Range: - -	Mean: 14.3	Range: - -	Mean: 6.8	Range: - -	Mean: 7.2	Range: - -	Mean: 14.1	Range: - -
6. Bankfull cross-sectional Area (A_{bf})	Mean: 32.4	Range: - -	Mean: 45.6	Range: - -	Mean: 43.8	Range: - -	Mean: 6.6	Range: - -	Mean: 11.7	Range: - -	Mean: 9.7	Range: - -
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity (V_{bf})	Mean: 1.5	Range: - -	Mean: 4.3	Range: - -	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: 3.4	Range: - -	Mean: 4.0	Range: - -	Mean: 2.3	Range: - -
8. Bankfull Discharge, cfs (Q_{bf})	Mean: 49.0	Range: 45.7 54.1	Mean: 198.3	Range: - -	Mean: 49.0	Range: - -	Mean: 22.6	Range: - -	Mean: 46.9	Range: - -	Mean: 22.6	Range: - -
9. Bankfull Maximum Depth (d_{bf})	Mean: 2.85	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 2.5	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.2	Range: - -
10. Max d_{max}/d_{bf} ratio	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -
11. Low Bank Height to max d_{bf} ratio	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.0	Range: - -	Mean: 2.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.0	Range: - -
12. Width of Flood Prone Area (W_{fp})	Mean: 85.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 85.0	Range: - -	Mean: 14.5	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 80.0	Range: - -
13. Entrenchment Ratio (W_{fp}/W_{bf})	Mean: 5.4	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 3.4	Range: - -	Mean: 2.2	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 6.8	Range: - -
14. Meander Length (l_m)	Mean: 101.0	Range: 94.0 108.0	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 180.0	Range: - -	Mean: 70.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 140.5	Range: - -
15. Ratio of Meander Length to Bankfull Width (L_m/W_{bf})	Mean: 6.4	Range: 6.0 6.9	Mean: 11.5	Range: 9.0 14.0	Mean: 7.2	Range: - -	Mean: 10.6	Range: 5.7 17.3	Mean: 11.5	Range: 9.0 14.0	Mean: 12.0	Range: - -
16. Radius of Curvature (R_c)	Mean: 78.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 75.0	Range: - -	Mean: 35.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 35.1	Range: - -
17. Ratio of Radius of Curvature to Bankfull Width (R_c/W_{bf})	Mean: 5.0	Range: 3.6 6.4	Mean: 2.8	Range: 2.5 3.0	Mean: 3.0	Range: - -	Mean: 5.3	Range: 2.5 7.8	Mean: 2.8	Range: 2.5 3.0	Mean: 3.0	Range: - -
18. Belt Width (W_b)	Mean: 39.8	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 28.0	Range: - -	Mean: 26.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 32.0	Range: - -
19. Meander Width Ratio (W_m/W_{bf})	Mean: 2.5	Range: 2.4 2.7	Mean: 4.0	Range: 3.0 5.0	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: 3.9	Range: 2.6 5.3	Mean: 4.0	Range: 3.0 5.0	Mean: 2.7	Range: - -
20. Sinuosity (k) (Stream Length / Valley Length)	Mean: 1.02	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.00	Range: - -	Mean: 1.14	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.15	Range: - -
21. Valley Slope (S_{valley}) (U/L)	Mean: 0.0200	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0200	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0155	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0155	Range: - -
22. Average Stream Slope	Mean: 0.0019	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0020	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0097	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0138	Range: - -
23. Riffle Slope (S_{rf})	Mean: 0.0012	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0027	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0103	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0158	Range: - -
24. Ratio of Riffle Slope to Avg. Slope (S_{rf}/S_{avg})	Mean: 0.0005 0.0019	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0021 0.0033	Range: - -	Mean: 1.4	Range: - -	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: 1.8	Range: - -	Mean: 1.2	Range: - -
25. Pool Slope (S_{pool})	Mean: 0.0001	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001	Range: - -	Mean: 0.00010	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001	Range: - -
26. Ratio of Pool Slope to Avg. Slope (S_{pool}/S_{avg})	Mean: 0.0001 0.0010	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001 0.0015	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001 0.0010	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001 0.0010	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 0.0001 0.0015	Range: - -
27. Maximum Pool Depth (d_{pool})	Mean: 2.4	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 4.5	Range: - -	Mean: 1.6	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 2.2	Range: - -
28. Ratio of Pool Depth to Avg. Depth (d_{pool}/d_{bf})	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: 3.0	Range: - -	Mean: 2.6	Range: - -	Mean: 1.6	Range: - -	Mean: 3.0	Range: - -	Mean: 2.6	Range: - -
29. Pool Width (W_{pool})	Mean: 16.2	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 30.5	Range: - -	Mean: 8.7	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 14.4	Range: - -
30. Ratio of Pool Width to Bankfull Width (W_{pool}/W_{bf})	Mean: 1.0	Range: - -	Mean: 1.5	Range: 1.3 1.7	Mean: 1.2	Range: - -	Mean: 1.3	Range: - -	Mean: 1.5	Range: - -	Mean: 1.2	Range: - -
31. Pool Area (A_{pool})	Mean: 36.8	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 72.4	Range: - -	Mean: 8.8	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 16.2	Range: - -
32. Ratio of Pool Area to Bankfull Area (A_{pool}/A_{bf})	Mean: 1.1	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.7	Range: - -	Mean: 1.3	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 1.7	Range: - -
33. Pool to Pool Spacing	Mean: 78.5	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 97.0	Range: - -	Mean: 43.0	Range: - -	Mean: -	Range: - -	Mean: 78.0	Range: - -
34. Ratio of Pool to Pool Spacing to Bankfull Width ($p/p/W_{bf}$)	Mean: 5.0	Range: 5.0 107.0	Mean: 6.0	Range: 5.0 7.0	Mean: 3.9	Range: 2.3 5.5	Mean: 6.5	Range: 3.9 9.0	Mean: 6.0	Range: 5.0 7.0	Mean: 6.7	Range: 5.0 9.0

1. Geomorphic feature was not visibly present due to channelization and/or urban impacts to stream channel.
2. Feature was not measured as part of the project field effort

Rev. 07-01-13

09/26/11



The logo for Kimley-Horn and Associates. It features a stylized 'K' composed of two black triangles pointing towards each other, flanking a central horizontal bar. To the left of the 'K' is the text 'PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:' and to the right is the company name 'Kimley-Horn and Associates'.

**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-3
PROJECT ENGINEER	
	<u>APPROVED BY:</u>
	<u>DATE:</u>

SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

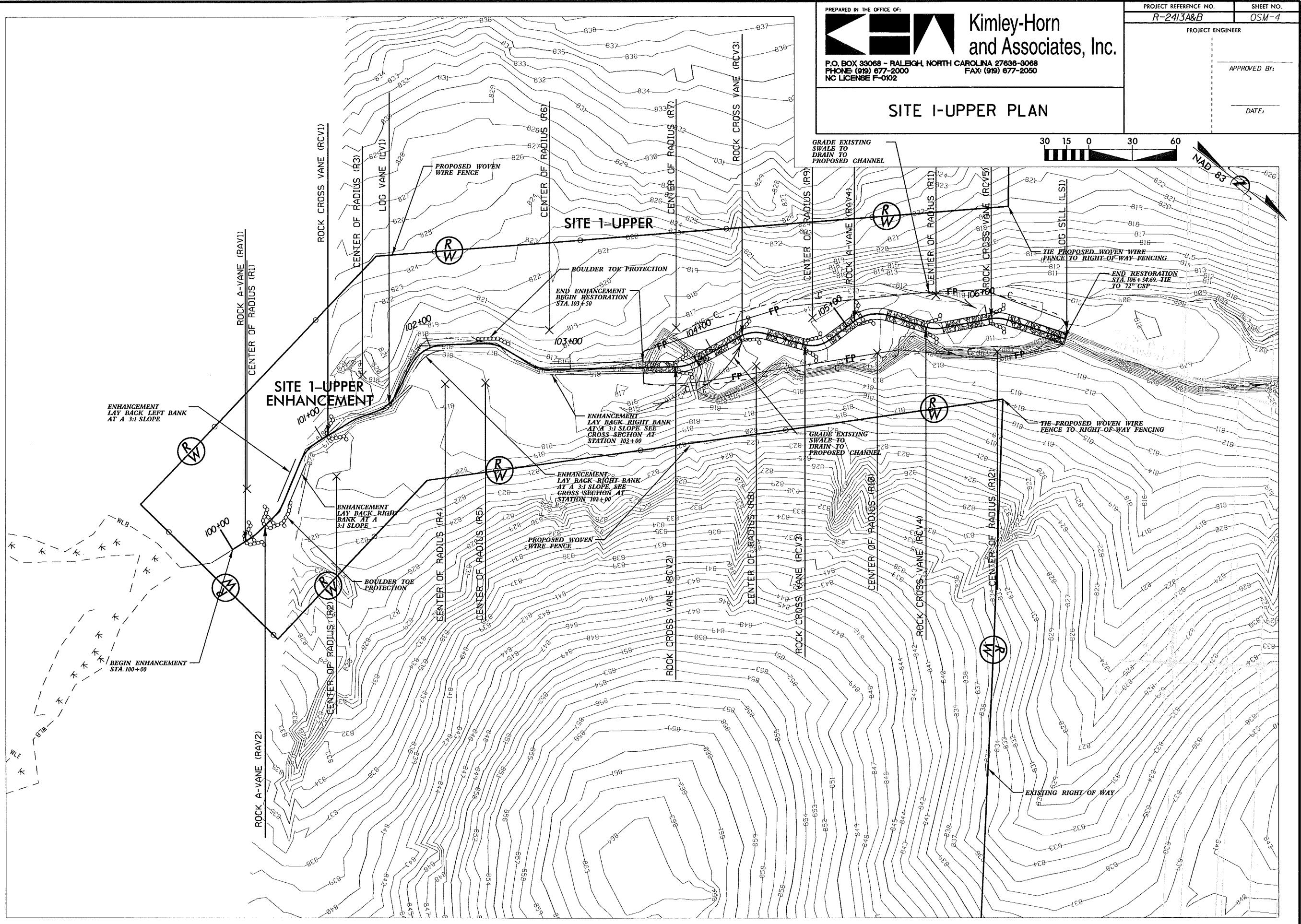
DESCRIPTION	SECTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	ITEM DESCRIPTION
0000400000-N	SP	1	LS	CONSTRUCTION SURVEYING FOR MITIGATION
0043000000-N	SP	1	LS	GRADING FOR MITIGATION
1077000000-M	1610	670	TON	#57 STONE
3656000000-M	1042	2,100	SY	FILTER FABRIC FOR DRAINAGE
3651000000-M	SP	2,800	TON	BOULDER
3642000000-M	SP	270	TON	PLAIN RIP RAP, CLASS A
3649000000-M	SP	250	TON	PLAIN RIP RAP, CLASS B
3628000000-M	SP	170	TON	PLAIN RIP RAP, CLASS I
6133000000-N	SP	1	LS	DIVERSION PUMPING FOR MITIGATION
6133000000-N	SP	8	EA	LOGS
6133000000-N	SP	2	EA	ROOTWADS

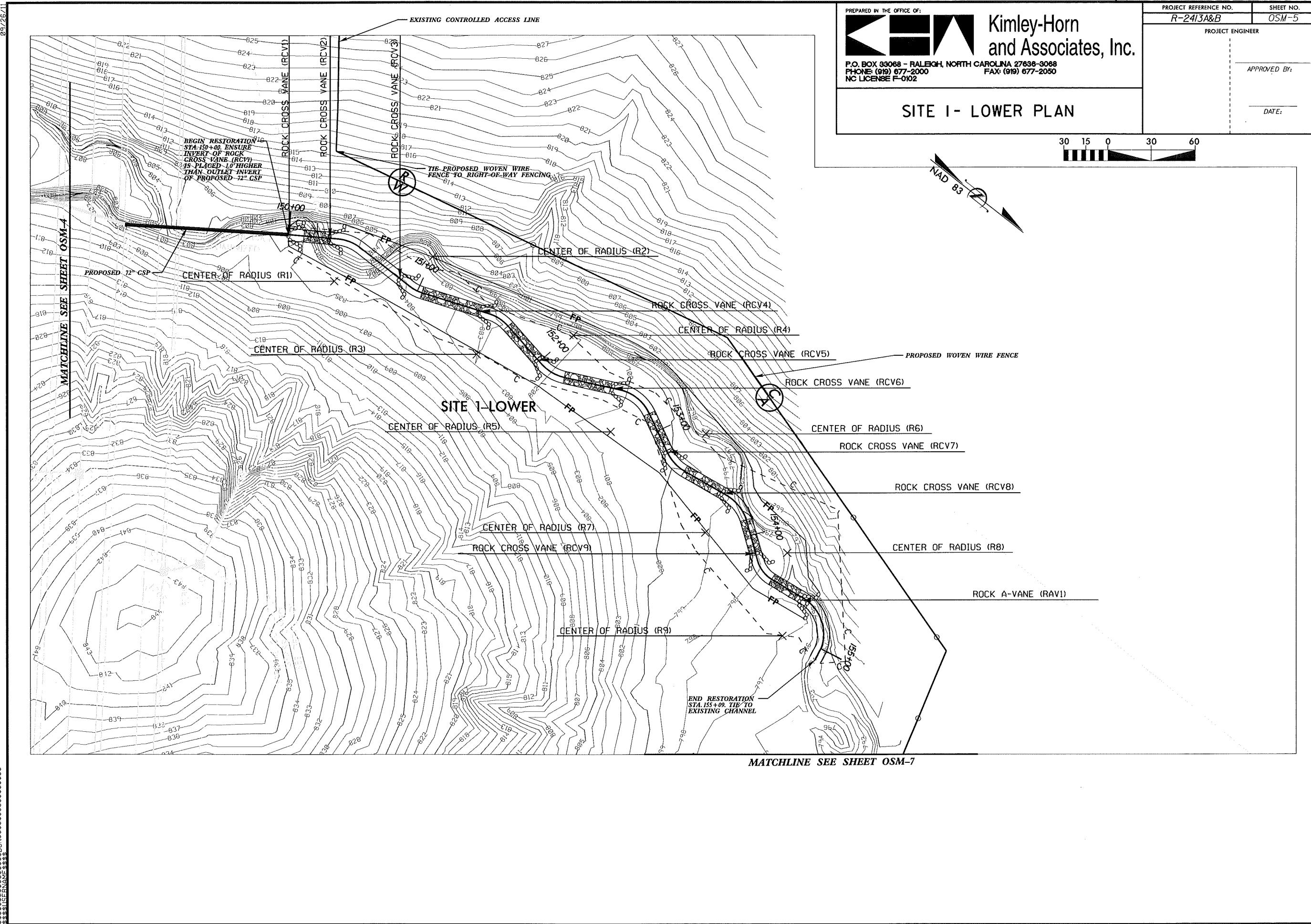
SUMMARY OF EARTHWORK FOR MITIGATION

LOCATION	MITIGATION UNCLASSIFIED EXCAV. (CU.YD.)	MITIGATION EMBANKMENT	MITIGATION BORROW (CU.YD.)	MITIGATION WASTE (CU.YD.)
SITE 1	1,359	1,083	0	276
SITE 2	8,056	692	0	7,364
SITE 4	5,038	196	0	4,842
SITE 5	3,413	1,279	0	2,134
SUBTOTAL	17,866	3,250	0	14,616

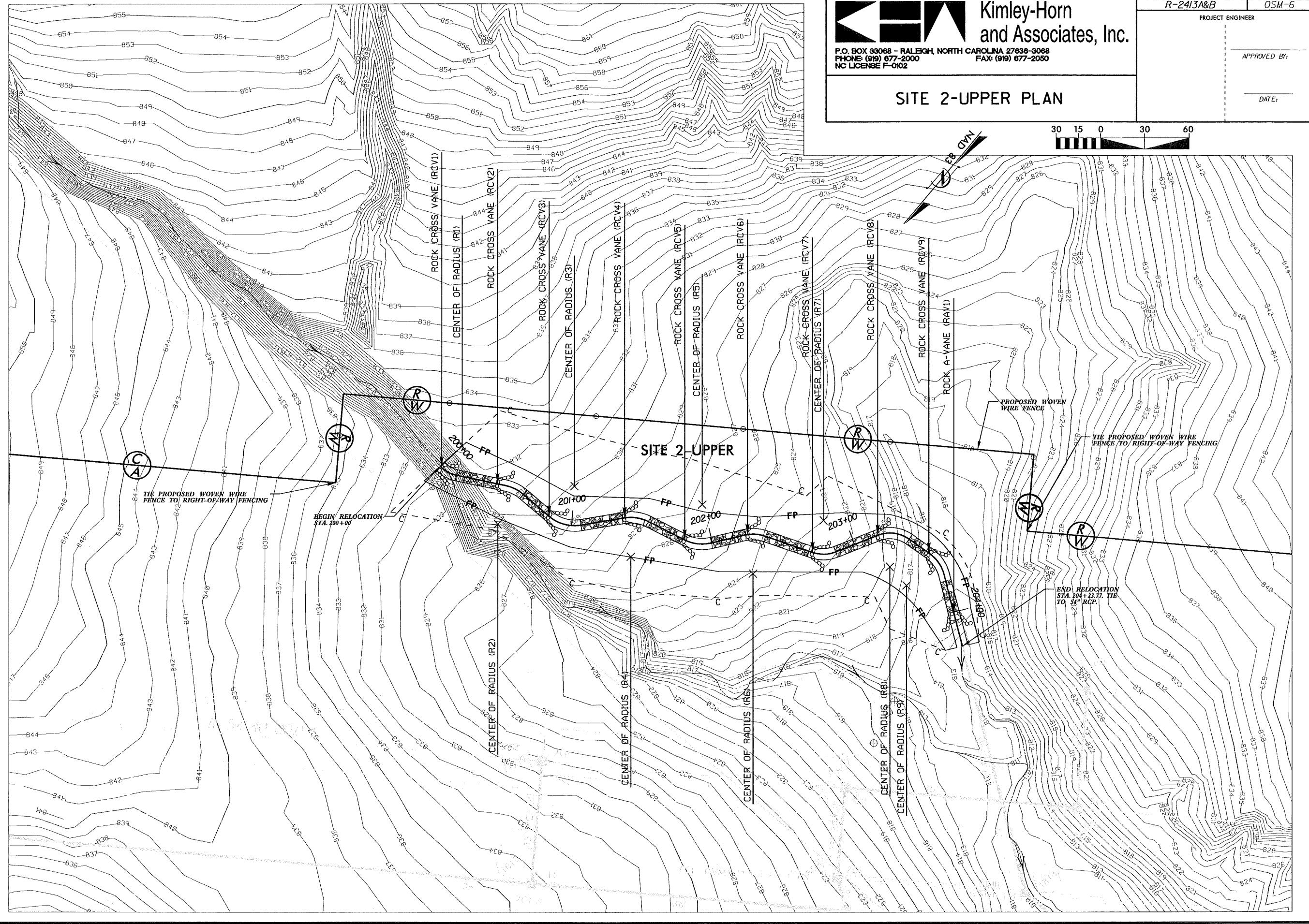
APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES ONLY, MITIGATION UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION, MITIGATION BORROW EXCAVATION, MITIGATION FINE GRADING AND MITIGATION CLEARING AND GRUBBING WILL BE PAID FOR AT THE CONTRACT LUMP SUM PRICE FOR "GRADING FOR MITIGATION".

03/25/11





09/26/11



Rev. 07-01-13

PREPARED #



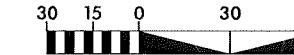
P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27636-3068
PHONE: (919) 677-2000 FAX: (919) 677-2050
NC LICENSE F-0102

**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-08

PROJECT ENGINEER

SITE 4 PLA



EXISTING RIGHT OF

PROPOSED WIRE FENCE

WIRE FENCE

END RESTORATION
874-1121/51



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**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.
R-2413A&B

SHEET NO
OSM-9

PROJECT ENGINEER

13A&B | OSM-9

OSM-9

APPROVED BY:

DATE:

SITE 5-UPPER PLAN



1

Rev. 07-01-13

PREPARED IN THE



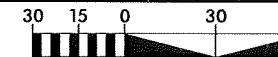
**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**

P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27636-3068
PHONE: (919) 677-2000 FAX: (919) 677-2050

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-10

PROJECT ENGINEER

SITE 5-LOWER PLATE



APPROVED BY

DATE:

**TIE PROPOSED
TO LEFT ARM
CROSS VANE
SHOULD BE A
DESIGN ENGINEER
COMPLETION**

SITE 5-LOW

824-823

801
799
798
197

793 793

卷之三

卷之三

63E

卷之三

卷之三

26t

A diagram consisting of two line segments. The bottom segment is horizontal. The top segment starts at the left end of the bottom segment and slopes upwards and to the right, ending at a point above the right end of the bottom segment.

— — — — — — — — — —

09/26/11

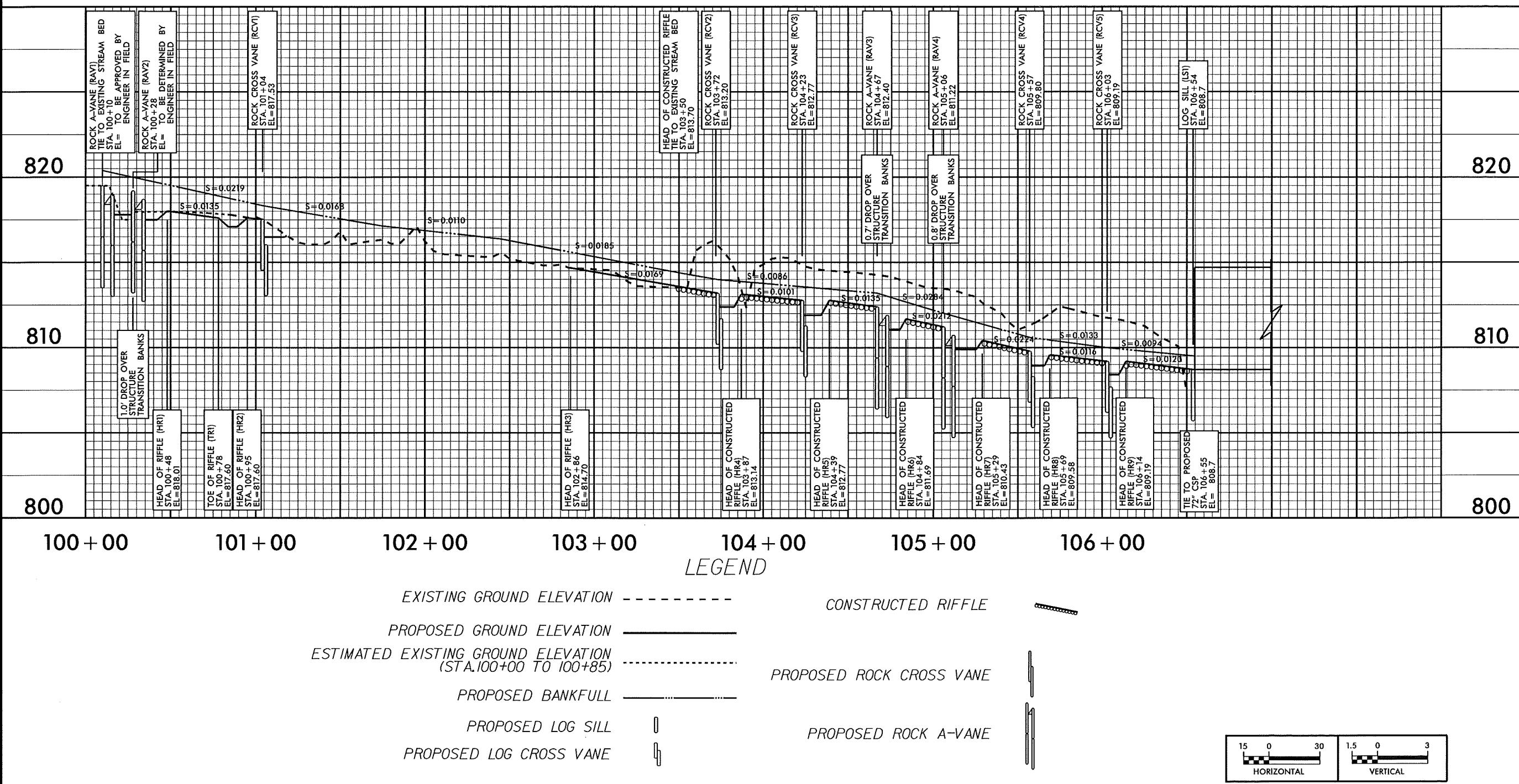
PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:

 Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.
 P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27636-3068
 PHONE: (919) 677-2000 FAX: (919) 677-2050 NC LICENSE F-0102

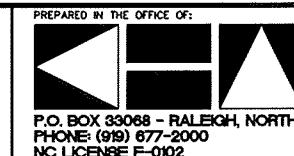
PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B SHEET NO. OSM-II
 PROJECT ENGINEER

APPROVED BY:
 DATE:

SITE I UPPER PROFILE



09/26/11

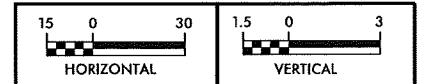
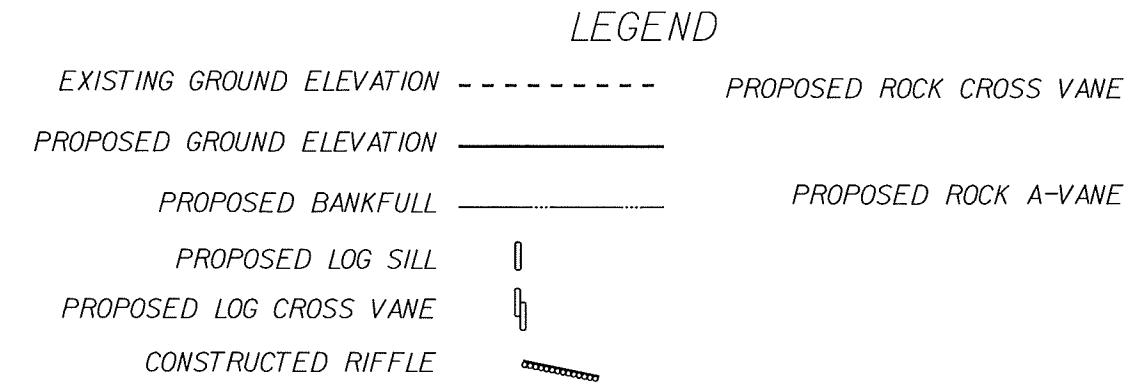
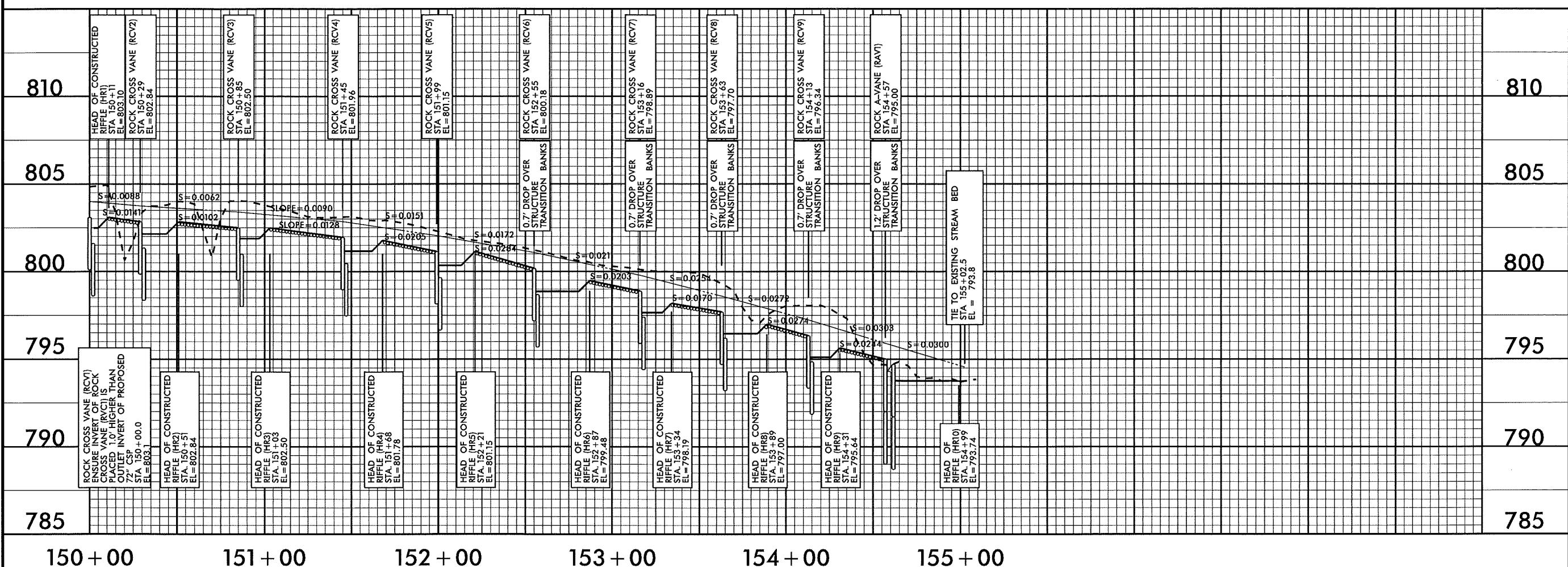


Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.

APPROVED BY:
DATE:

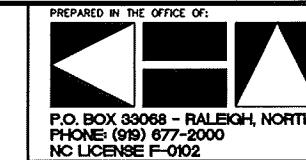
SITE 1 LOWER PROFILE

SITE 1 LOWER



Rev-07-01-13

09/26/11

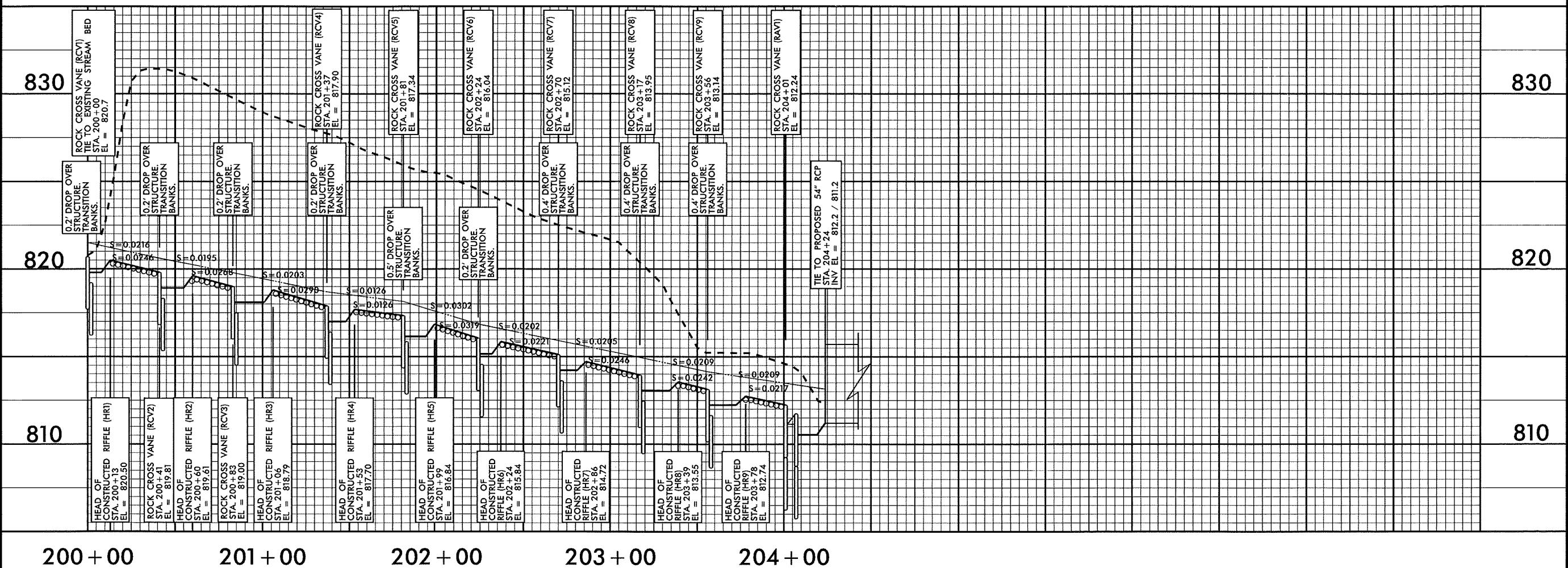


PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B
SHEET NO. OSM-13

APPROVED BY:
DATE:

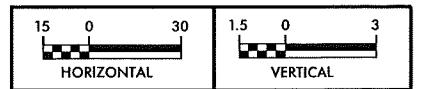
SITE 2 UPPER PROFILE

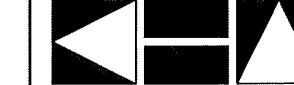
SITE 2 UPPER



LEGEND

- EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION -----
- PROPOSED GROUND ELEVATION —————
- PROPOSED BANKFULL ——————
- PROPOSED LOG SILL ———
- PROPOSED LOG CROSS VANE ——
- CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE ——
- PROPOSED ROCK CROSS VANE ——
- PROPOSED ROCK A-VANE ——



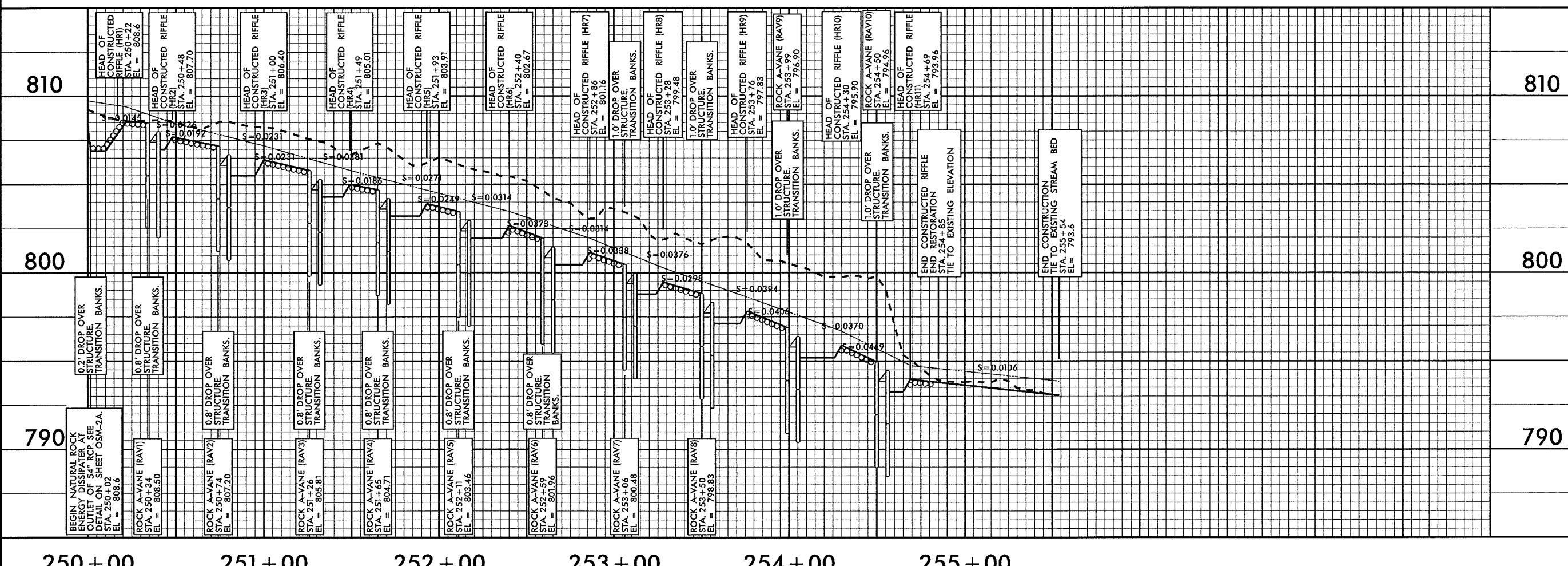
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-14
PROJECT ENGINEER	

APPROVED BY:
 DATE:

SITE 2 LOWER PROFILE

SITE 2 LOWER



LEGEND

EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION -----

PROPOSED ROCK CROSS VANE

PROPOSED GROUND ELEVATION _____

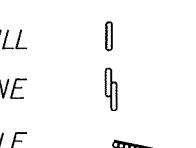
PROPOSED BANKFULL _____

PROPOSED ROCK A-VANE

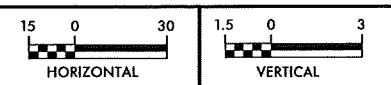
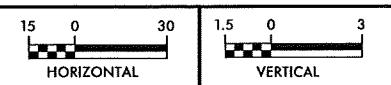
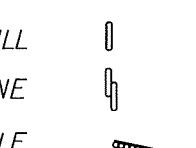
PROPOSED LOG SILL _____



PROPOSED LOG CROSS VANE _____



CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE _____



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09/26/11



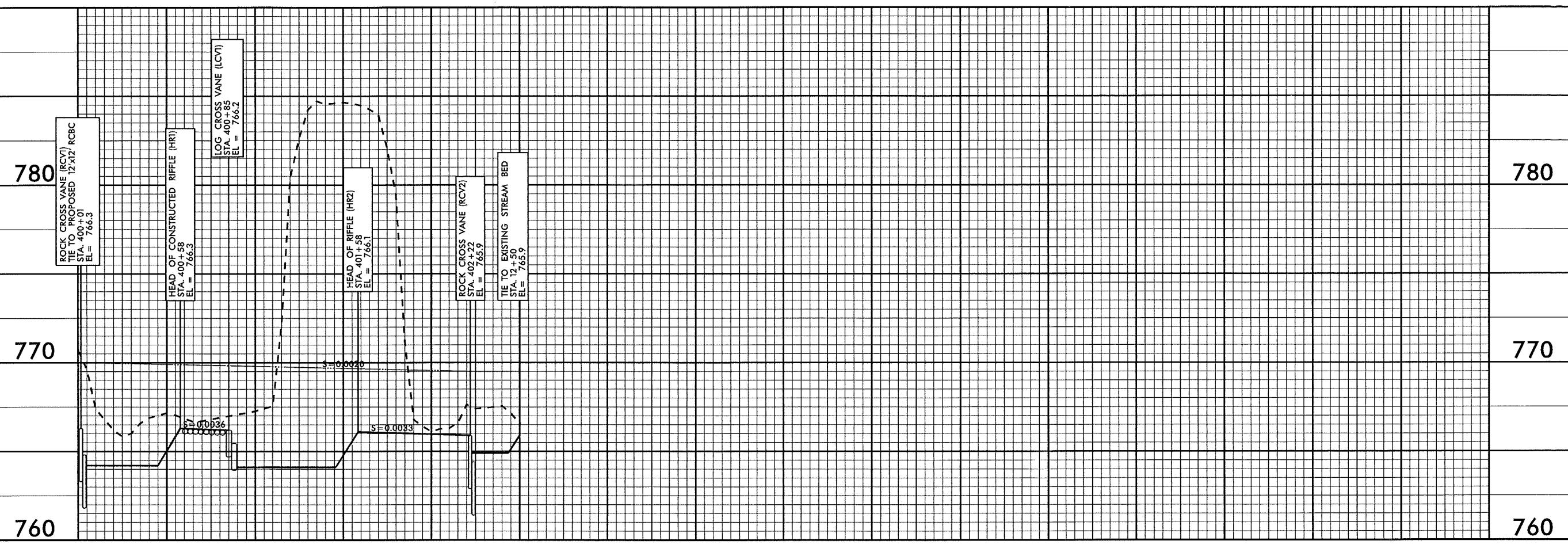
PREPARED IN THE OFFICE OF:
**Kimley-Horn
and Associates, Inc.**
 P.O. BOX 33068 - RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27636-3068
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PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B	SHEET NO. OSM-15
PROJECT ENGINEER	

APPROVED BY:

DATE:

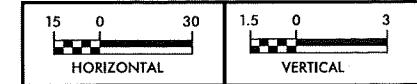
SITE 4 PROFILE



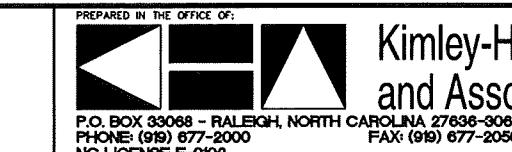
400 + 00 401 + 00 402 + 00 403 + 00 404 + 00

LEGEND

- EXISTING GROUND ELEVATION -----
- PROPOSED GROUND ELEVATION _____
- PROPOSED BANKFULL _____
- PROPOSED LOG SILL |||
- PROPOSED LOG CROSS VANE |||
- CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE |-----|
- PROPOSED ROCK CROSS VANE |-----|
- PROPOSED ROCK A-VANE |-----|



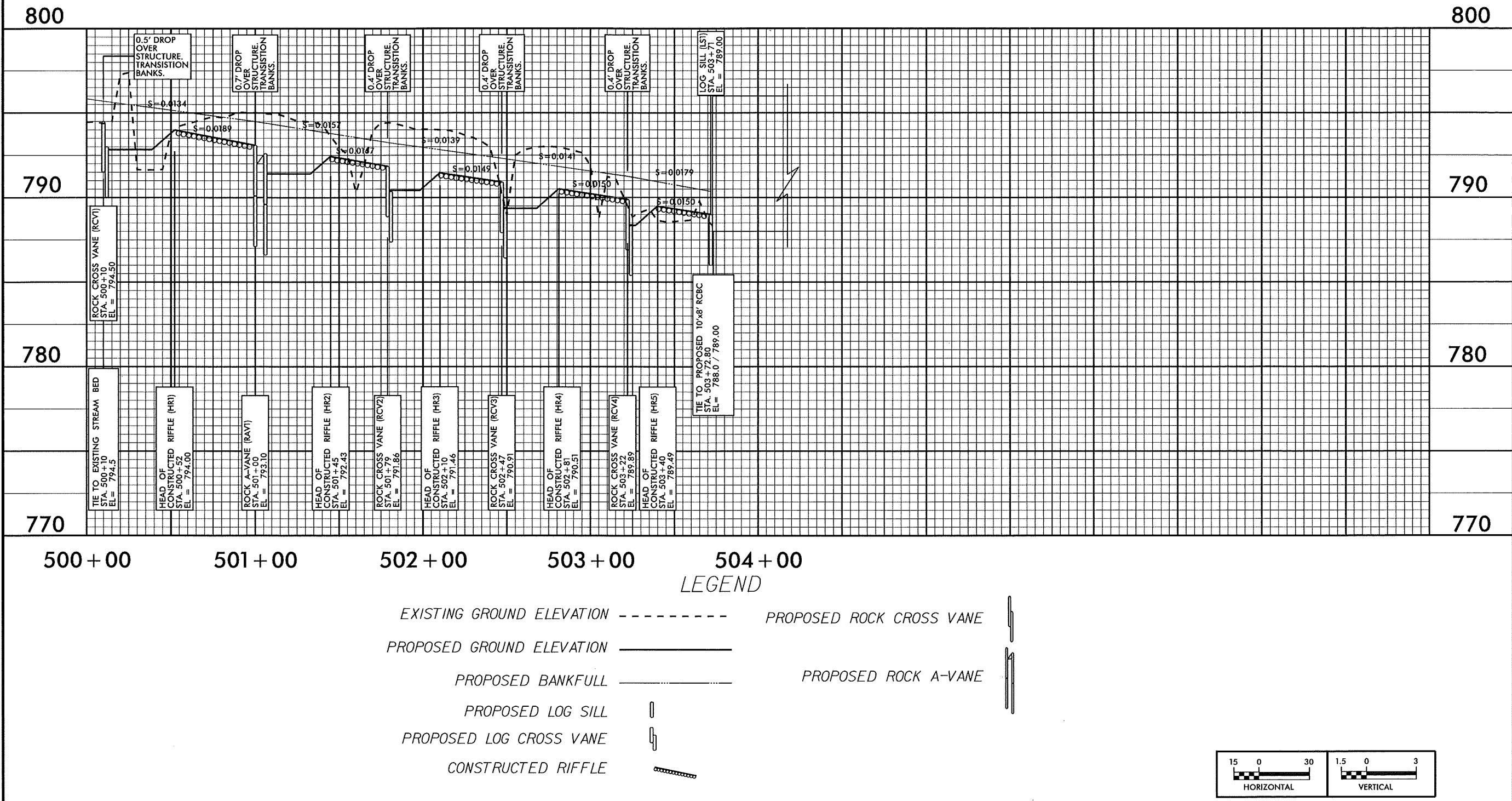
09/26/11



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
R-2413A&B	OSM-16
PROJECT ENGINEER	

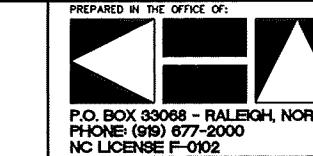
APPROVED BY:
DATE:

SITE 5 UPPER PROFILE



Rev. 07-01-13

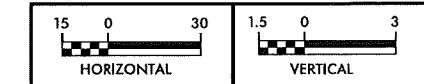
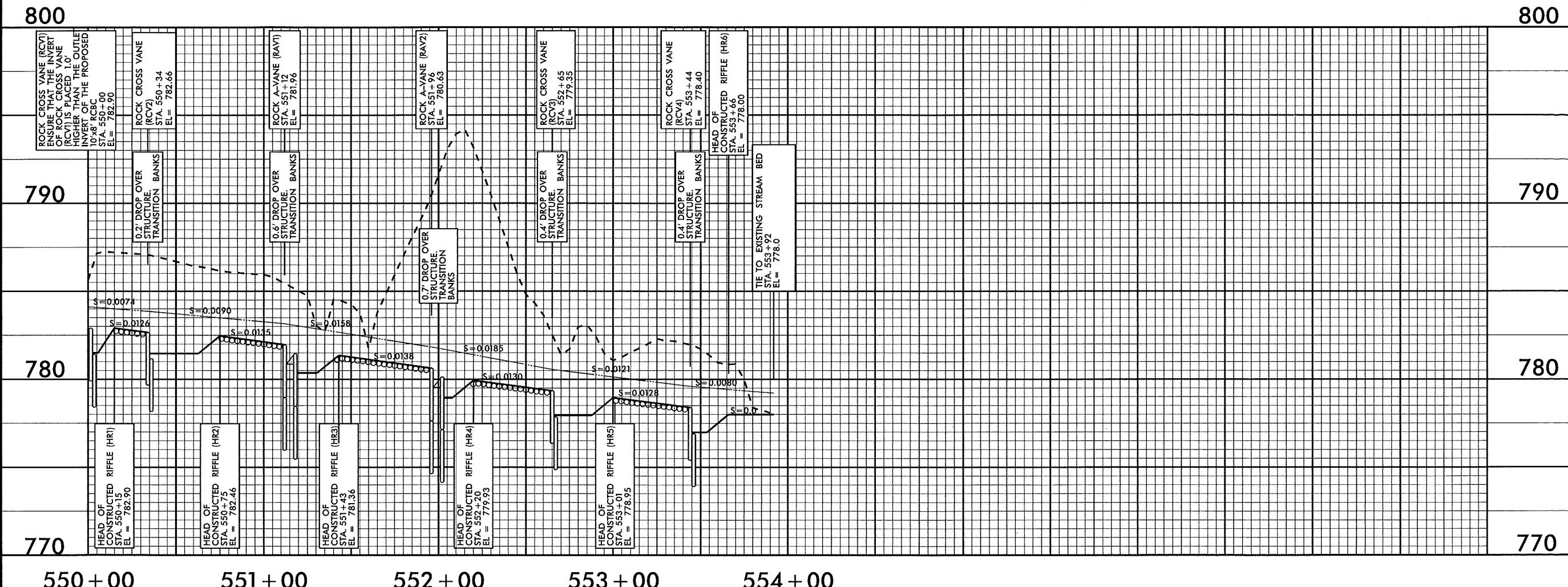
09/26/11



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. R-2413A&B
SHEET NO. OSM-17
PROJECT ENGINEER

APPROVED BY:
DATE:

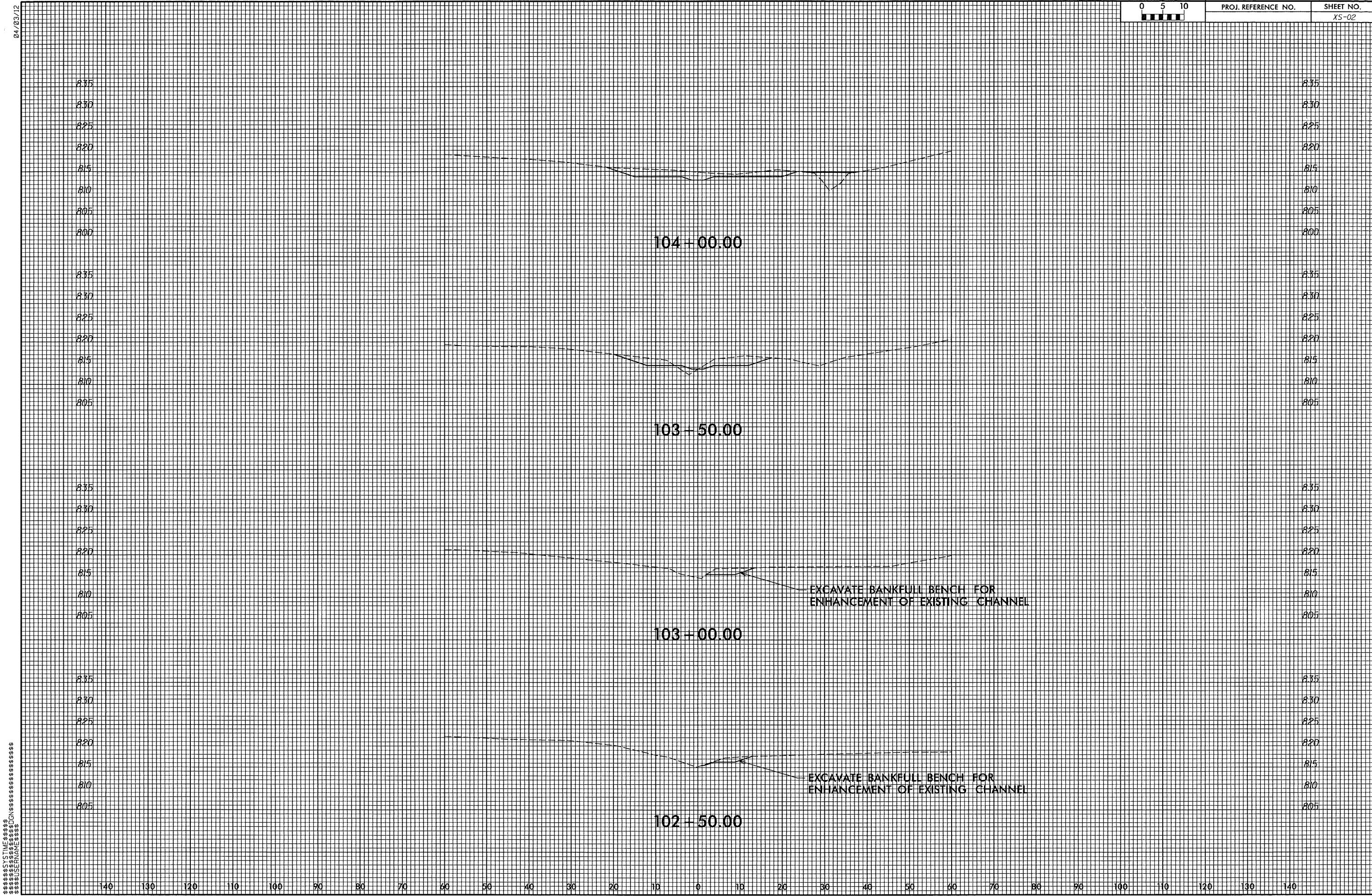
SITE 5 LOWER PROFILE



840
835
830
825
820
815
810
805840
835
830
825
820
815
810
805**102 + 00.00**EXCAVATE BANKFULL BENCH FOR
ENHANCEMENT OF EXISTING CHANNEL840
835
830
825
820
815
810
805840
835
830
825
820
815
810
805**101 + 50.00**EXCAVATE BANKFULL BENCH FOR
ENHANCEMENT OF EXISTING CHANNEL830
825
820
815
810830
825
820
815
810**101 + 00.00**EXCAVATE BANKFULL BENCH FOR
ENHANCEMENT OF EXISTING CHANNEL830
825
820
815
810830
825
820
815
810**100 + 50.00**

NOTE:
 EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY DOES NOT INCLUDE THE STREAM
 CHANNEL IN THIS LOCATION. PER PLAN VIEW NOTES STABILIZE
 THE BANKS IN THIS LOCATION BY GRADING THEM BACK AT A
 3:1 SLOPE TO MATCH PROPOSED TYPICAL CROSS SECTION AS
 CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE WITHOUT DAMAGING TREES LARGER THAN
 12" IN DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT.

140	130	120	110	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----



24/23/12

0	5	10
---	---	----

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.

XS-03

830
825
820
815
810
805
800
795830
825
820
815
810
805
800
795

106 - 00.00

830
825
820
815
810
805
800830
825
820
815
810
805
800

105 - 50.00

830
825
820
815
810
805
800830
825
820
815
810
805
800

105 - 00.00

830
825
820
815
810
805
800830
825
820
815
810
805
800

104 - 50.00

\$ \$ \$ SYSTEMS \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
\$ \$ \$ TIME \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
\$ \$ \$ SIGN \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ UERNAME \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

04/03/12

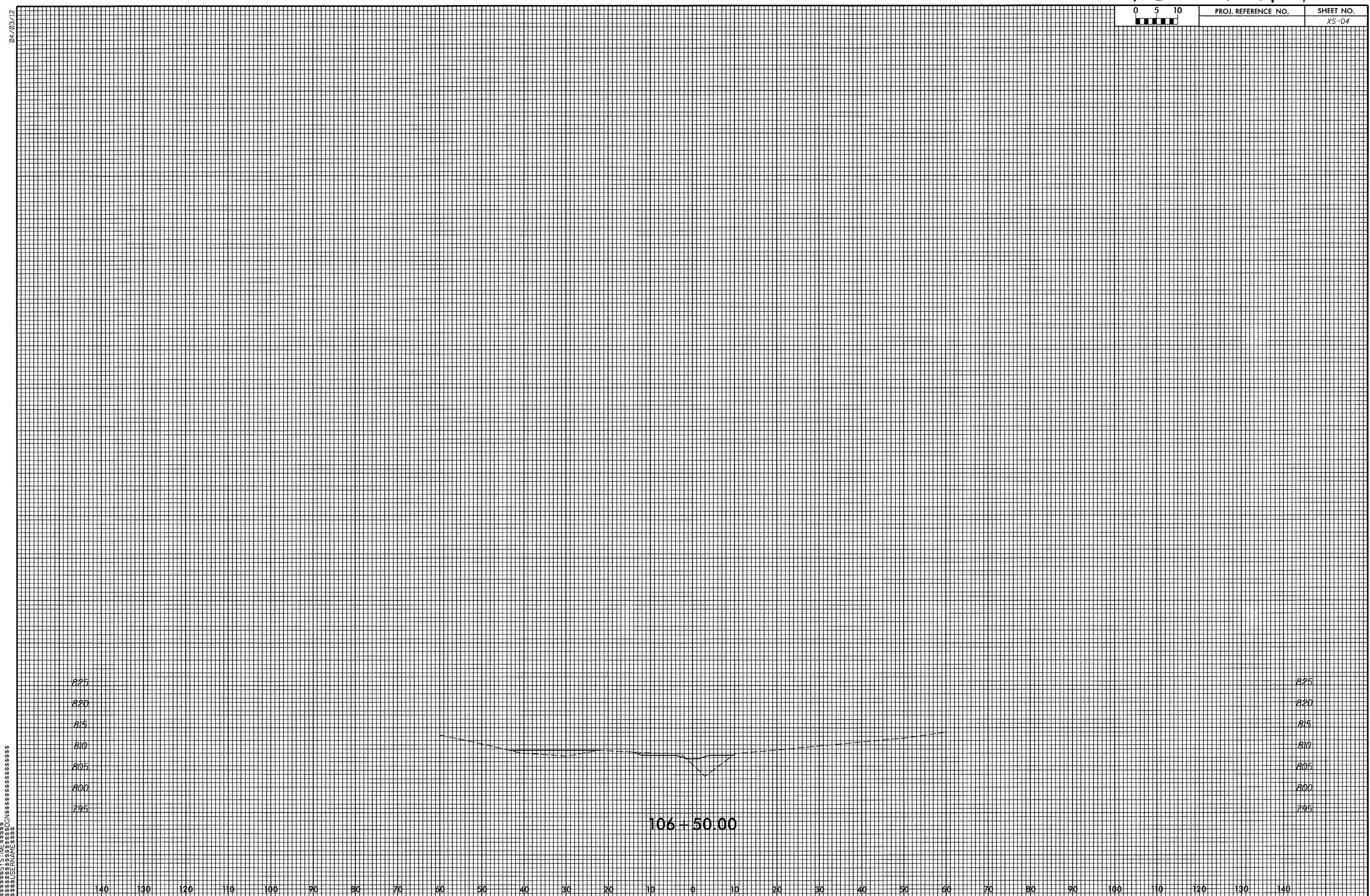
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10

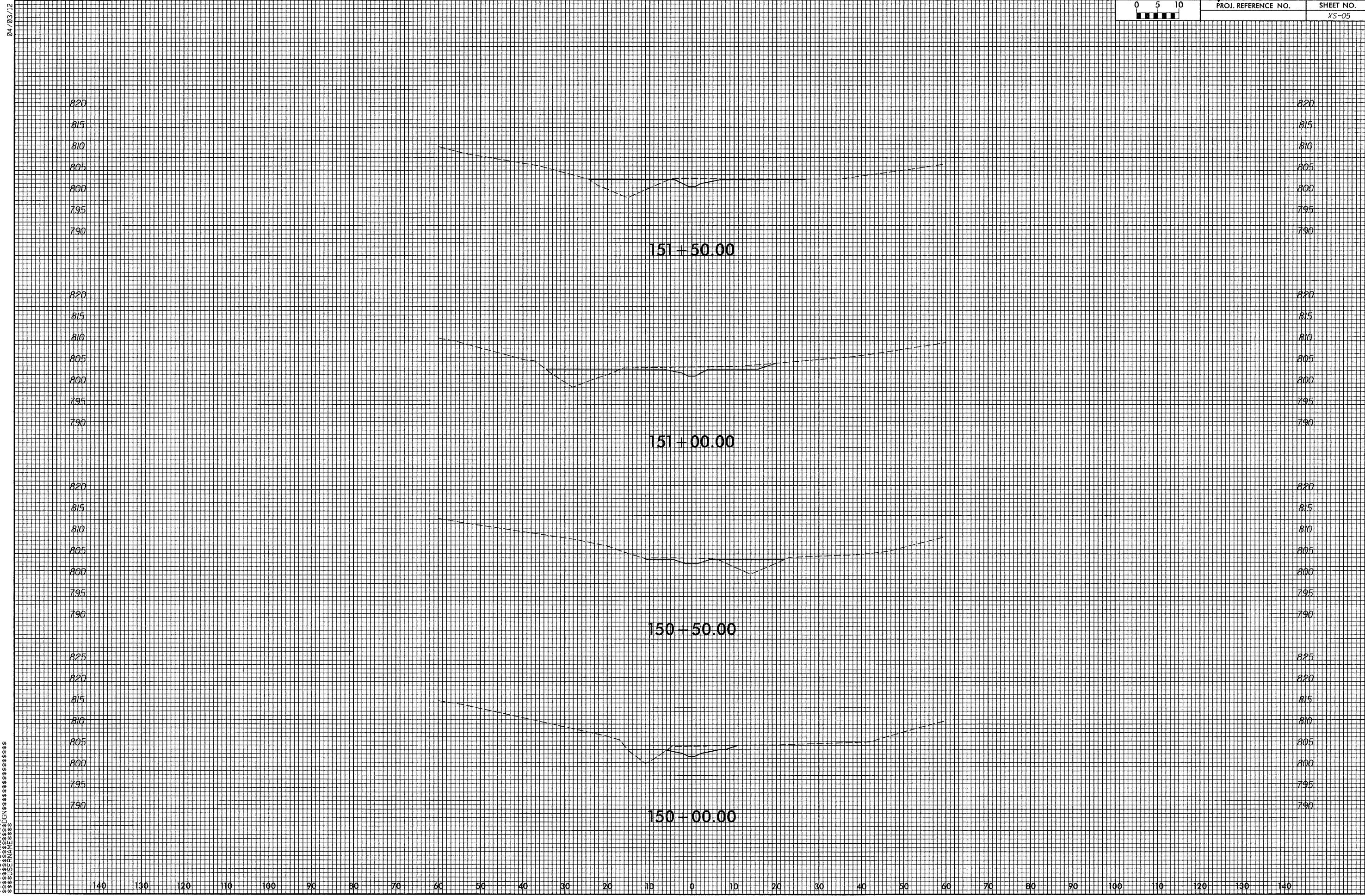
1

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. _____

SHEET NO.
XS-04



Rev. 07-01-13.



04/03/12

A technical drawing showing a perspective view of a rectangular frame structure. The top horizontal edge is labeled '10'. The left vertical edge is labeled '10'. The right vertical edge is labeled '10'. The bottom horizontal edge is labeled '10'.

153 - 50.00

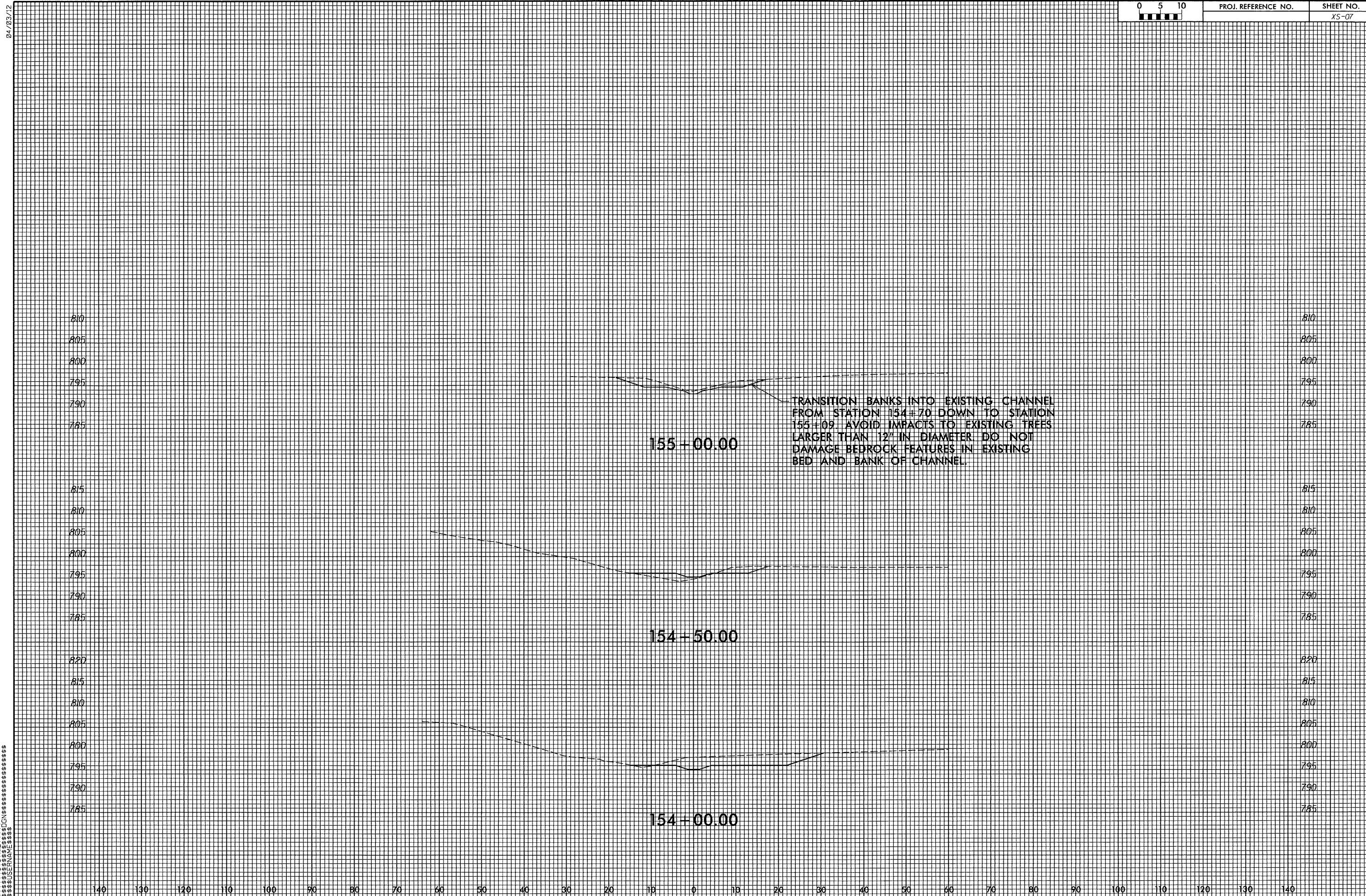
153 00.00

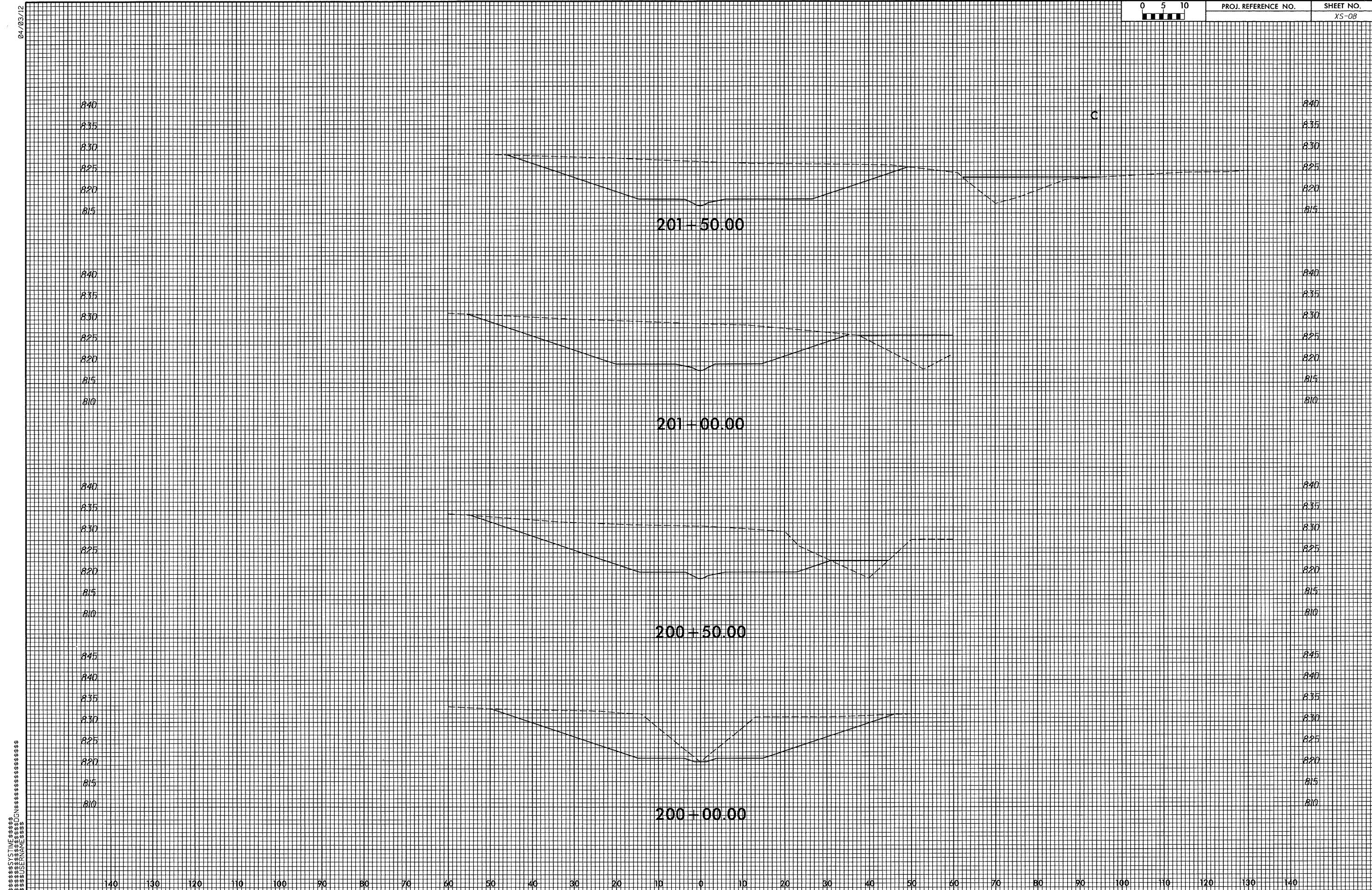
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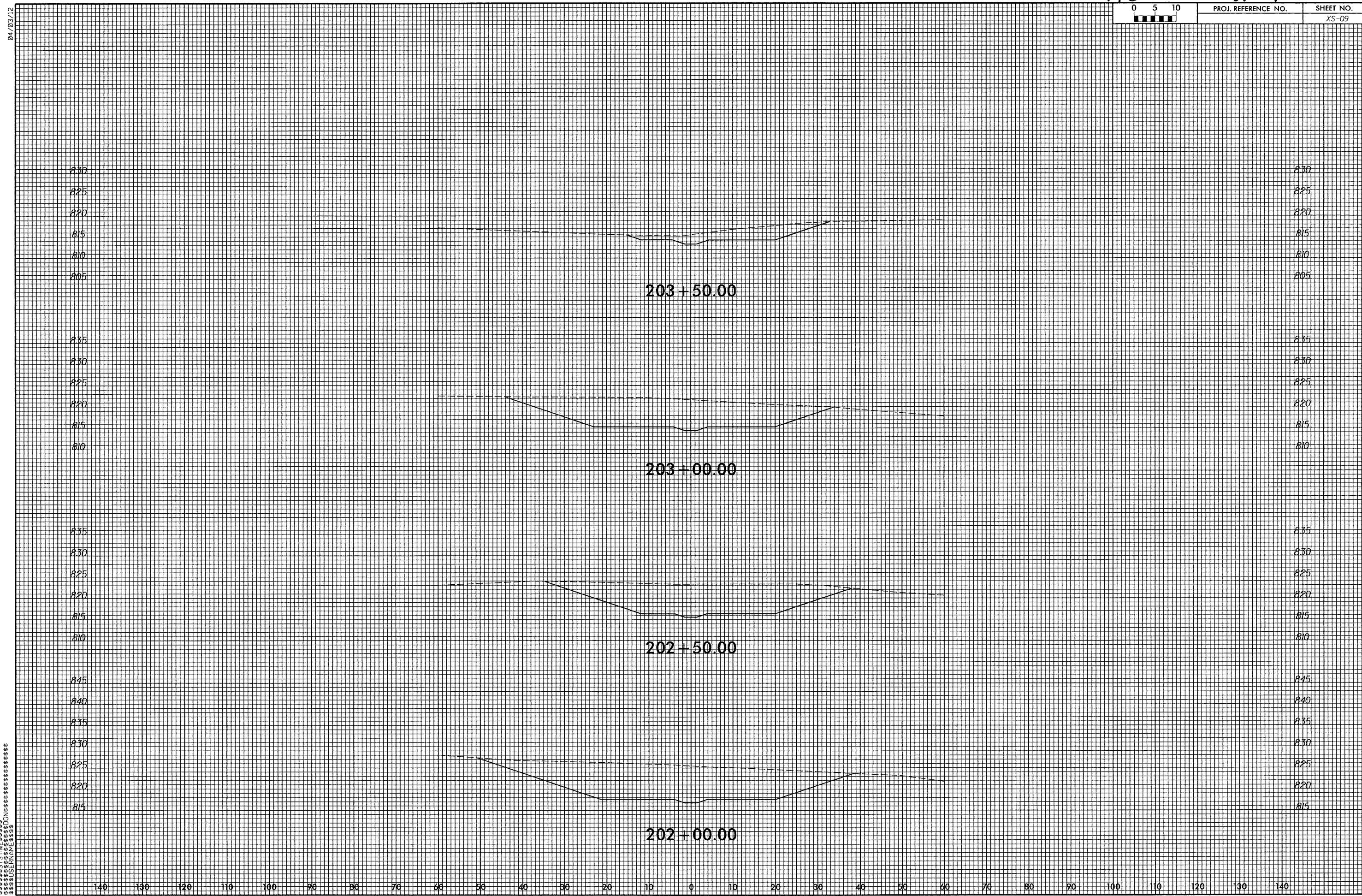
$$152 - 50.00$$

152 - 00.00

\$\$\$\$\$SYSTEM\$\$\$\$\$
\$\$\$\$\$DGNS\$\$\$\$\$
\$\$\$\$\$USERNAME\$\$\$







24/23/12

0	5	10
[Scale bars]		
PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	
XS-10		

SYSTIME \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

835
830
825
820
815
810
805835
830
825
820
815
810
805

204 + 00.00

140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

04/23/12

0	5	10
Scale		
PROJ. REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	
XS-II		

825

825

820

820

815

815

810

810

805

805

800

800

795

795

251 + 50.00

830

830

825

825

820

820

815

815

810

810

805

805

800

800

251 + 00.00

830

830

825

825

820

820

815

815

810

810

805

805

800

800

250 + 50.00

830

830

825

825

820

820

815

815

810

810

805

805

800

800

250 + 00.00

820
815
810
805
800
795
790820
815
810
805
800
795
790

253 + 50.00

820
815
810
805
800
795820
815
810
805
800
795

253 + 00.00

825
820
815
810
805
800
795825
820
815
810
805
800
795TIE EXISTING SWALE INTO PROPOSED
CHANNEL UPSTREAM OF RAV5 NEAR
STATION 252+59

252 + 50.00

825
820
815
810
805
800
795825
820
815
810
805
800
795TIE EXISTING SWALE INTO PROPOSED
CHANNEL UPSTREAM OF RAV5 NEAR
STATION 252+59

252 + 00.00

810
805
800
795
790
785810
805
800
795
790
785

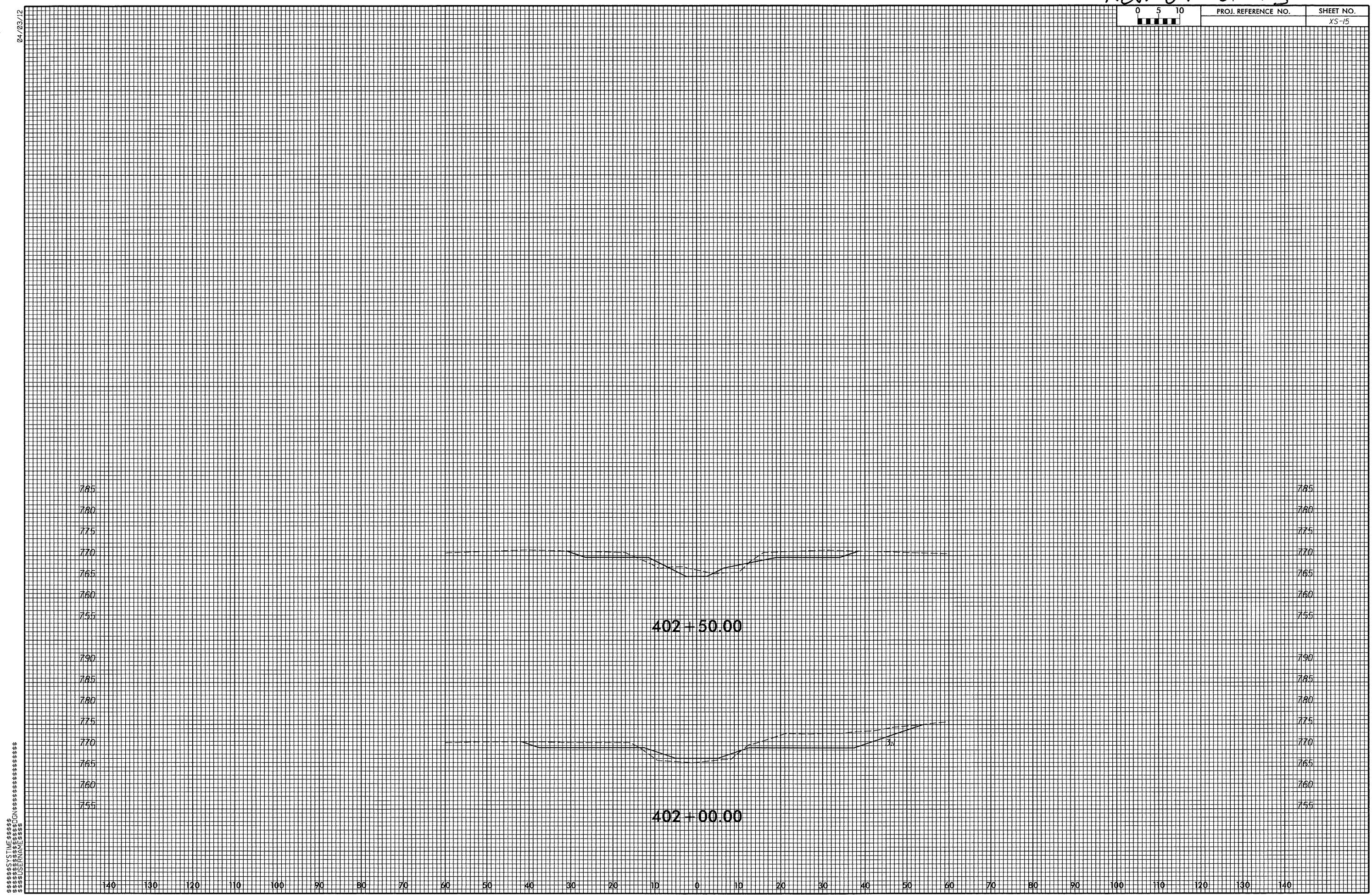
TRANSITION BACK TO EXISTING CHANNEL

255+50.00815
810
805
800
795
790
785815
810
805
800
795
790
785

MATCH INVERT OF NEW CHANNEL AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO EXISTING CHANNEL FROM STATION 154+82 TO END OF PROJECT REACH IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO EXISTING CHANNEL AND PROVIDE A SMOOTH NATURAL TRANSITION BACK TO THE EXISTING CHANNEL.

255+00.00820
815
810
805
800
795
790
785820
815
810
805
800
795
790
785**254+50.00**820
815
810
805
800
795
790820
815
810
805
800
795
790**254+00.00**

04/03/12



810

805

800

795

790

785

780

815

810

805

800

795

790

785

780

501 + 50.00

815

810

805

800

795

790

785

501 + 00.00

810

805

800

795

790

785

500 + 50.00

810

805

800

795

790

785

500 + 00.00

140

130

120

110

100

90

80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

10

20

30

40

50

60

70

80

90

100

110

120

130

140

150

160

170

180

190

200

210

220

230

240

250

260

270

280

290

300

310

320

330

340

350

360

370

380

390

400

410

420

430

440

450

460

470

480

490

500

510

520

530

540

550

560

570

580

590

600

610

620

630

640

650

660

670

680

690

695

700

710

720

730

740

750

760

770

780

790

800

810

820

830

840

850

860

870

880

890

900

910

920

930

940

950

960

970

980

990

1000

1010

1020

1030

1040

1050

1060

1070

1080

1090

1100

1110

1120

1130

1140

1150

1160

1170

1180

1190

1200

1210

1220

1230

1240

1250

1260

1270

1280

1290

1300

1310

1320

1330

1340

1350

1360

1370

1380

1390

1400

1410

1420

1430

1440

1450

1460

1470

1480

1490

1500

1510

1520

1530

1540

1550

1560

1570

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1620

1630

1640

1650

1660

1670

1680

1690

1700

1710

1720

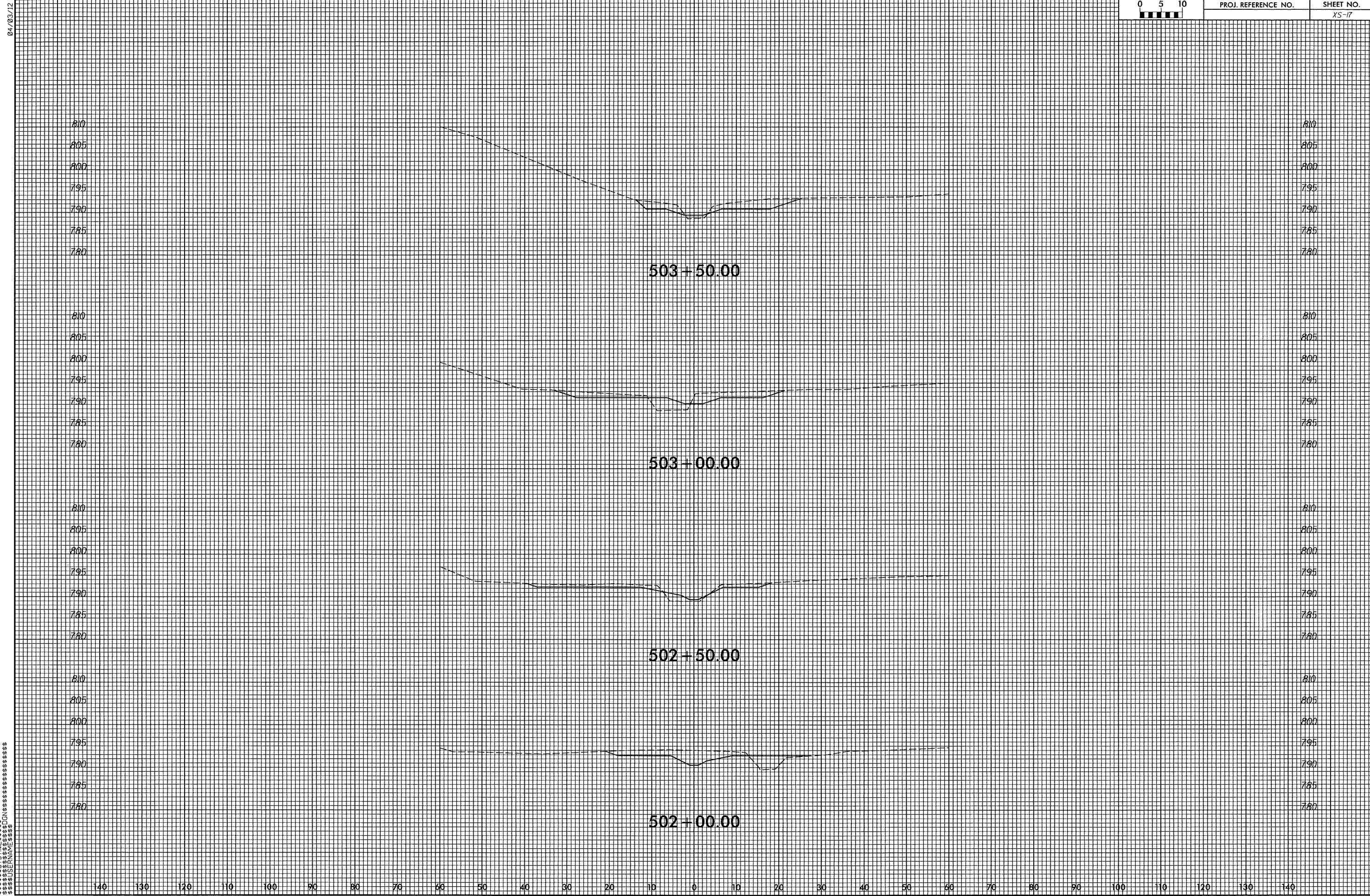
1730

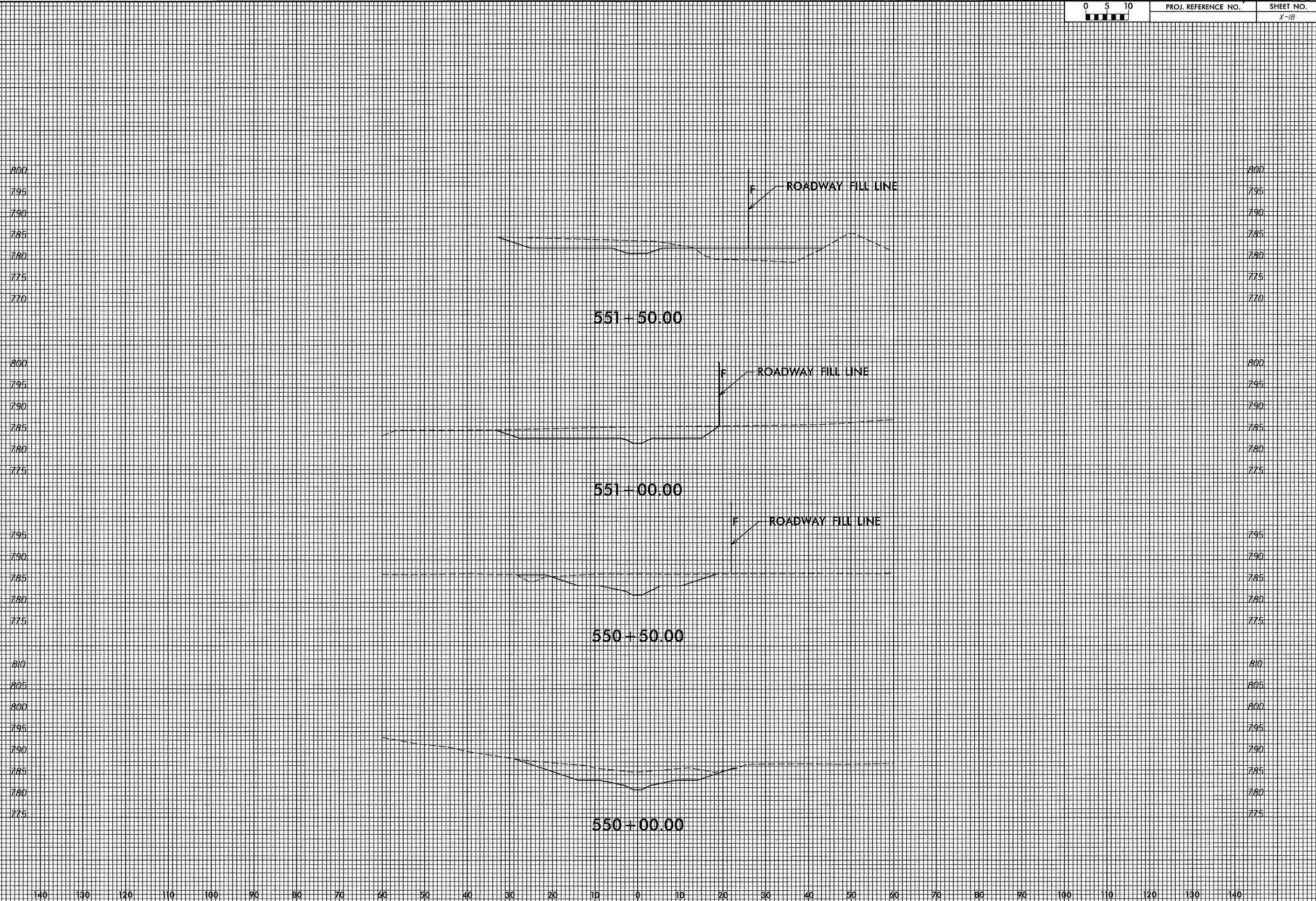
1740

1750

1760

1770

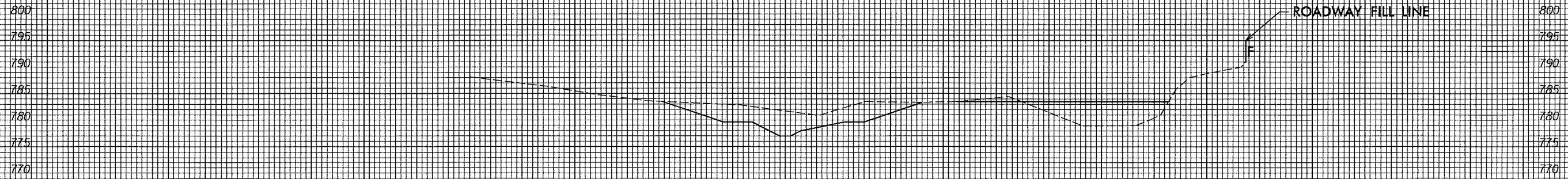




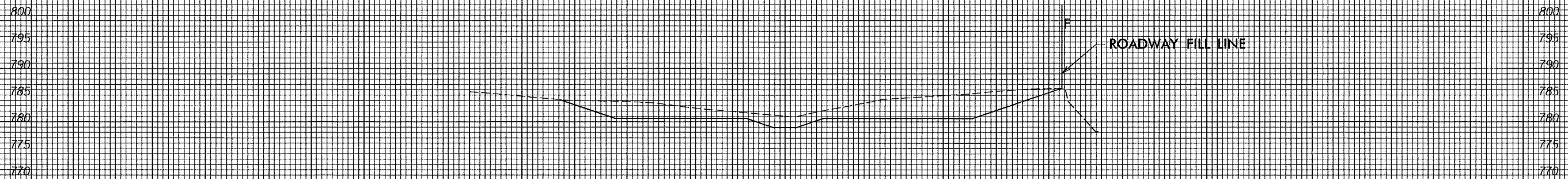
Rev. 07-01-13

04/03/12

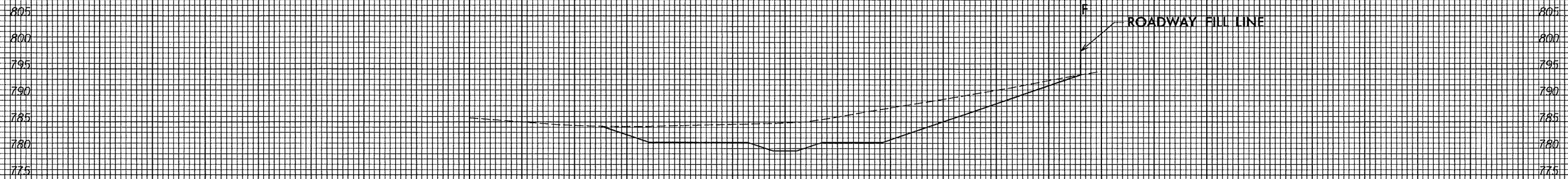
0 5 10
PROJ. REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO.
X-19



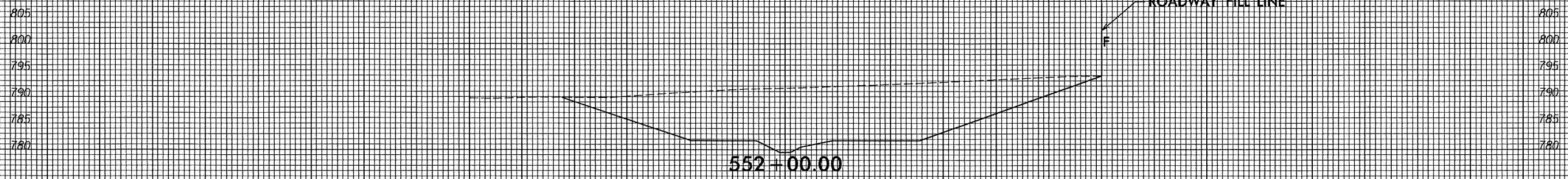
553 + 50.00



553 + 00.00



552 + 50.00



552 + 00.00

SYNTHETIC SURFACE